

Land Development Plans

SPRING HOUSE ESTATES

LOWER GWYNEDD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

prepared for

ACTS RETIREMENT-LIFE COMMUNITIES INC.

prepared by

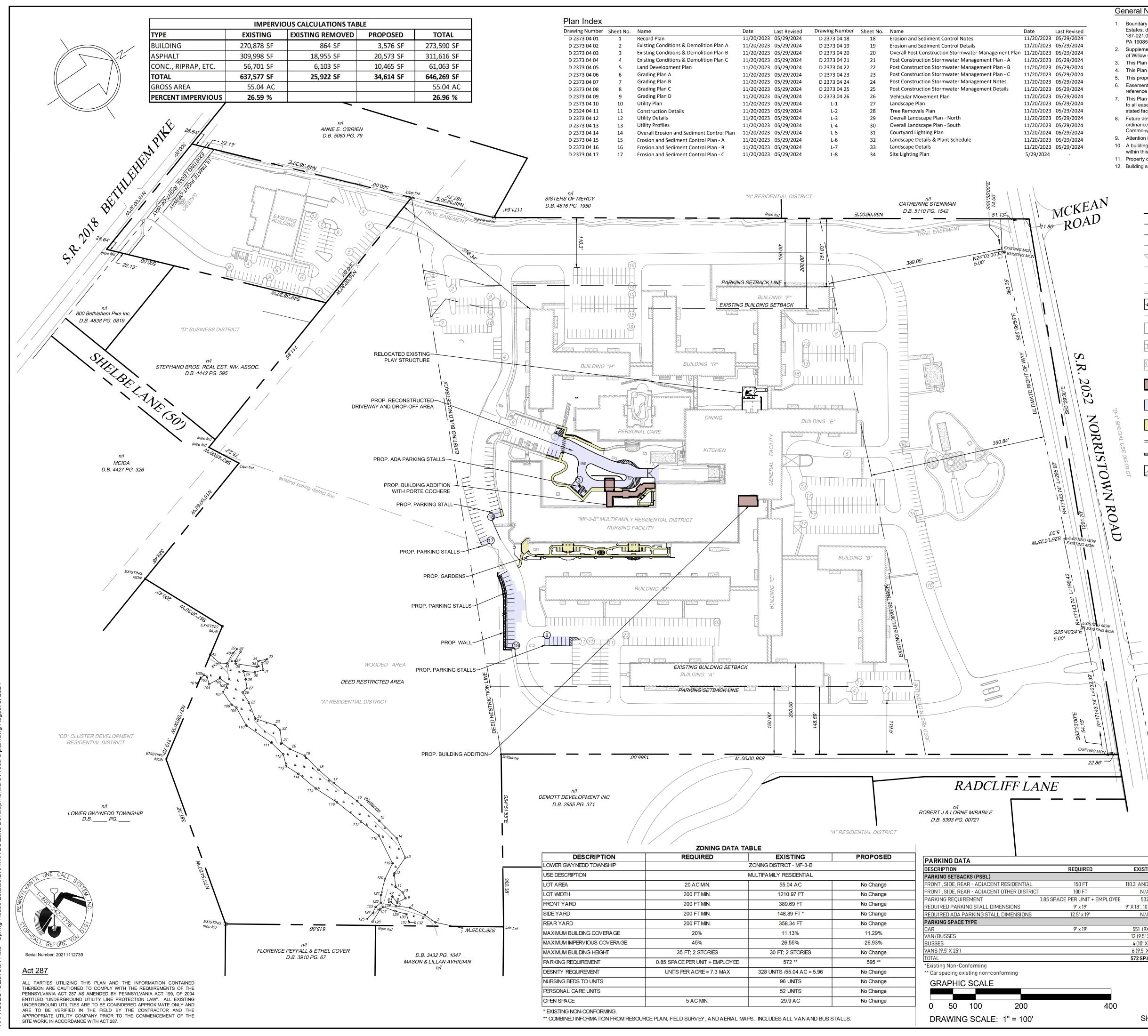


607 Easton Road Building B - 2nd Floor Willow Grove, PA 19090

Tel: (215) 346-8757 Fax: (215) 346-8759 www.eustaceeng.com Drawing Nui D 2373 04 D 2324 04 D 2373 04 2 D 2373 04 2 D 2373 04 L-1 L-2 L-3 L-4 L-5 L-6 L-7 L-8

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			PROJECT	NO. 2373-04



General Notes:

- 1. Boundary and site features information from Record Plan, prepared for Spring House Estates, dated 2-2-99, last revised 3-31-2000, Drawing No. S0102, Sheet 1 of 16, Job 187-021.01, prepared by Chambers Associates, Inc., 619 Conestoga Road, Villanova, PA 19085
- 2. Supplemental field survey of areas to be improved performed by Eustace Engineering of Willow Grove on March 11, 2021. 3. This Plan does not represent a Boundary Survey.
- 4. This Plan was prepared in accordance with the instructions of the Client.
- 5. This property is subject to all easements, restrictions and agreements of record. 6. Easements if shown are done so to the best of our abilities given the quality of the
- reference documents. 7. This Plan was prepared without the benefit of a Title Report. This property is subject to all easements, restrictions, and agreements of record as they may apply and any stated facts that a current Title Report would reveal.
- 8. Future development of this property is subject to all rules, regulations, codes and ordinances of the Lower Gwynedd Township, Montgomery County, and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as they may apply.
- 9. Attention is called to the Lower Gwynedd Township Zoning Code as amended. 10. A building and or zoning permit is required for any changes to the conditions that exist within this property.
- 11. Property corners were not set.
- 12. Building setback lines are not shown hereon.

	Right-of-Way Line
	Setback Line
	Easement
	Existing Building
	Existing Building O
	Existing Edge of Pa
	Existing Curb
ψ ψ ψ ψ	Existing Wetlands
· · ·	Existing Stream
	Existing Concrete
	Existing Brick Pave
	Existing Gravel
	Proposed Building
	Proposed Asphalt
	Proposed Sidewalk

Property Line

Line Building Building Overhang Edge of Pavement Curb

Brick Paver

Proposed Curb

Proposed Gravel

Proposed Wal

Site Data:

Address:

Zoned:

728 Norristown Rd. Lower Gwynedd Township, PA 19002 MF-3B - Multi-Family Residential District Lot Area: 55.04 Acres (to R.O.W.)

Owner/Applicant:

ACTS Retirement-Life Communities, Inc. Corporate Services Center 420 Delaware Drive P.O. Box 2222 Fort Washington, PA 19034

Parcel Information:

Parcel ID: 39-00-03025-00-5 Tax Map ID: 39017D004

Waivers Requested:

§1230.46(e)(3) Partial waiver requested on March 20, 2024 for "Planting islands shall be provided at the end of each parking row. The island should be 10 feet wide and curbed." Conditions are to provide planting in the islands, but curbs will not need to be installed since there are currently no curbs in the parking areas and will create tripping hazards.

SITE

Location Map Scale: 1" = 1000'

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY

HAND AND NOTORIAL SEAL THIS DAY AND YEAR AFORESAID.

ON THIS DAY

DAY OF BEFORE ME, THE SUBSCRIBED, A NOTARY PUBLIC, PERSONALLY APPEARED , WHO ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE _ OF ACTS RETIREMENT-LIFE COMMUNITIES, INC. AND THAT AS SUCH OFFICER, BEING AUTHORIZED TO DO SO, EXECUTED THE WITHIN INSTRUMENT FOR THE PURPOSES THERIN CONTAINED BY SIGNING TH ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF INTENT OF THE COMPANY AS OFFICER. WITNESS MY

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF INTENT:

ACTS RETIREMENT-LIFE COMMUNITIES HAS LAID OUT UPON OUR LAND SITUATE IN THE TOWNSHIP OF LOWER GWYNEDD, COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, CERTAIN LOTS AND STREETS ACCORDING TO THE ACCOMPANYING PLAN WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL THIS DAY, ______ DAY OF ______20

(SIGNATURE OF OWNER)

(TITLE)

APPROVED BY THE LOWER GWYNEDD TOWNSHIP PLANNING COMMISSION THIS DAY OF

APPROVED BY THE LOWER GWYNEDD TOWNSHIP ENGINEER THIS _____ DAY OF _____

TOWNSHIP ENGINEER

_____, 20____

(SEAL)

APPROVED BY RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF LOWER GWYNEDD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PA THIS _____ DAY OF

RECORDED IN THE OFFICE OF THE RECORDER OF DEEDS OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, IN PLAN BOOK _ PAGE _____ ON THIS _____ DAY OF ____

SURVEYOR'S STATEMENT

THE BOUNDARY INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON WAS TAKEN FROM A "RECORD PLAN" PREPARED BY CHAMBERS ASSOCIATES, INC., DATED 2-2-99, AS REVISED 3-31-2000 SHEET 1 OF 16. I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE, THE INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON IS TRUE AND CORRECT, AND PER THAT INSTRUMENT OF RECORD.

(PROFESSIONAL REGISTERED SURVEYOR)

YG

(REGISTRATION NUMBER)

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATION:

THIS PLAN WAS PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. ALL DATA CONCERNING EXISTING LAND, BUILDINGS, STREETS AND OTHER LOCATIONS ARE CORRECT AND THAT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE, THE PLAN COMPLIES WITH ALL ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS OF THE TOWNSHIP.

(DATE)

SIGNED

(TITLE

3 08/09/2024 MJU TOWNSHIP AND MCCD RESUBMISSION 05/29/2024 MJU TOWNSHIP AND MCCD RESUBMISSION

1 01/26/2024 YG REVISED PER MCCD 01/04/24 REVIEW COMMENTS. SUBMITTAL TO TOWNSHIP.



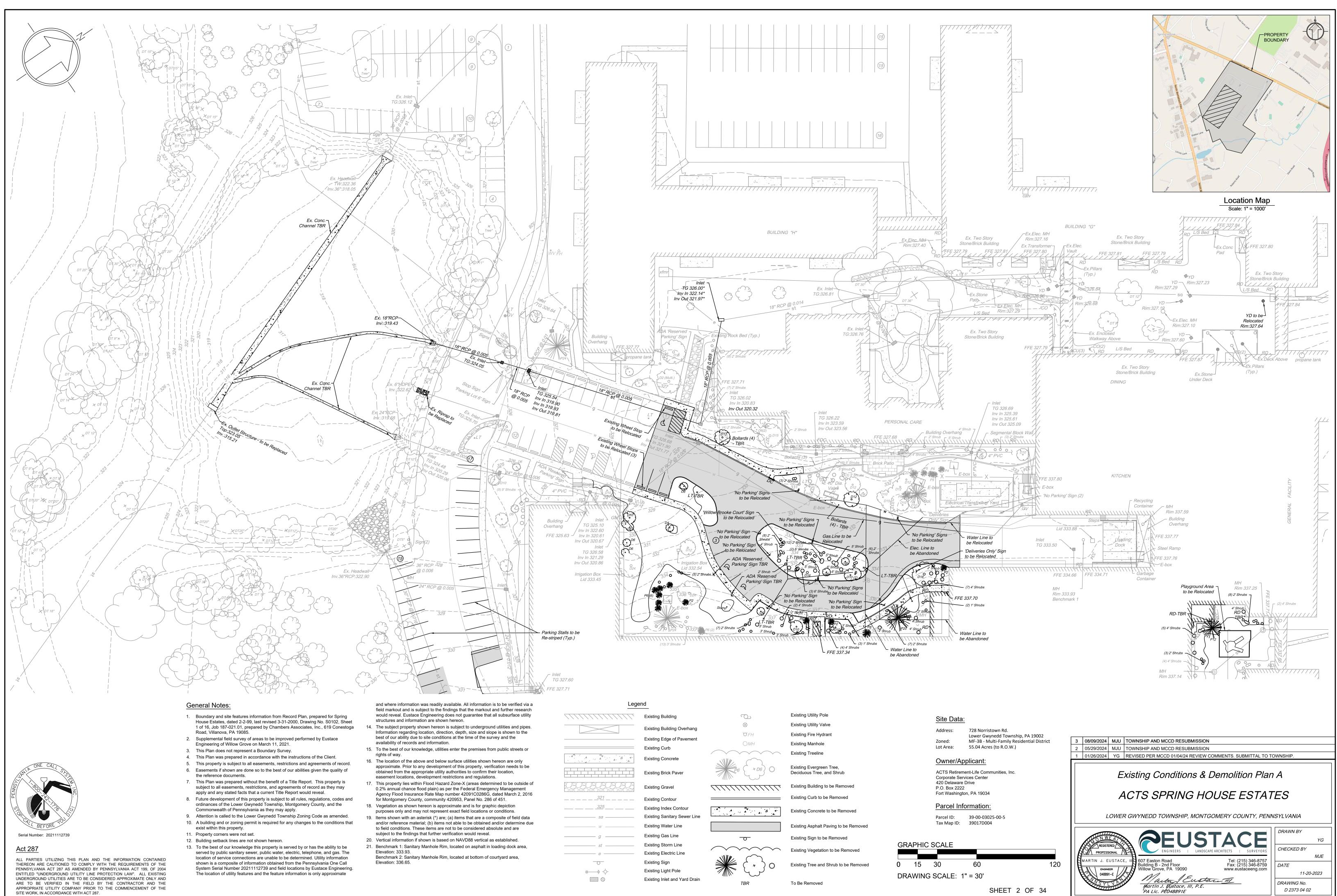
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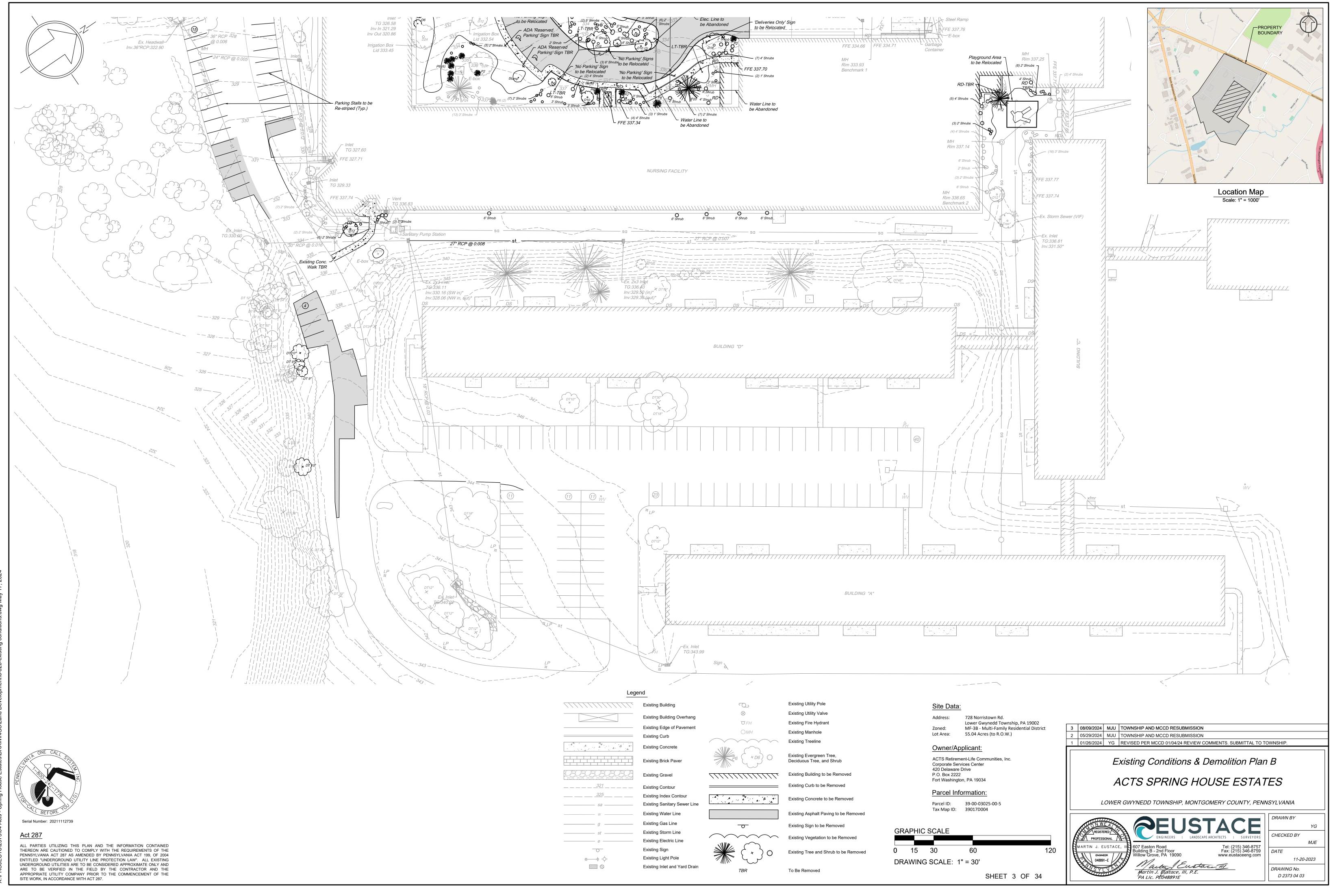
LOWER GWYNEDD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA



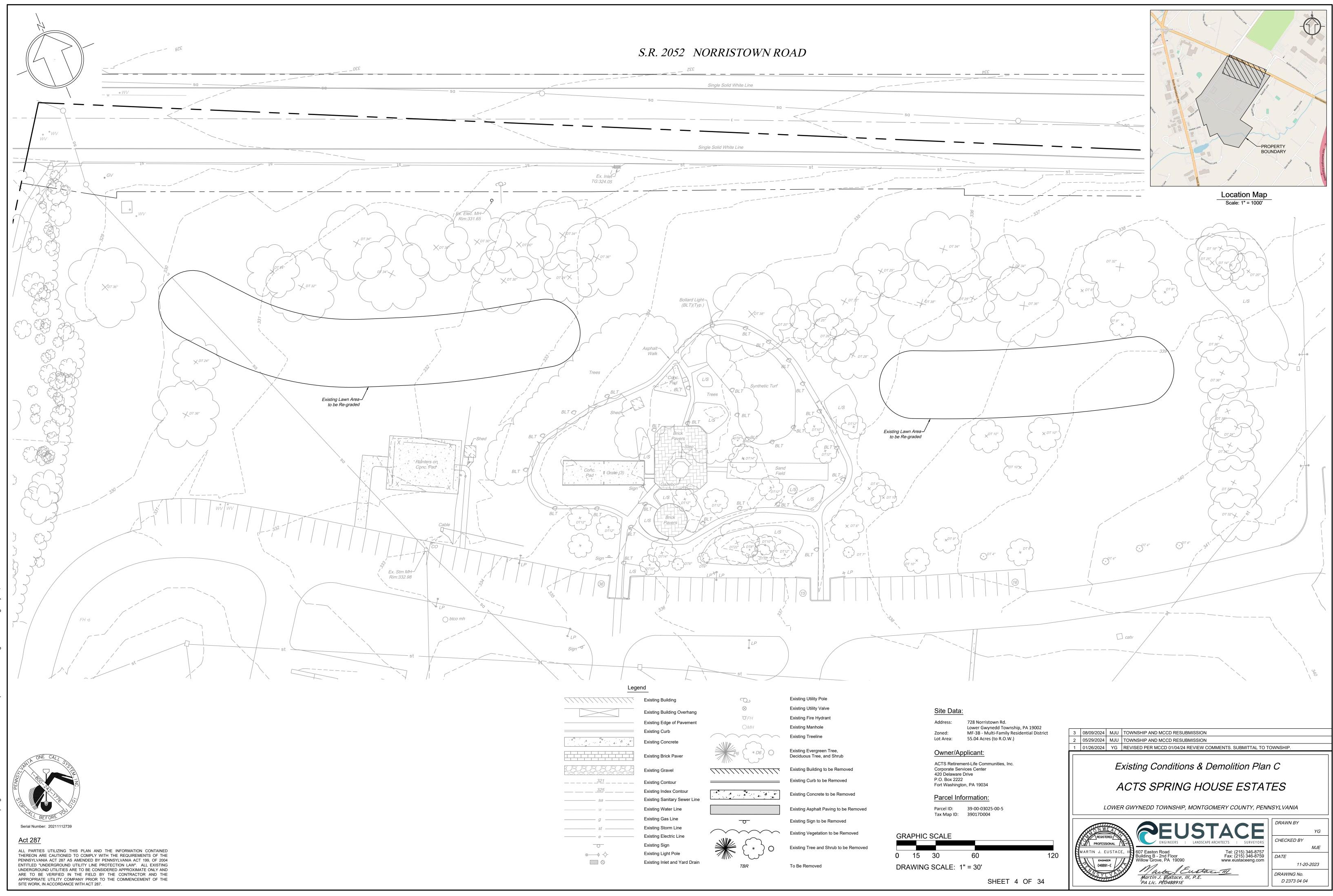
REQUIRED	EXISTING	PROPOSED
150 FT	110.3' AND 119.5' *	No Change
100 FT	N/A	N/A
PER UNIT + EMPLOYEE	532	No Change
9' x 19'	9' X 18', 10 X 18' **	9' x 19'
12.5' x 19'	N/A	17.5' X 19'
9' x 19'	551 (9X18')	574
	12 (9.5' X 19')	No Change
	4 (10' X 38')	No Change
	6 (9.5' X 25')	No Change
	572 SPACES	595

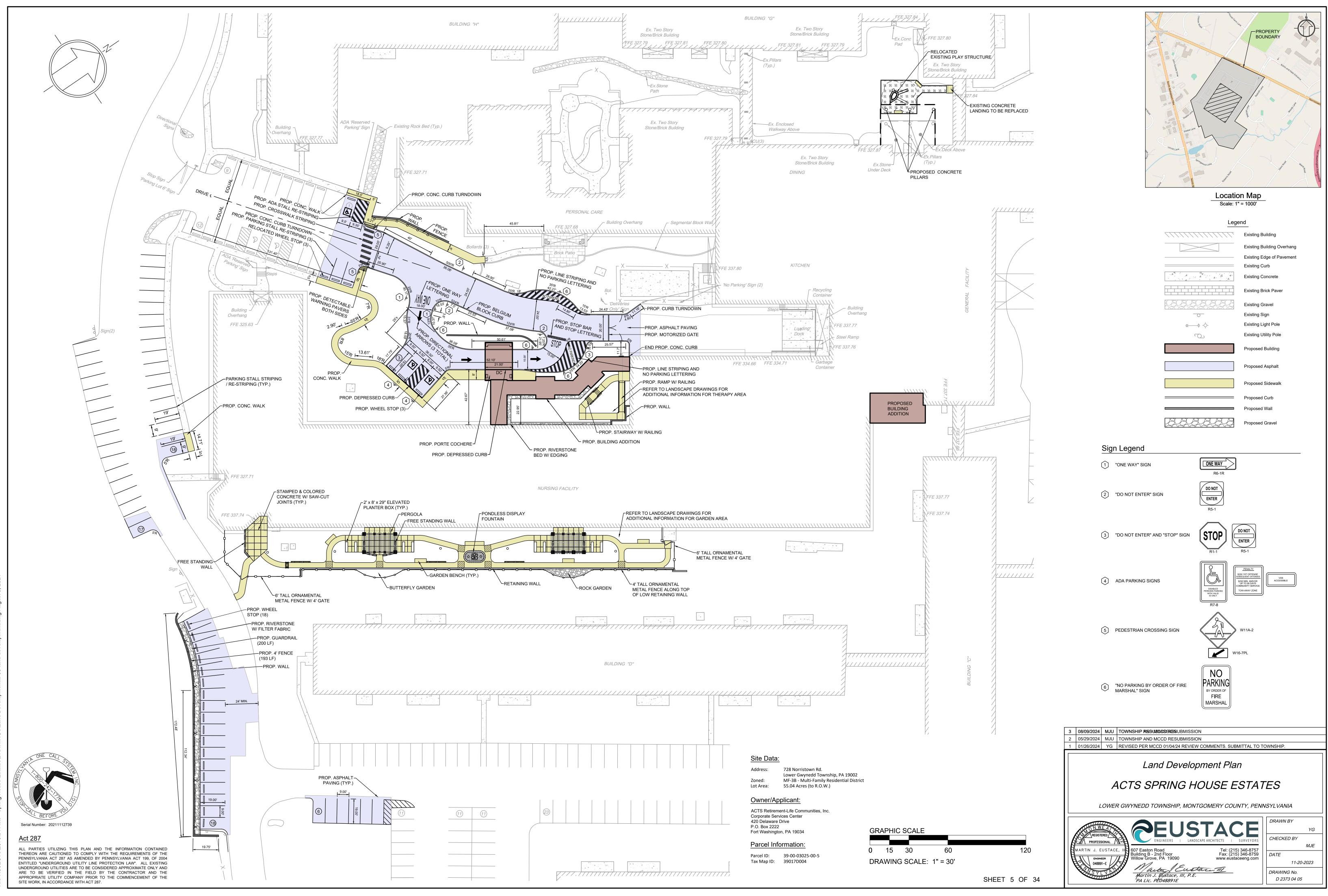
SHEET 1 OF 34



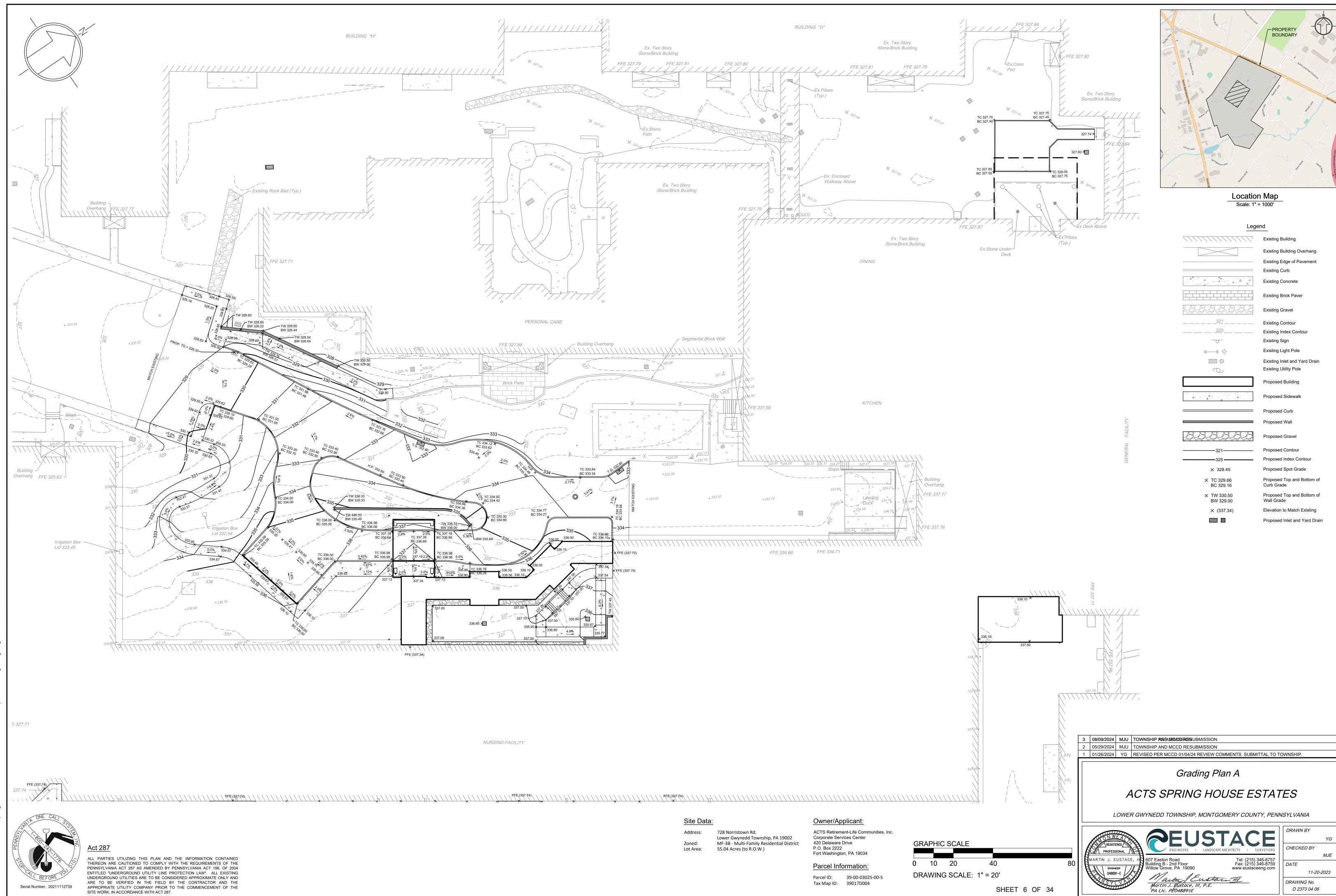


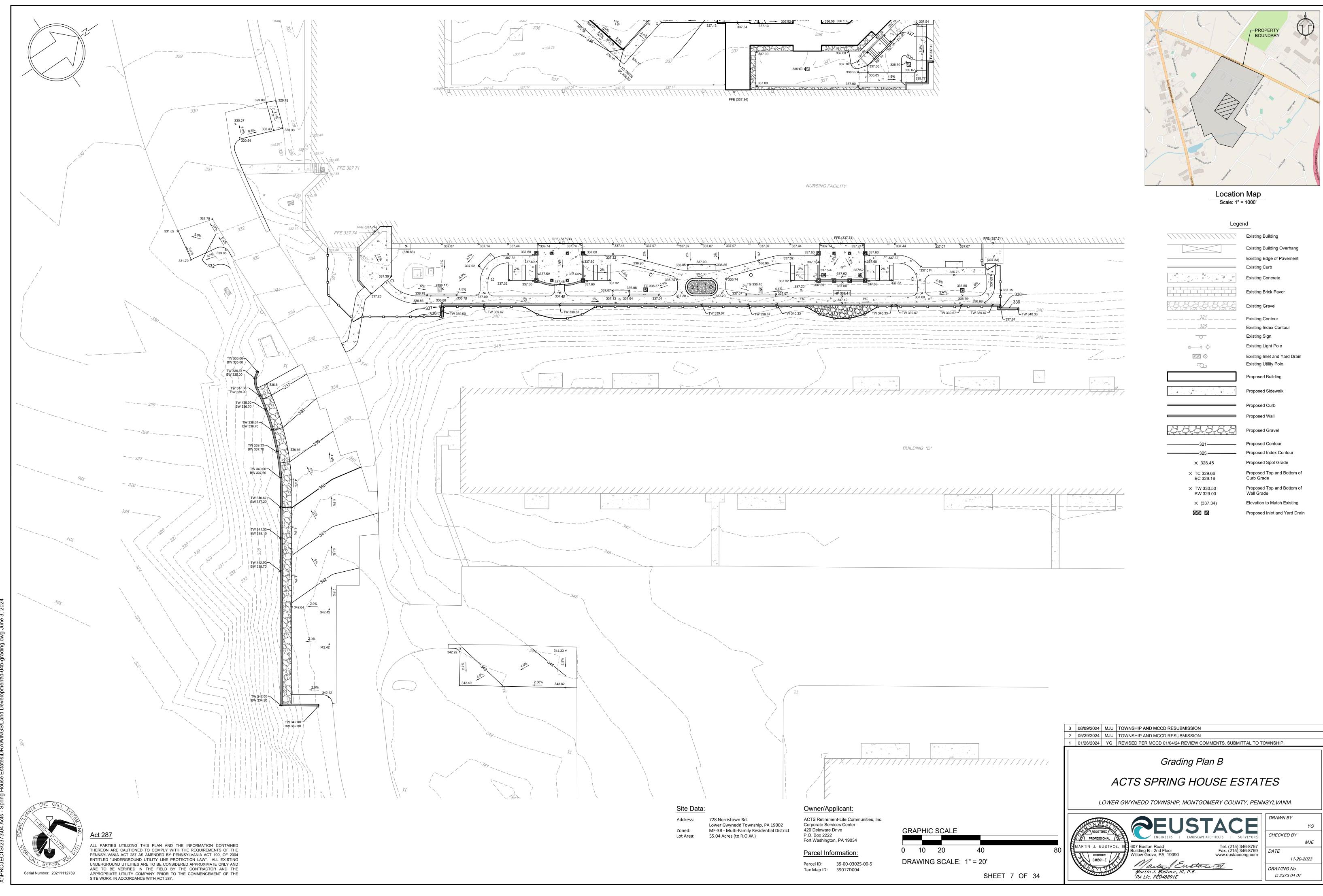
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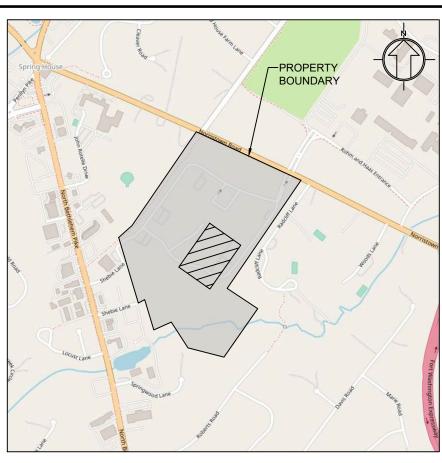




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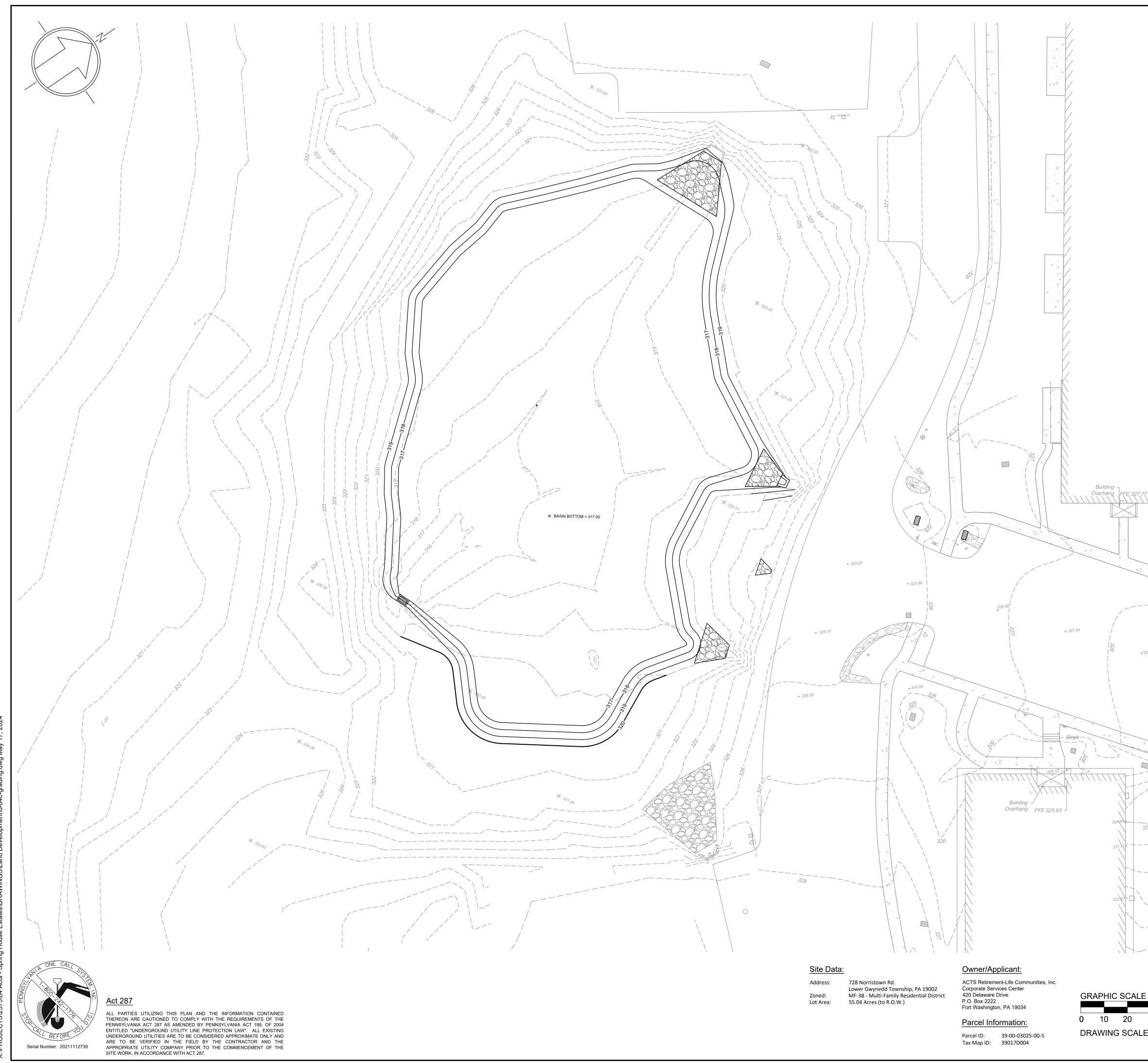


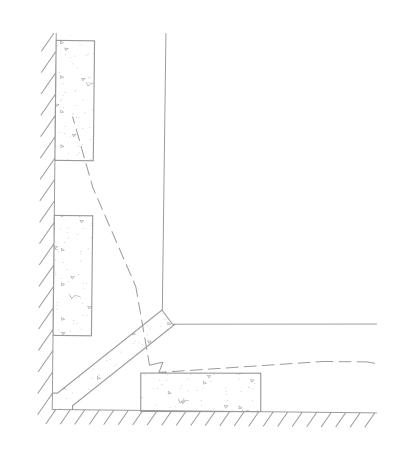


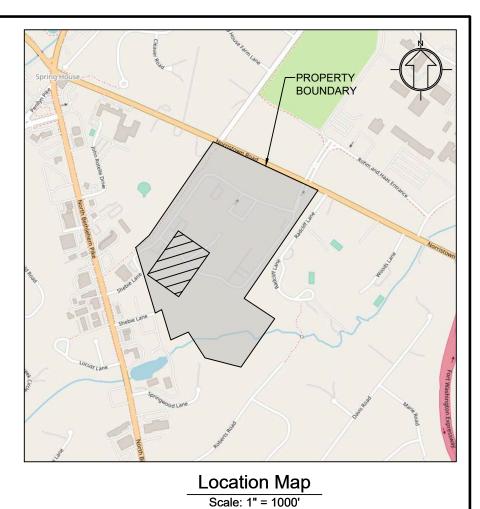
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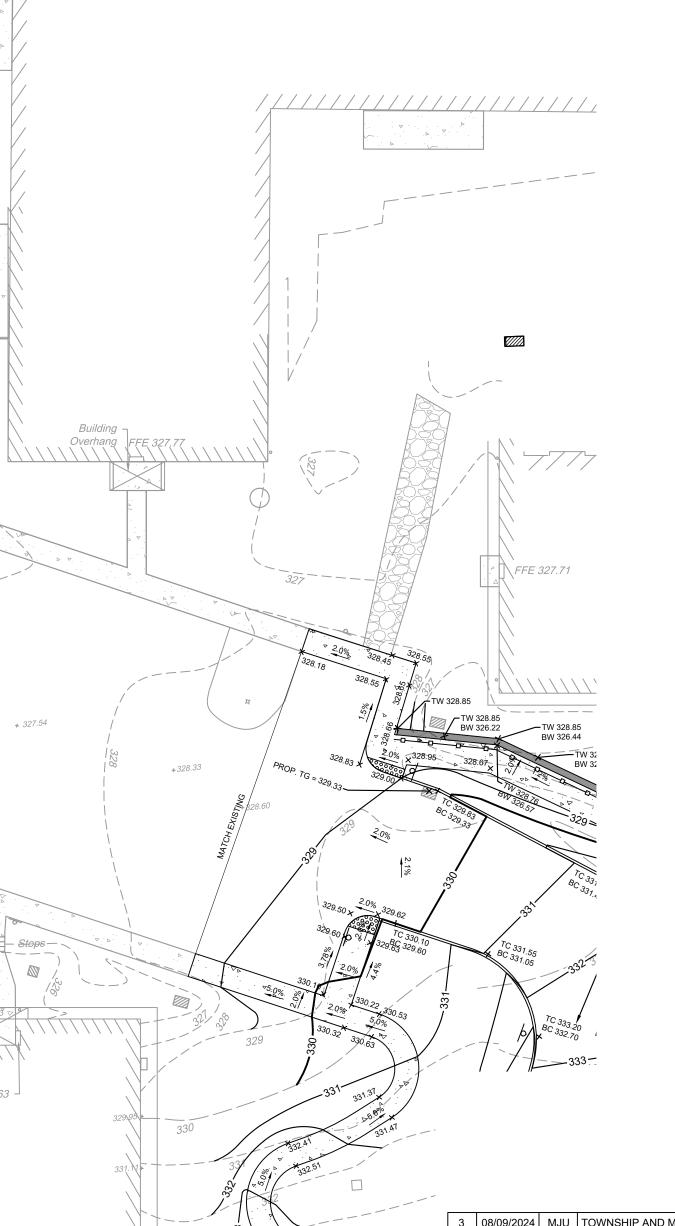
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Existing Edge of Pavement Existing Curb Existing Concrete

Existing Building Overhang

Existing Building

Existing Brick Paver

Existing Gravel

Existing Contour

Existing Index Contour Existing Sign

Existing Light Pole

Existing Inlet and Yard Drain Existing Utility Pole

Proposed Building

Proposed Sidewalk

Proposed Curb

Proposed Wall

Proposed Gravel

Proposed Contour Proposed Index Contour

Proposed Spot Grade

Proposed Top and Bottom of Curb Grade

Proposed Top and Bottom of

Wall Grade Elevation to Match Existing

Proposed Inlet and Yard Drain

3 08/09/2024 MJU TOWNSHIP AND MCCD RESUBMISSION 05/29/2024 MJU TOWNSHIP AND MCCD RESUBMISSION 1 01/26/2024 YG REVISED PER MCCD 01/04/24 REVIEW COMMENTS. SUBMITTAL TO TOWNSHIP.

PROFESSION

ARTIN J. EUSTACE

ENGINEER



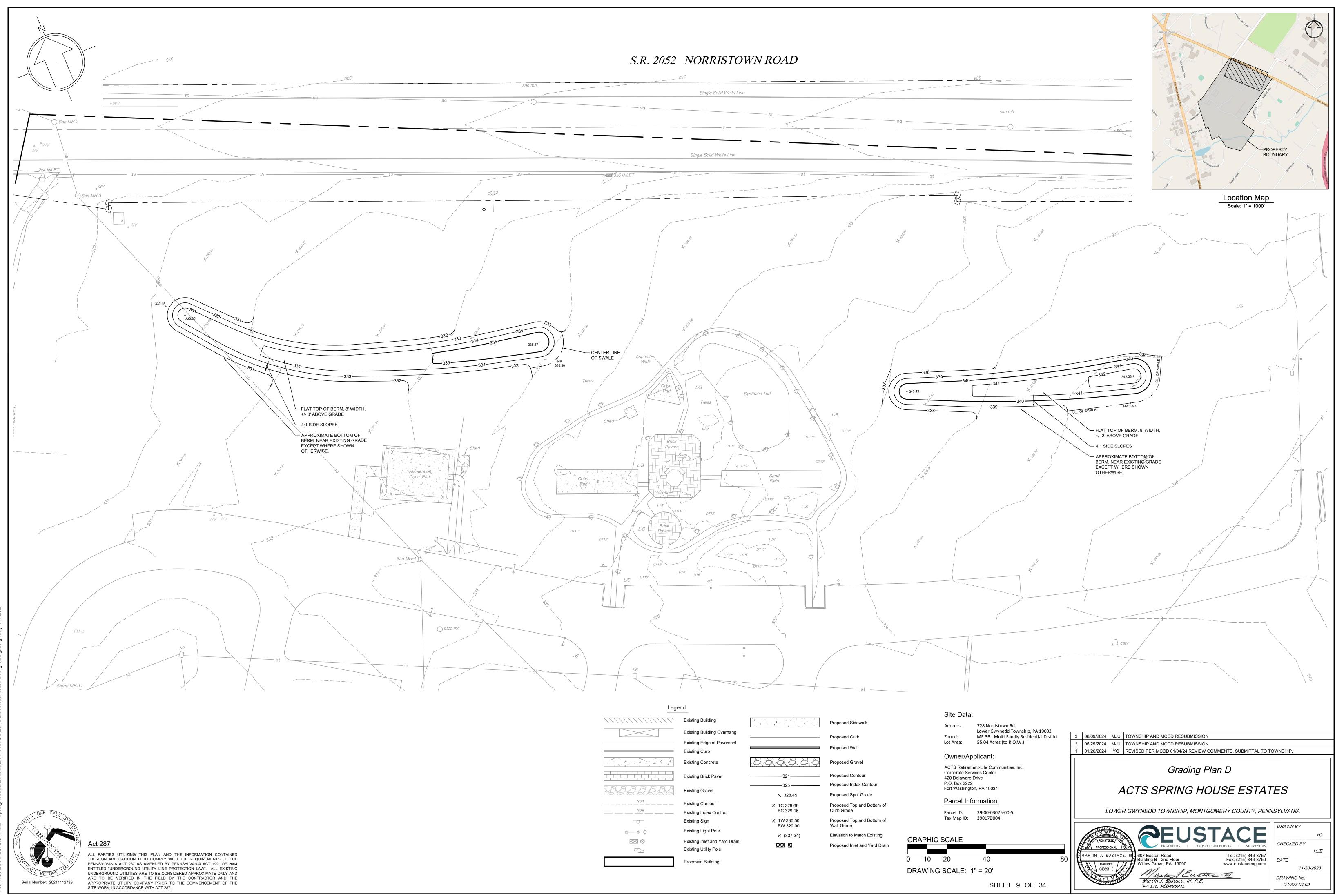
ACTS SPRING HOUSE ESTATES

LOWER GWYNEDD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA



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0 10 20 40 DRAWING SCALE: 1" = 20' SHEET 8 OF 34

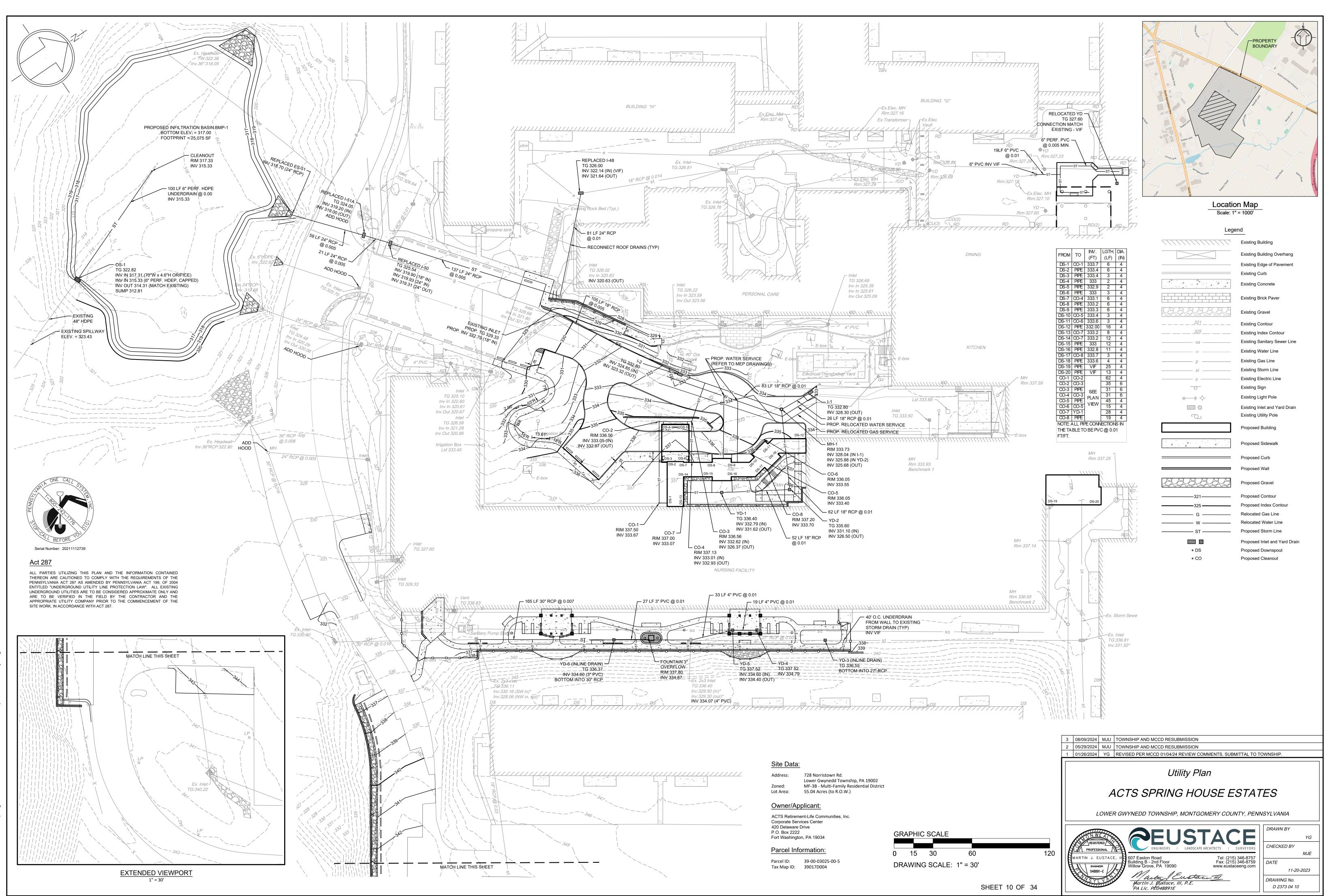


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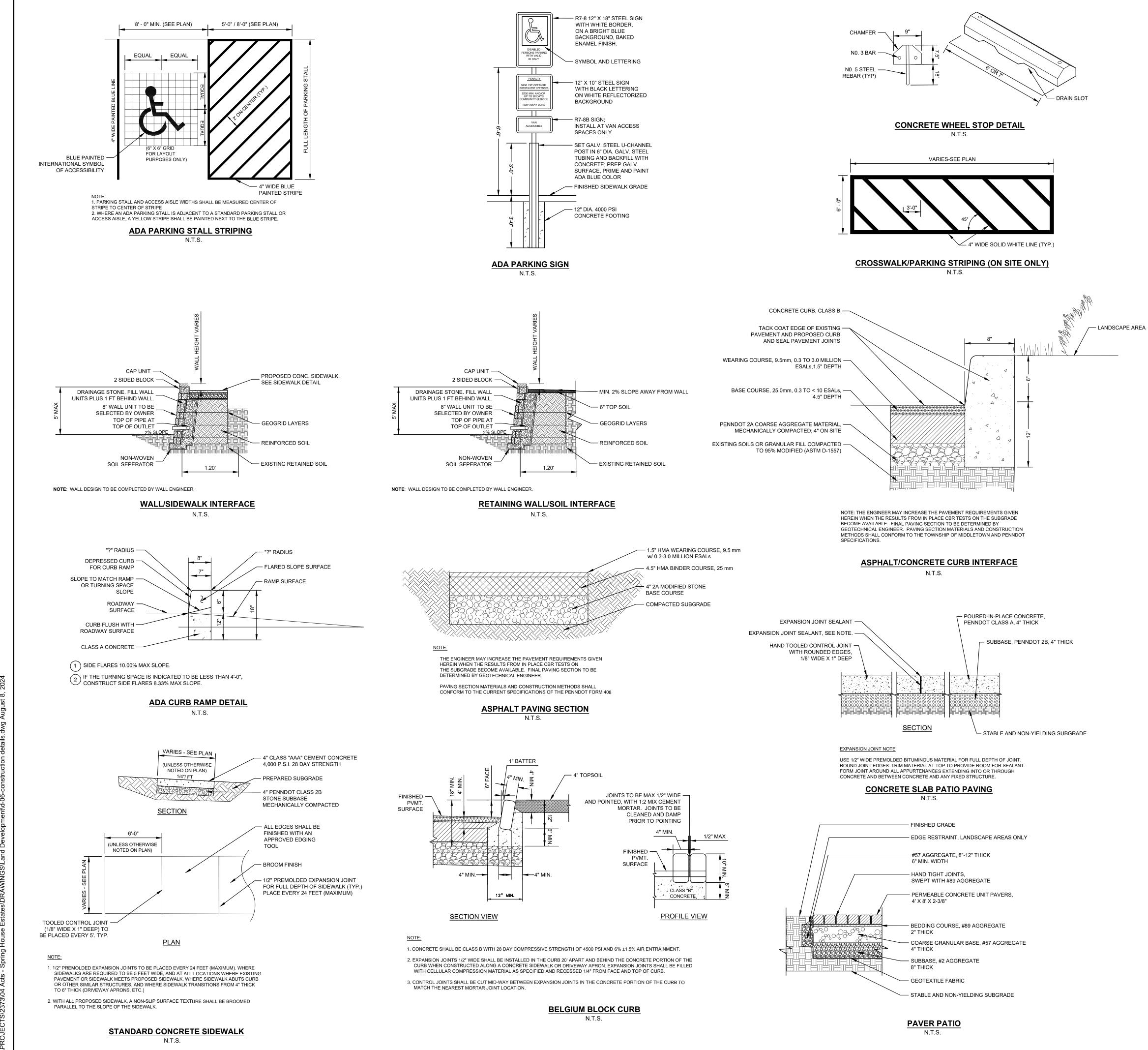
Existing Building
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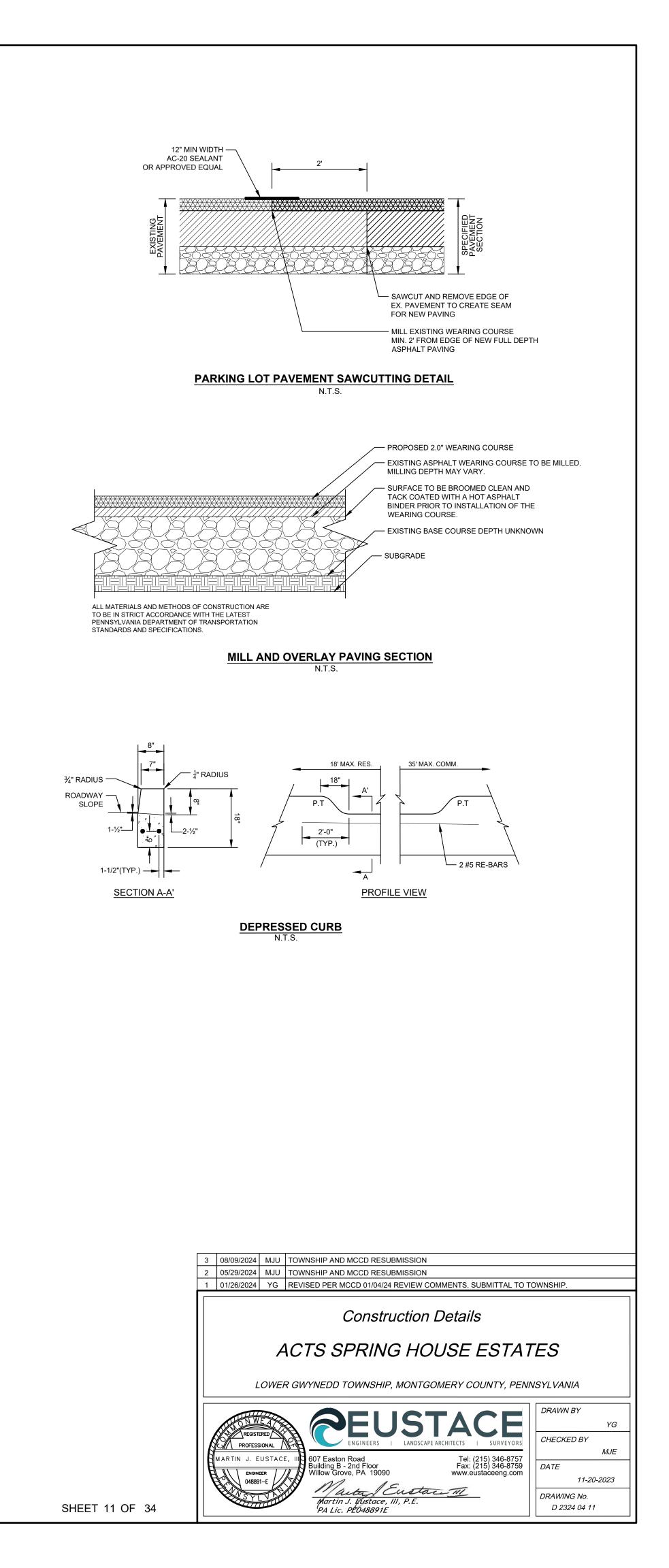
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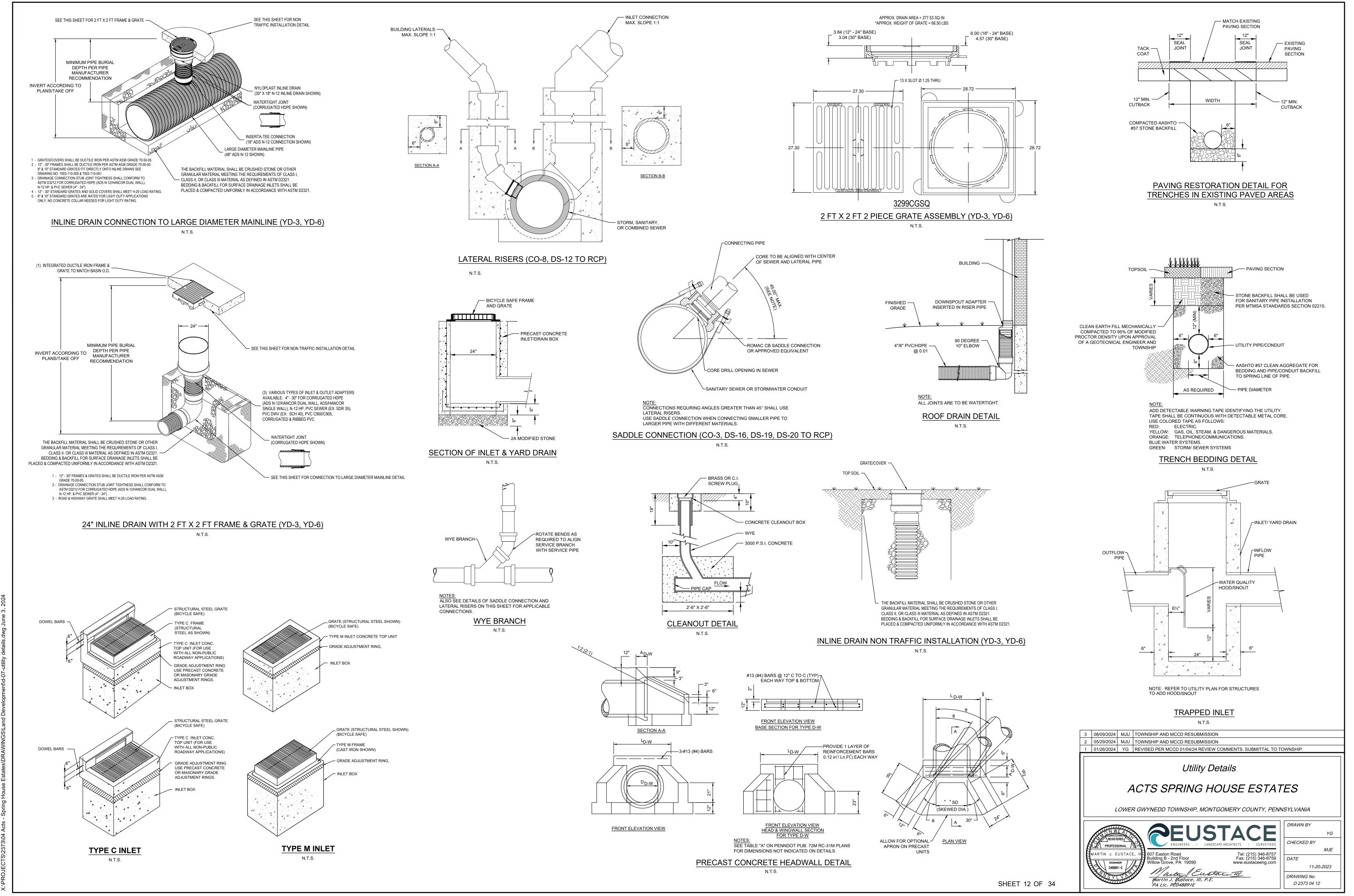
Proposed Spot Grade
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Elevation to Match Existing
Proposed Inlet and Yard Drain



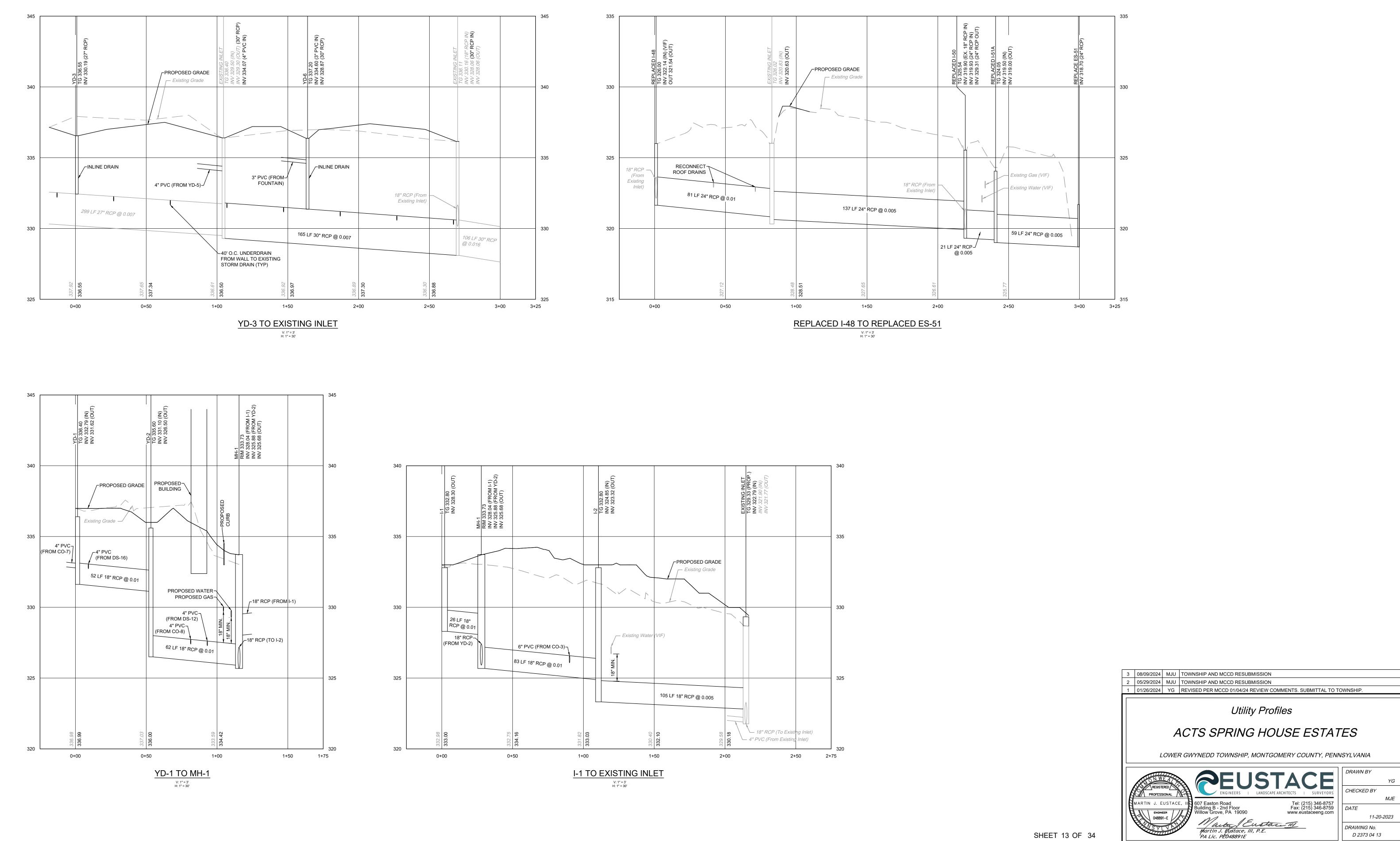
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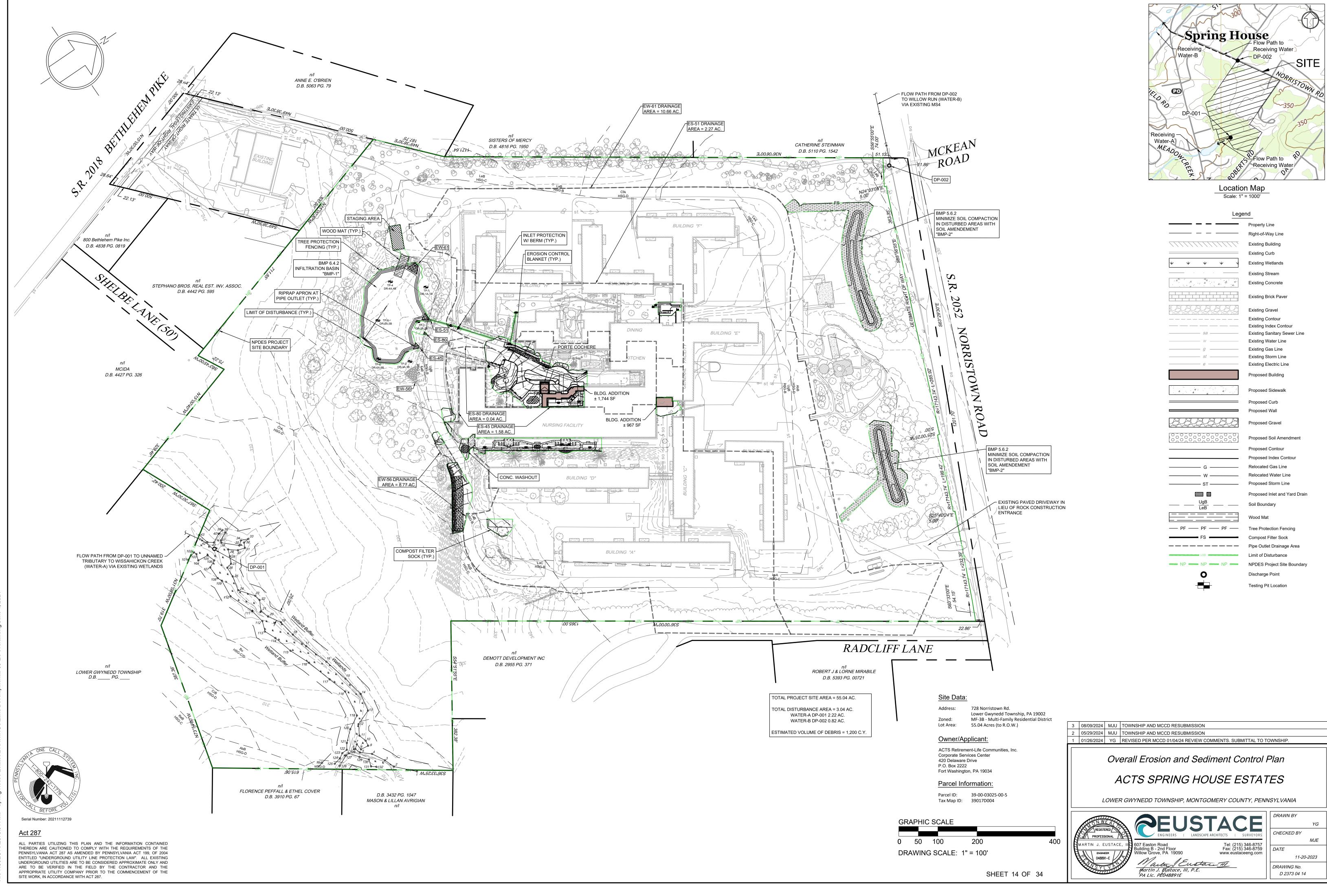


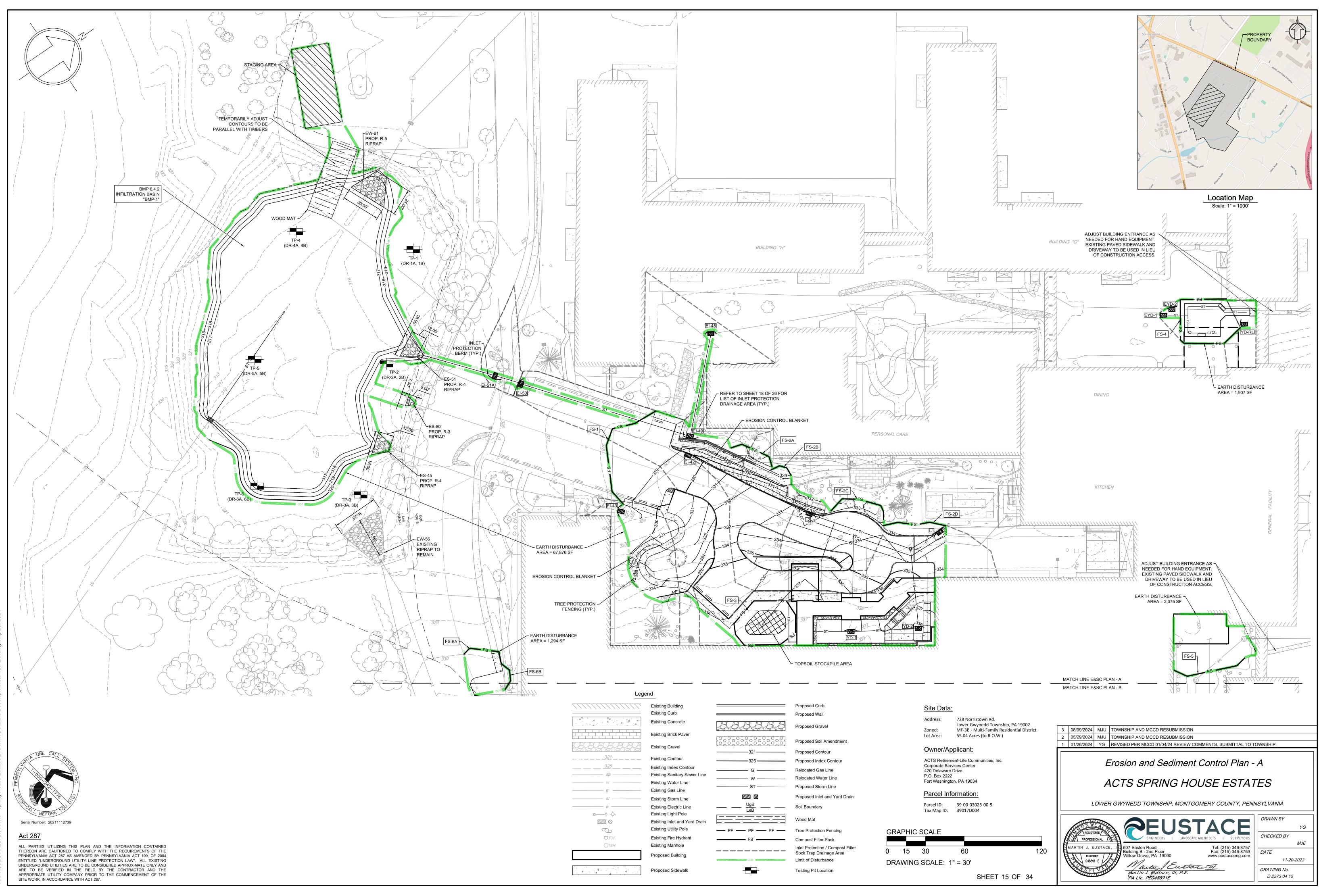




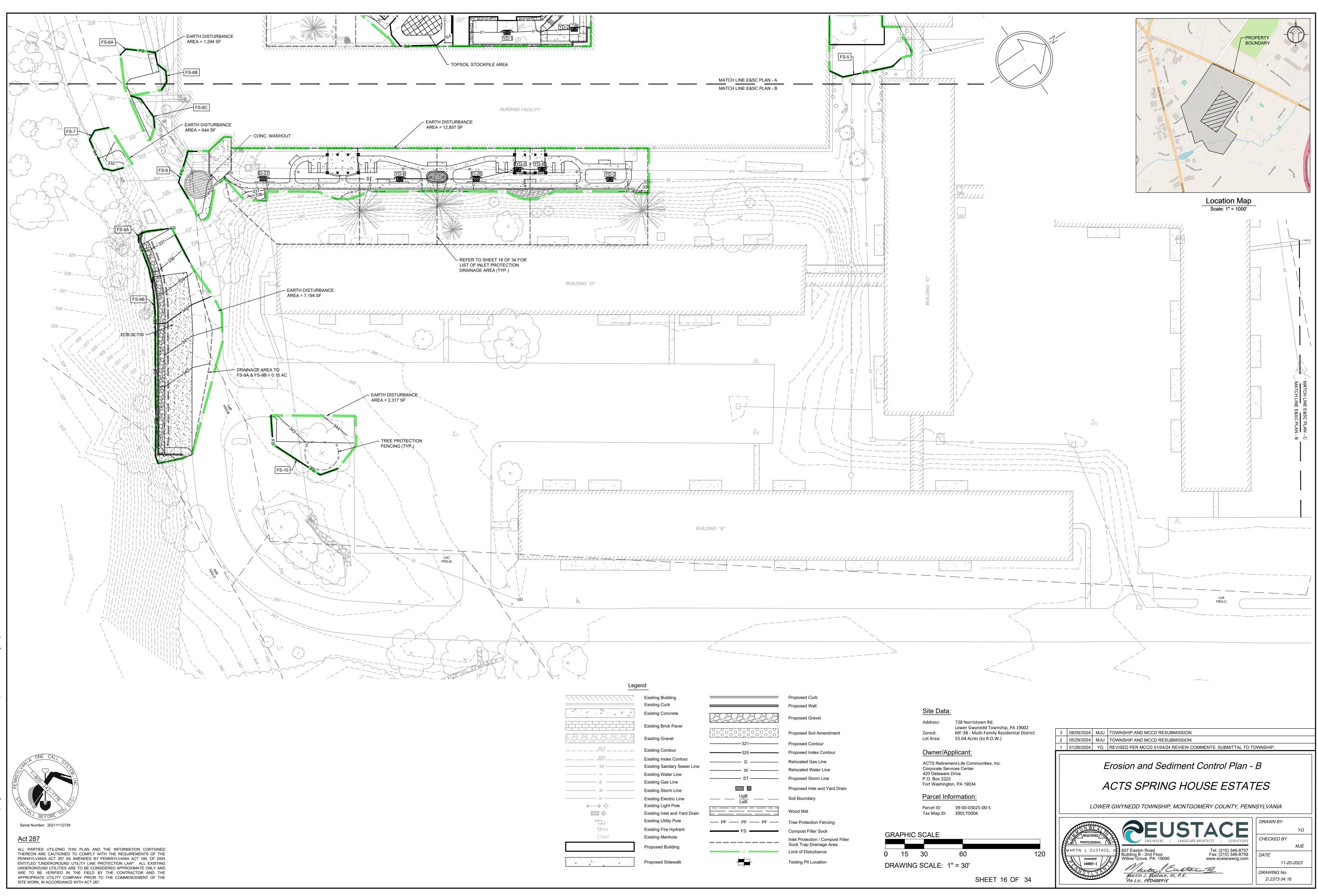




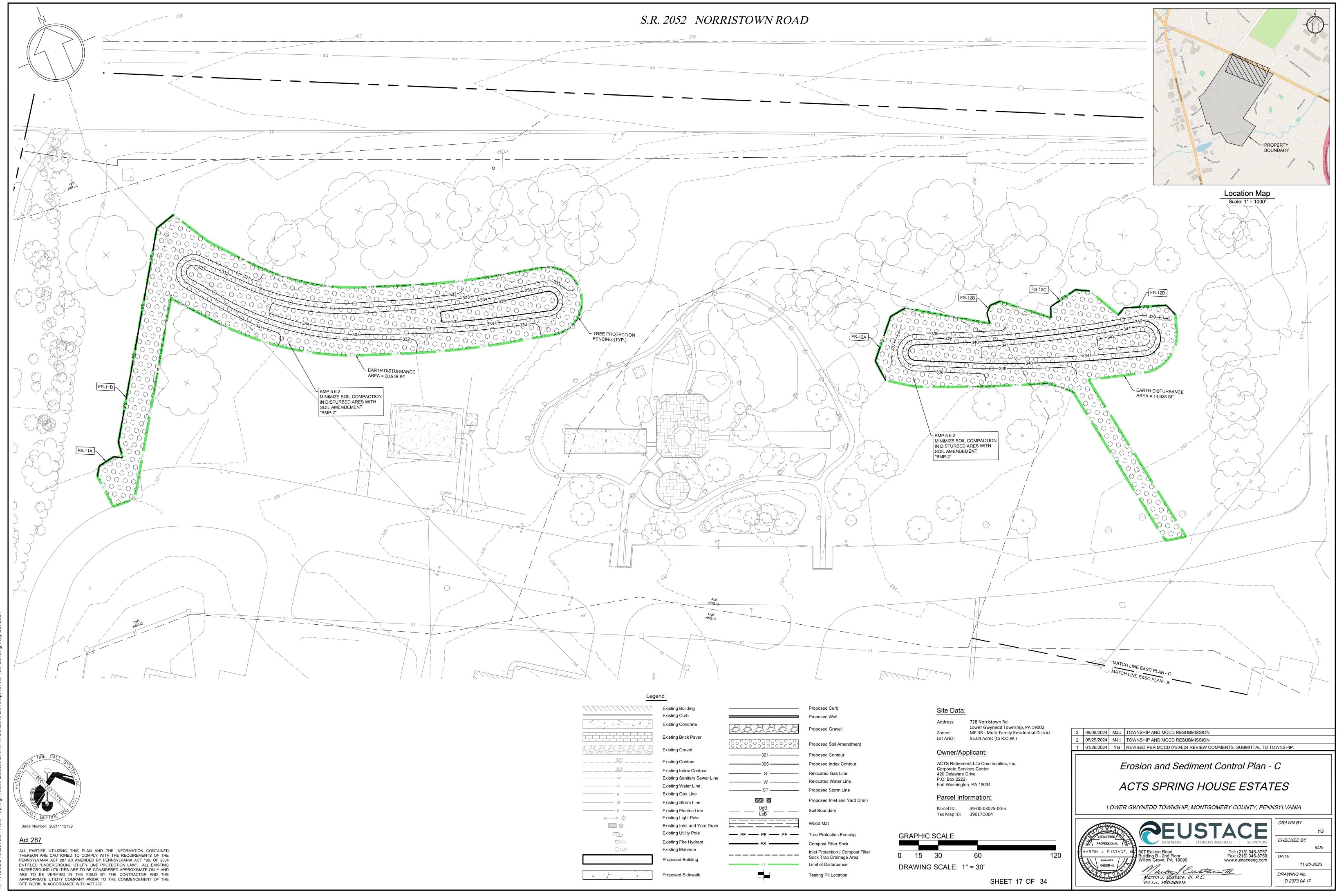




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Existing Water Line
Existing Gas Line
Existing Storm Line
Existing Electric Line
Existing Light Pole
Existing Inlet and Yard Drain
Existing Utility Pole
Existing Fire Hydrant
Existing Manhole
Proposed Building

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Proposed Curb
Proposed Wall
Proposed Gravel

E&S CONTROL NARRATIVE

25 Pa. Code § 102.4.(b)(3)

Prepared by: Martin J. Eustace, III., P.E.

Experience: Since 1988 has prepared numerous sedimentation plans for sites up to 700 acres, located in Bradford, Bucks, Chester, Montgomery, Tioga & Philadelphia Counties.

SITE LOCATION

The project site is located at 728 Norristown Road in Lower Gwynedd Township, Montgomery County, PA. The site is bound by Norristown Road to the north, Radcliff Lane and residential properties to the east, residential and commercial properties to the south, and residential properties to the west. The site is zoned MF-3 Multifamily Residential District.

EXISTING SITE & PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

25 Pa. Code § 102.4.(b)(5)(i),(iii),(xii)

The project site is located in the Wissahickon Creek Watershed. It consists of retirement centers and homes, nursing home, associated surface parking, open spaces, woodlands, wetlands, and stream. The existing site areas to be developed contain parking areas, drive aisles, open spaces, and detention basin. The northern open space slopes from southeast to northwest along Norristown Road and drains to existing municipal storm sewer. The rest of the project site slopes from north to south towards the existing surface water. No naturally occurring geologic/soil conditions that have the potential to cause pollution exist. The site has been used as retirement centers and homes and nursing home since 1974. Public water and sewer are located within Norristown Road

The proposed improvements include two (2) building additions (+/- 2,711 SF) for the nursing facility, one (1) porte cochere, parking stalls, drive aisles, sidewalks, gardens, landscaping, regrading, storm sewers, and modifying the existing detention basin into an infiltration basin. Access to the site shall be via the entrance off Norristown Road

PROPOSED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

25 Pa. Code § 102.4.(b)(5)(iv),(xiii)

Most of the runoff from the proposed improvements will be conveyed via storm sewers or shallow concentrated flow to the infiltration basin. Runoff from the regraded area in the northern open space will be conveyed via sheet flow or shallow concentrated flow to the existing municipal storm sewer within Norristown Road.

The infiltration basin has been designed to reduce the post-developed runoff generated from the disturbed area to the Township allowable peak rates through the use of orifice and outlet structure. Runoff from the undisturbed/ off-site area will be safely conveyed through the basin. The basin will discharge via an existing outlet pipe to the existing wetland then to the receiving surface water. PADEP volume reduction, peak rate control, and water quality requirements are met through the infiltration basin.

Soil amendments will be installed at the regraded area in the northern open space. The disturbed area will be recovered to the same pervious ground cover as existing. The runoff will eventually discharge to the receiving surface water via the municipal storm sewer. PADEP volume reduction and water quality requirements are met through the soil amendments. Peak rate control is not required by Township for this area as there is no impervious improvements in the area and the earth disturbance is associated with constructing landscape berms.

To minimize thermal impacts to receiving waters, the existing wooded areas will remain, ground level impervious cover is being kept to the minimum required by the use, and proposed impervious surfaces shall be directed to the pervious areas and infiltration basin where runoff can be cooled prior to discharge. Efforts during construction to reduce thermal impacts include use of temporary stabilization and regular removal of sediment from temporary facilities.

PROPOSED E&S CONTROL

25 Pa. Code § 102.4.(b)(4),(5)(vi)

During the earthmoving period, we propose to control erosion and sedimentation by use of compost filter sock, tree protection fencing, compost sock sediment trap, and inlet protection

Before any excavation begins, all perimeter compost filter sock shall be installed parallel to existing grade, as illustrated on the plans. All sedimentation control measures pertaining to the areas intended to be disturbed shall be installed and stabilized at once. Efforts shall be made to maximize protection of existing drainage features and vegetation by installing the tree protection fence and compost filter socks prior to beginning excavation.

To limit the extent and duration of earth disturbance only that portion of the site that is to receive improvements shall be stripped of all vegetation and topsoil that may be present. The topsoil required for redistribution will be stockpiled, seeded and mulched immediately and protected by compost filter sock. All newly graded slopes of 3:1 and steeper shall be covered immediately with appropriate erosion control blankets. To the greatest extent possible, the contractor shall utilize construction methods that limit soil compaction during construction.

Until the site is stabilized, all erosion and sedimentation controls must be maintained properly. Maintenance will include inspection of all erosion and sedimentation control facilities after each storm event and on a daily basis. All preventative and remedial maintenance work, including clean out, repair, replacement, regrading, reseeding, remulching and renetting will be performed immediately. The owner's representative in charge of the project will be responsible for the implementation of this sedimentation control plan and the maintenance of all facilities until the project is fully stabilized.

Stabilization of slopes and lawns shall consist of a permanent type of seeding or sodding, and will be conducted in accordance with the applicable Soil Conservation Service Specifications. Final stabilization measures of the site shall be completed immediately after this project has been fully completed. Other measures that help prevent or minimize generation of increased stormwater runoff during construction include proper sequencing and maintenance of temporary facilities.

MAINTENANCE PROGRAM

25 Pa. Code § 102.4.(b)(5)(x)

The contractor shall check the erosion and sedimentation control facilities as noted (once daily or weekly per BMP - see respective details), prior to any anticipated rainfall events, and after every runoff event. Sediment barriers shall be maintained in good repair, remove silt build up per detail, spread and stabilize on site. Seeded areas that washed away shall be filled and graded as necessary and then reseeded and mulched. Where sediment barrier has been washed out by concentrated runoff, repair fencing and provide rock filter berm backing to fencing to a depth of 2' by 20' wide. Inlet filter bags shall be emptied and rinsed or replaced when half full or when flow capacity has been reduced so as to cause flooding by bypassing the inlet. Inspections must be logged onto DEP form 3800-FM-BCWO271d, dated 12/2019 and kept on site at all times

SURFACE WATERS

25 Pa. Code § 102.4.(b)(5)(v)

- . Receiving Water A: Unnamed Tributary to Wissahickon Creek-25960218
- The designated use of the receiving water under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 93 is TSF (Trout Stocking) and MF (Migratory Fishes). The receiving water is neither HQ (High Quality) nor EV (Exceptional Value). The receiving water is impaired for siltation (Category 4a) and flow regime modification (Category 4c). The water has an established TMDL for siltation in the report Total Maximum Daily Load For Sediment and Nutrients Wissahickon Creek Watershed, dated October 9, 2003. The water is identified as Tributary Downstream of Willow Run - East, Segment ID 971217-1015-ACE, Stream Code 884 in the report.
- Receiving Water B: Willow Run-25960082
- The designated use of the receiving water under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 93 is TSF (Trout Stocking) and MF (Migratory Fishes). The receiving water is neither HQ (High Quality) nor EV (Exceptional Value). The receiving water is impaired for siltation (Category 4a) and flow regime modification (Category 4c). The water has an established TMDL for siltation in the report Total Maximum Daily Load For Sediment and Nutrients Wissahickon Creek Watershed, dated October 9, 2003. The water is identified as Willow Run - East, Segment ID 971217-1015-ACE, Stream Code 885 in the report.

RIPARIAN FOREST BUFFER

25 Pa. Code § 102.4.(b)(5)(xv)

Wetland boundaries shown on E&S plans are from Record Plan, Job 187-021.01, Drawing No. S0102, Sheet 1 of 16, prepared for Spring House Estates, prepared by Chambers Associates, Inc. (619 Conestoga Road, Villanova, PA 19085), dated February 2, 1999, last revised March 31, 2000. The area designated as protected riparian areas along the existing stream/wetland within the NPDES project site area is located outside the limit of disturbance.

Riparian buffer offsetting is not necessary for this project.

RECYCLING OR DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS

25 Pa. Code § 102.4.(b)(5)(xi)

The operator shall remove from the site, recycle or dispose of all building materials and wastes in accordance with the Department's Solid Waste Management Regulations at 25 Pa. Code 260.1 et seq., 271.1 et seq., and 287.1 et seq.

Water pumped from work areas shall be treated for sediment removal prior to discharging to a surface water. Construction traffic must enter and exit the site and disturbed areas at the designated entrance or via the wood mats. Water trucks will be used as needed during construction to reduce dust generate on the site. Dust control must be provided by the contractor to a degree that is acceptable to the local conservation district

No solid materials, including building materials, are allowed to be discharged from the site with stormwater. All solid waste, including disposable materials incidental to the major construction activities, must be collected and placed in containers. The containers will be emptied as necessary by a contract trash disposal service and hauled away from the site.

Non-stormwater components of site discharge must be clean water. Water used for construction which discharges from the site must originate from a public water supply or private well approved by the State health department. Water used for construction that does no originate from an approved public supply must not discharge from the site.

STANDARD E&S PLAN NOTES

PA DEP E&SPC Program Manual - Appendix C

- 1. All earth disturbances, including clearing and grubbing as well as cuts and fills shall be done in accordance with the approved E&S plan. A copy of the approved drawings (stamped, signed and dated by the reviewing agency) must be available at the project site at all times. The reviewing agency shall be notified of any changes to the approved plan prior to implementation of those changes. The reviewing agency may require a written submittal of those changes for review and approval at its discretion.
- 2. At least 7 days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities, including clearing and grubbing, the owner and/or operator shall invite all contractors, the landowner, appropriate municipal officials, the E&S plan preparer, the PCSM plan preparer, the licensed professional responsible for oversight of critical stages of implementation of the PCSM plan, and a representative from the local conservation district to an on-site preconstruction meeting.
- 3. At least 3 days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities, or expanding into an area previously unmarked, the Pennsylvania One Call System Inc. shall be notified at 1-800-242-1776 for the location of existing underground utilities.
- 4. All earth disturbance activities shall proceed in accordance with the sequence provided on the plan drawings. Deviation from that sequence must be approved in writing from the local conservation district or by the Department prior to implementation
- 5. Areas to be filled are to be cleared, grubbed, and stripped of topsoil to remove trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material.
- 6. Clearing, grubbing, and topsoil stripping shall be limited to those areas described in each stage of the construction sequence. General site clearing, grubbing and topsoil stripping may not commence in any stage or phase of the project until the E&S BMPs specified by the BMP sequence for that stage or phase have been installed and are functioning as described in this E&S plan
- 7. At no time shall construction vehicles be allowed to enter areas outside the limit of disturbance boundaries shown on the plan maps. These areas must be clearly marked and fenced off before clearing and grubbing operations begin
- 8. Topsoil required for the establishment of vegetation shall be stockpiled at the location(s) shown on the plan maps(s) in the amount necessary to complete the finish grading of all exposed areas that are to be stabilized by vegetation. Each stockpile shall be protected in the manner shown on the plan drawings. Stockpile heights shall not exceed 35 feet. Stockpile slopes shall be 2H:1V or flatter.
- 9. Immediately upon discovering unforeseen circumstances posing the potential for accelerated erosion and/or sediment pollution, the operator shall implement appropriate best management practices to minimize the potential for erosion and sediment pollution and notify the local conservation district and/or the regional office of the Department
- 10. All building materials and wastes shall be removed from the site and recycled or disposed of in accordance with the Department's Solid Waste Management Regulations at 25 Pa. Code 260.1 et seq., 271.1, and 287.1 et. seq. No building materials or wastes or unused building materials shall be burned, buried, dumped, or discharged at the site.
- 11. All off-site waste and borrow areas must have an E&S plan approved by the local conservation district or the Department fully implemented prior to being activated.
- 12. The contractor is responsible for ensuring that any material brought on site is clean fill. Form FP-001 must be retained by the property owner for any fill material affected by a spill or release of a regulated substance but gualifying as clean fill due to analytical testing.
- 13. All pumping of water from any work area shall be done according to the procedure described in this plan, over undisturbed vegetated areas.
- 14. Vehicles and equipment may neither enter directly nor exit directly from the project site onto N Bethlehem Pike
- 15. Until the site is stabilized, all erosion and sediment BMPs shall be maintained properly. Maintenance shall include inspections of all erosion and sediment BMPs after each runoff event and on a weekly basis. All preventative and remedial maintenance work, including clean out, repair, replacement, regrading, reseeding, remulching and renetting must be performed immediately. If the E&S BMPs fail to perform as expected, replacement BMPs, or modifications of those installed will be required
- 16. A log showing dates that E&S BMPs were inspected as well as any deficiencies found and the date they were corrected shall be maintained on the site and be made available to regulatory agency officials at the time of inspection.
- 17. Sediment tracked onto any public roadway or sidewalk shall be returned to the construction site by the end of each work day and disposed in the manner described in this plan. In no case shall the sediment be washed, shoveled, or swept into any roadside ditch, storm sewer, or surface water.
- 18. All sediment removed from BMPs shall be disposed of in the manner described on the plan
- 19. Areas which are to be topsoiled shall be scarified to a minimum depth of 3 to 5 inches -- 6 to 12 inches on compacted soils -- prior to placement of topsoil. Areas to be vegetated shall have a minimum 4 inches of topsoil in place prior to seeding and mulching. Fill outslopes shall have a minimum of 2 inches of topsoil.
- 20. All fills shall be compacted as required to reduce erosion, slippage, settlement, subsidence or other related problems. Fill intended to support buildings, structures and conduits, etc. shall be compacted in accordance with local requirements or codes.
- 21. All earthen fills shall be placed in compacted layers not to exceed 9 inches in thickness 22. Fill materials shall be free of frozen particles, brush, roots, sod, or other foreign or
- objectionable materials that would interfere with or prevent construction of satisfactory fills. 23. Frozen materials or soft, mucky, or highly compressible materials shall not be incorporated
- 24. Fill shall not be placed on saturated or frozen surfaces.
- 25. Seeps or springs encountered during construction shall be handled in accordance with the
- standard and specification for subsurface drain or other approved method. 26. All graded areas shall be permanently stabilized immediately upon reaching finished grade. Cut slopes in competent bedrock and rock fills need not be vegetated. Seeded areas within
- 50 feet of a surface water, or as otherwise shown on the plan drawings, shall be blanketed according to the standards of this plan. 27. Immediately after earth disturbance activities cease in any area or subarea of the project, the operator shall stabilize all disturbed areas. During non-germinating months, mulch or protective blanketing shall be applied as described in the plan. Areas not at finished grade, which will be reactivated within 1 year, may be stabilized in accordance with the temporary
- stabilization specifications. Those areas which will not be reactivated within 1 year shall be stabilized in accordance with the permanent stabilization specifications. 28. Permanent stabilization is defined as a minimum uniform, perennial 70% vegetative cover or other permanent non-vegetative cover with a density sufficient to resist accelerated erosion.
- Cut and fill slopes shall be capable of resisting failure due to slumping, sliding, or other movements. 29. E&S BMPs shall remain functional as such until all areas tributary to them are permanently stabilized or until they are replaced by another BMP approved by the local conservation
- district or the Department. 30. Upon completion of all earth disturbance activities and permanent stabilization of all
- disturbed areas, the owner and/or operator shall contact the local conservation district for an inspection prior to removal/conversion of the E&S BMPs.
- 31. After final site stabilization has been achieved, temporary erosion and sediment BMPs must be removed or converted to permanent post construction stormwater management BMPs. Areas disturbed during removal or conversion of the BMPs shall be stabilized immediately. In order to ensure rapid revegetation of disturbed areas, such removal/conversions are to be done only during the germinating season.
- 32. Upon completion of all earth disturbance activities and permanent stabilization of all disturbed areas, the owner and/or operator shall contact the local conservation district to schedule a final inspection.
- 33. Failure to correctly install E&S BMPs, failure to prevent sediment-laden runoff from leaving the construction site, or failure to take immediate corrective action to resolve failure of E&S BMPs may result in administrative, civil, and/or criminal penalties being instituted by the Department as defined in Section 602 of the Pennsylvania Clean Streams Law. The Clean Streams Law provides for up to \$10,000 per day in civil penalties, up to \$10,000 in summary criminal penalties, and up to \$25,000 in misdemeanor criminal penalties for each violation. Additional Notes
- 1. Concrete wash water shall be handled in the manner described on the plan drawings. In no case shall it be allowed to enter any surface waters or groundwater systems.
- 2. Sediment basins and/or traps shall be kept free of all construction waste, wash water, and other debris having potential to clog the basin/trap outlet structures and/or pollute the surface waters.
- 3. Upon request, the applicant or their contractor shall provide an as-built (record drawing) for any sediment basin or trap to the municipal inspector, local conservation district or the Department
- 4. Erosion control blanketing shall be installed on all slopes 3H:1V or steeper within 50 feet of a surface water and on all other disturbed areas specified on the plan maps and/or detail

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

25 Pa. Code § 102.4.(b)(5)(vii)

All earth disturbance activities shall proceed in accordance with the following sequence. Each stage shall be completed in compliance with Chapter 102 regulations before any following stage is initiated. Clearing and grubbing shall be limited only to those areas described in each stage.

At least 7 days before starting any earth disturbance activities, the operator shall invite all contractors involved in those activities, the landowner, all appropriate municipal officials, the E&S plan preparer, the licensed design professional, and a representative of the Montgomery County Conservation District to schedule an on-site meeting.

At least 3 days before starting any earth disturbance activities, all contractors involved in those activities shall notify the Pennsylvania One Call System Incorporated at 1-800-242-1776 for buried utilities locations. The contractor shall verify locations and depths of all exiting utilities prior to start of

Before implementing any revisions to the approved erosion and sediment control plan, or revisions to other plans which may affect the effectiveness of the approved E&S control plan(s), the operator must receive the approval of the revisions from the Montgomery County Conservation District and Township

Water pumped from work areas shall be treated for sediment removal prior to discharging to a surface water. The operator is responsible for ensuring that any fill or borrow sites used for soil import/export have all applicable approved permits and/or F&S plans

A designated Licensed Professional shall be present during all critical stages of construction. See BMP Construction sequence on PCSM plan

Cessation of activity for 4 days or longer requires temporary stabilization. No more than 15.000 square feet of disturbed area shall reach final grade before initiating seeding and mulching operations. Stabilization of fill slopes shall be in 15-25 foot vertical increments.

- 1. Stake out the limit of disturbance. Install perimeter compost filter sock, sock traps, tree protection fencing, and inlet protection on any exiting inlets as shown on plans.
- 2. Construction vehicles shall enter or exit the site via the existing paved driveway at Norristown Road. Existing paved areas shall be swept regularly throughout the day to prevent soil and sediment from being tracked into undisturbed areas and onto Norristown Road. The sediment shall be recycled or disposed of per notes on this sheet. Dust control shall be provided as
- 3. Upon the installation or stabilization of all perimeter sediment control BMPs and at least 48 hours prior to proceeding with the bulk earth disturbance activities, the operator shall provide notification to the Montgomery County Conservation District, Township, and Township Engineer.
- 4. Strip and stockpile topsoil from areas of proposed building additions, parking, and courtyard. Surround stockpile with compost filter sock and stabilize immediately with temporary seed.
- 5. Saw cut existing paving along proposed paving. Remove existing asphalt, concrete, and miscellaneous existing features.
- 6. Rough grade in the area of improvements. Immediately install stone subbase for paved areas. Stabilize disturbed areas with permanent seeding and mulch and/or place erosion control blankets on all slopes 3:1 or steeper along with permanent lining as noted on plans.
- Begin retaining wall construction
- 8. Relocate gas line. Construct new inlets, yard drains, and storm pipes. Install inlet protection immediately utilizing appropriate details.
- Begin building foundation and walls.
- 10. Construct underground site utilities including new water and electric line as necessary. 11. Construct curbing and asphalt base course for driveways and parking areas.
- **12. CRITICAL STAGE**
- Strip topsoil from designated areas for use of landscape berms construction shown on plan. Construct infiltration basin BMP-1. Install rip rap protection at endwalls. Temporarily divert runoff around upslope sides of the infiltration basin to protect from sedimentation. BMP(s) shall be constructed with weather in mind and in such a manner to limit sedimentation within the basin stone/soil media areas while the excavation is open. A pump water filter bag shall be used as necessarv
- 13. Complete building construction. Install fencing, gates, lighting, and electrical work. 14. Perform final site grading where necessary. Install asphalt wearing course and concrete sidewalks
- 15. CRITICAL STAGE
- Install lawns, landscape beds, permanent seeding, landscaping, and mulch. Install landscape berms and soil amendments at the northern open space. A licensed professional shall be present to oversee topsoil preparation
- 16. Remove any accumulated sediment from compost filter socks and stabilize elsewhere on site. 17. Contact Montgomery County Conservation District once 70% uniform perennial cover is reached and before any BMP's are removed
- 18. Remove temporary erosion control measures after all disturbed areas are stabilized with a minimum of 80% vegetative cover. Re-stabilize all areas disturbed due to the removal of temporary erosion control facilities
- 19. Immediately upon discovering unforeseen circumstances posing the potential for accelerated erosion and/or sediment pollution, the operator shall implement appropriate best management practices to eliminate potential for accelerated erosion and/or sediment pollution.
- 20. Within 30 days after the completion of earth disturbance activities authorized by the permit, including the permanent stabilization of the site and proper installation of PCSM BMP's in accordance with the approved PCSM plan, or upon submission of the NOT if sooner, the permittee shall file with the department or authorized conservation district a stated signed by a licensed professional and by the permittee certifying that work has been performed in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit and approved E&S and PCSM Plans. See BMP Construction sequence on PCSM Plan for critical stages.

STABILIZATION NOTES

- 1. Stockpile heights must not exceed 35'. Stockpile slopes must be 2:1 or flatter.
- 2. Upon completion of an earth disturbance activity or any stage or phase of an activity, the operator shall stabilize immediately the disturbed areas to protect from accelerated erosion. During non-germinating periods, mulch must be applied at the specified rates.Disturbed areas which are not at finished grade and which will be redisturbed within 1 year may be stabilized in accordance with temporary seeding specifications. Disturbed areas, which are either at finished grade or will not be redisturbed within 1 year, must be stabilized in accordance with permanent seeding specifications.
- 3. Stockpiles must be stabilized immediately
- 4. Hay or straw mulch must be applied at rates of at least 3.0 tons per acre. Straw mulch should be applied in long strands, not chopped or finely broken
- 5. Until the site has achieved final stabilization the owner and/or contractor shall properly implement, operate and maintain all the best management practices. Maintenance shall include inspections of all erosion and sedimentation control after each runoff event and on a daily/weekly basis as noted. All site inspections will be documented in an inspection log kept for this purpose, including the compliance actions and the date, time, and name of the person conducting the inspection. The inspection log will be kept on site at all times and made available to the MCCD and DEP upon request.
- 6. Site inspections and maintenance of all BMP's shall be conducted daily/weekly as noted, after every runoff event and also prior to any anticipated precipitation events. All site inspections will be documented in an inspection log kept for this purpose, including the compliance actions and the date, time, and name of the person conducting the inspection. The inspection log will be kept on site at all times and made available to the MCCD and DEP upon request.
- 7. All preventative and remedial maintenance work, including clean out, repair, replacement, regrading, reseeding, remulching, and renetting, must be performed immediately. If erosion and sediment BMPs fail to perform as expected, replacement BMPs or modifications of those installed will be needed.
- 8. Where BMPs are found to fail to alleviate erosion and sediment pollution, the permittee shall include the following information a. The location and severity of the BMP's failure and any pollution events. b. All steps taken to reduce, eliminate, and prevent the recurrence of the non-compliance.
- c. The time frame to correct the non-compliance, including the exact dates when the activity will return to compliance. After final site stabilization has been achieved, temporary erosion and sediment BMPs must be
- removed. Areas disturbed during removal of the BMPs must be stabilized immediately. 10. An area shall be considered to have achieved final stabilization when it has a minimum of 70%
- uniform perennial vegetative cover or other permanent non-vegetative cover with a density sufficient to resist accelerated surface erosion and subsurface characteristics sufficient to resist sliding or other movements
- 11. Erosion control blankets must be installed on all slopes 3:1 or greater an on all disturbed areas within 50 feet of streams and wetlands.

UTILITY TRENCH EXCAVATION NOTES

- 1. Limit advanced clearing and grubbing operations to a distance equal to two times the length of pipe installation that can be completed in one day.
- 2. Work crews and equipment for trenching, placement of pipe, plug construction and backfilling will be self contained and separate from clearing and grubbing and site restoration and stabilization operations. 3. All soil excavated from the trench will be placed on the uphill side of the trench.
- 4. Water that accumulates in the open trench will be completely removed by pumping before pipe placement and/or backfilling begins. Water removed from the trench shall be through a filtration
- 5. On the day following pipe placement and trench backfilling, the disturbed area will be graded to final contours and immediately stabilized.

PROPOSED TEMPORARY SEEDING

100% Perennial Ryegrass Pure Live Seed: 81%

Rate: 1 Lbs. per 1,000 s.f. = 0.02 Tons/Ac Provide clean mulch on all seeded areas. Fertilizer: 12.5 Lbs. per 1,000 s.f. / 10-10-10 Equiv. = 0.25 Tons/Ac.

Lime: 40 Lbs. per 1,000 s.f. = 1 Tons/Ac Straw Mulch: 140 Lbs. per 1,000 s.f. = 3 Tons/Ac

Provide clean, unchopped or not finely broken straw mulch on all seeded areas that are not blanketed. Straw should be either wheat or oat straw. Anchor Material: Organic Guar-gum Based Tackifier

Anchoring Method: Per manufacturer's recommendation. Preferably apply straw and tackifier at the same time Anchoring Rate: Per manufacturer's recommendation. (Typ. 20-40 lbs per Acre)

PROPOSED PERMANENT SEEDING - LAWN

80% Turf Type Tall Fescue (3 dark green drought tolerant varieties min.) 10% Kentucky Bluegrass (drought tolerant variety) 10% Turf Type Perennial Ryegrass Rate: 6 Lbs. Per 1,000 s.f. = 262 lbs/Ac.

Fertilizer: 25 Lbs./1,000 s.f./10-20-20 Equiv. = 0.50 Tons/Ac. Lime 240 Lbs./1,000 s.f. = 6 Tons/Ac

Straw mulch: 140 Lbs./1,000 s.f. = 3 Tons/Ac.

Provide clean, unchopped or not finely broken straw mulch on all seeded areas that are not blanketed. Straw should be either wheat or oat straw Anchor Material: Organic Guar-gum Based Tackifier

Anchoring Method: Per manufacturer's recommendation. Preferably apply straw and tackifier at the same time. Anchoring Rate: Per manufacturer's recommendation. (Typ. 20-40 lbs per Acre)

TOPSOIL APPLICATION NOTES

Graded areas should be scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches to

Topsoil should be uniformly distributed across the disturbed area to a depth of 4 to 8 inches minimum - 2 inches on fill outslopes. Spreading should be done in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional preparation or tillage. Irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoil placement should be corrected in order to prevent formation of depressions unless such depressions are part of the PCSM plan. Topsoil should not be placed while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition,

SOILS TYPES, DEPTHS	, SLOPES, LIMITAT	TIONS, & RESOLUTIONS
<u>25 Pa. Code § 102.4.(b)(5)(ii)</u>		

					(1)	LIMITATIONS															
MAP UNIT SYMBOL	MAP UNIT NAME	HSG	DEPTH	SLOPE	HYDRIC SOIL RATING	CUTBANKS CAVE	CORROSIVE TO CONCRETE/STEEL	DROUGHTY	EASILY ERODIBLE	FLOODING	DEPTH TO SATURATED ZONE/SEASONAL HIGH WATER TABLE	HYDRIC/HYDRIC INCLUSIONS	LOW STRENGTH/ LANDSLIDE PRONE	SLOW PERCOLATION	PIPING	POOR SOURCE OF TOPSOIL	FROST ACTION	SHRINK - SWELL	POTENTIAL SINKHOLE	PONDING	WETNESS
				W	ITHIN L	IMI	T OF D	IST	URE	BAN	CE					1					
AbB	Abbottstown silt loam	D	48"	<mark>3-8%</mark>	No	X	C/S		X		X	X	X	X	Х	X	Х				X
LaB	Lansdale loam	В	46"	3-8%	No	X	С	X					X	X		X	X				
LeA	Lawrenceville silt loam	С	75"	0-3%	No	X	C/S		X		X	X	X	X	X		X				X
LeB	Lawrenceville silt loam	С	75"	3-8%	No	Х	C/S		X		X	X	X	X	X		X				X
UgB Urban land		N/A	N/A	<mark>0-8%</mark>	No																
				OUT	SIDE OI	FLI	MIT OI	DI	STL	IRB	ANCE										
Bo	Bowmansville-Knauers silt loams	C/D	65" / 60"	0-3%	No/Yes	X	C/S	X		Х	х	X	X	X	X	X	х			X	X
CfA	Chalfont silt loam	D	70"	<mark>0-3%</mark>	No	X	C/S		X		X	Х	Х	X	Х	X	X				X
CrA	Croton silt loam, occationally ponded	D	44"	0-3%	Yes	X	C/S		X		Х	X	X	X	X	X	х			X	X
CrB	Croton silt loam, occationally ponded	D	<mark>44</mark> "	3-8%	Yes	Х	C/S		X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X
LaC	Lansdale loam	В	46"	8-15%	No	X	С	X					X	X		X	X				ł
ReB	Readington silt loam	С	58"	3-8%	No	Х	C/S		х		х	Х	х	X	X	х	X				X
RhB	Reaville silt loam	D	32"	3-8%	No	X	C/S	X	X		Х	X		X	X	X	X				X
UrxB	Urban land-Penn complex	N/A / B	6" / 34"	0-8%	No	X	С	X				х	х		х	х	X				ł

Limitation: Cutbanks cave, low strength - cutbanks have potential to cave and

many soils are low strength Resolution: Contractor shall be aware of potential issues and follow OSHA guidelines for open trenching. Low soil strength is not a concern due to the nature of the proposed project. Utility trenching will not be adversely affected by poor soil strenath.

Limitation: Corrosive to steel - soils corrosive to steel. Resolution: If steel pipe is used rust protection by coatings and/or use of cathodic protection is recommended

Limitation: Droughty - soils exhibiting a poor moisture-holding capacity, which may limit the vegetative stabilization ability of the soil. Resolution: For droughty soils, contractor to refer to "Table 11-3: Plant

Tolerances of Soil Limitation Factors" to select appropriate vegetation. Erosion control blankets should also be considered in soil conditions that make revegetation difficult (e.g., droughty). When installed properly, erosion control blankets can help hold soil particles in place and retain soil moisture, promoting seed germination.

Limitation: Easily erodible.

Resolution: Special attention shall be given to maintaining existing vegetation in easily erodible soils, to the extent possible. Easily erodible soils within 50 feet of surface water should be blanketed. Wherever erodible soils are present, or where there is not a sufficient vegetative filter strip between the waterbar and a receiving barrels. surface water, the waterbar should be provided with a temporary protective liner.

Limitation: High water table, potentially hydric - high water table is to be expected and many of the soils are potentially hydric. Resolution: Follow E&S plan(s) regarding pumping and dewatering. Discharge of sediment laden water is prohibited unless without first passing through a "Pumped Water Filter Bag".

Limitation: Hydric / hydric inclusions - a soil that is saturated, flooded, or ponded long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic-conditions. When such a soil is in an area that has hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology, a wetland is present. Resolution: Hydric soils that are delineated wetlands, should be avoided to the

extent possible. Staging areas should be located 50 feet from the edge of

CLEAN FILL & ENVIRONMENTAL DUE DILIGENCE

NOI - Earth Disturbance Information - Item 12 If the site will need to import or export material from the site, the responsibility for performing environmental due diligence and determination of clean fill will rest with the contractor. Clean Fill:

Clean fill is defines as uncontaminated, non-water soluble, non-decomposable, inert, solid material. The term includes soil, rock, stone, dredged material, used asphalt, and brick, block or concrete from construction and demolition activities that is separate from other waste and is recognizable as such. The term does not include materials placed in or on the waters of the Commonwealth unless otherwise authorized. (The term "used asphalt" does not include milled asphalt or asphalt that has been processed for re-use).

Clean Fill affected by a spill or release of a regulated substance: Fill materials affected by a spill or release of a regulated substance still qualifies as clean fill provided the testing reveals that the fill material contains concentrations of regulated substances that are below the residential limits in Tables FP-1a and FP-1b found in the Department's policy "Management of Fill".

Any person placing clean fill that has been affected by a spill or release of a regulated substance must use form FP-001 to certify the origin of the fill material and the results of the analytical testing to qualify the material as clean fill. Form FP-001 must be retained by the owner of the property receiving the fill. A copy of Form FP-001 can be found at the end of these instructions

wetland. Movement of vehicles across wetland must be minimized. Where vehicles need to cross wetlands, the use of temporary timber mats shall be used due to the potential for rutting. Trench plugs shall be installed to prevent the trench from draining the wetlands or changing the hydrology.

ability to resist slope failure, such as slumping, flowing, etc. Materials with low shear strength are more susceptible to landslides and embankment failures. Resolution: Precautions should be taken to prevent slope failures due to improper construction practices such as over-steepening and overloading slopes, removal of lateral support, and failure to prevent saturation of slopes. Setbacks should comply with the standards contained in chapter 16 of the, "PADEP - Erosion and Sediment Control Program Manual," unless it can be shown that proposed cuts and fills do not pose a hazard to public safety or surface waters. Also, road fill

Limitation: Slow percolation - permeability rate less than or equal to 0.2 inches/hr. Resolution: BMPs to be inspected after runoff events, make sure there is an adequate area for pumped water discharge.

Limitation: Piping.

Resolution: Piping potential in the soil will be minimized using trench plugs. Furthermore, any planned embankments or permanent impoundments susceptible to piping shall utilize anti-seep collars or filter diaphragms on outlet

imitation: Limited available topsoil Resolution: Any excavated topsoil will be stockpiled and reused. If necessary, additional topsoil will be brought on-site

Limitation: Frost action - the likelihood of upward or lateral expansion of the soil caused by the formation of segregated ice lenses, or frost heave, and the subsequent collapse of the soil and loss of strength on thawing, which can damage roads, buildings, and other structures as well as plant roots. Resolution: Precautions are needed to prevent damage to roadways.

Limitation: Wet soils - some soils may exhibit a high water table or ponding. Resolution: If high water table is encountered, trench dewatering will be employed.

Environmental Due Diligence The applicant must perform environmental due diligence to determine if the fill materials associated with the project qualify as clean fill. Environmental due diligence is defined as: Investigative techniques, including, but not limited to. visual property inspections, electronic data base searches, review of property ownership, review of property use history, Sanborn maps, environmental guestionnaires, transaction screens, analytical testing, environmental assessments or audits. Analytical testing is not a required part of due diligence unless visual inspection and/or review of the past land use of the property indicates that the fill may have been subjected to a spill or release of regulated substance. If the fill may have been affected by a spill or release of a regulated substance, it must be tested to determine if it qualifies as clean fill. Testing should be performed in accordance with Appendix A of the Department's policy "Management of Fill".

Fill material that does not qualify as clean fill is regulated fill. Regulated fill is waste and must be managed in accordance with the Department's municipal or residual waste regulations based on 25 Pa. Code Chapters 287 Residual Waste Management or 271 Municipal Waste Management, whichever is applicable. These regulations are available on-line at www.pacode.com

Frnst Seed Co Mix #126 "Retention Basin Floor Mix - Low Maintenance" Rate: 0.5-1 lbs. per 1000 s.f. Cover Crop: Grain Rye @ 30 lbs./Ac. Fertilizer: 25 Lbs./1,000 s.f./10-20-20 Equiv. = 0.50 Tons/Ac. Lime: 240 lb. per 1000 s.f. = 6 Tons/Ac Mulch: Clean Straw - 140 lb. per 1000 s.f. = 3 Tons/Ac. Provide clean, unchopped or not finely broken straw mulch on all seeded areas that are not blanketed. Straw should be either wheat or oat straw. Anchor Material: Organic Guar-gum Based Tackifier Anchoring Method: Per manufacturer's recommendation. Preferably apply straw and tackifier at the

same time. Anchoring Rate: Per manufacturer's recommendation. (Typ. 20-40 lbs per Acre)

Ernst Seed Co. Mix #181 "Native Steep Slopes Mix with Annual Rye Grass" Rate: 1.5 lb. per 1000 s.f.

Depth (in)

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

Lime: 240 lb. per 1000 s.f. = 6 Tons/Ac Mulch: Clean Straw - 140 lb. per 1000 s.f. = 3 Tons/Ac. Provide clean, unchopped or not finely broken straw mulch on all seeded areas that are not blanketed. Straw should be either wheat or oat straw. Anchor Material: Organic Guar-gum Based Tackifier

Per 1 000 SF

3.1

6.2

9.3

12.4

15.5

18 6

21.7

24.8

Anchoring Method: Per manufacturer's recommendation. Preferably apply straw and tackifier at the same time Anchoring Rate: Per manufacturer's recommendation. (Typ. 20-40 lbs per Acre)

permit bonding of the topsoil to the surface areas and to provide a roughened surface to

prevent topsoil from sliding down slope when the subsoil is excessively wet, or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation. Compacted soils should be scarified 6 to 12 inches along contour wherever possible prior to seeding.

PROPOSED PERMANENT SEEDING - BMP-1

PROPOSED PERMANENT SEEDING - STEEP SLOPES

Fertilizer: 25 Lbs./1.000 s.f./10-20-20 Equiv. = 0.50 Tons/Ac.

TABLE 11.1 Cubic Yards of Topsoil Required for Application to Various Depths

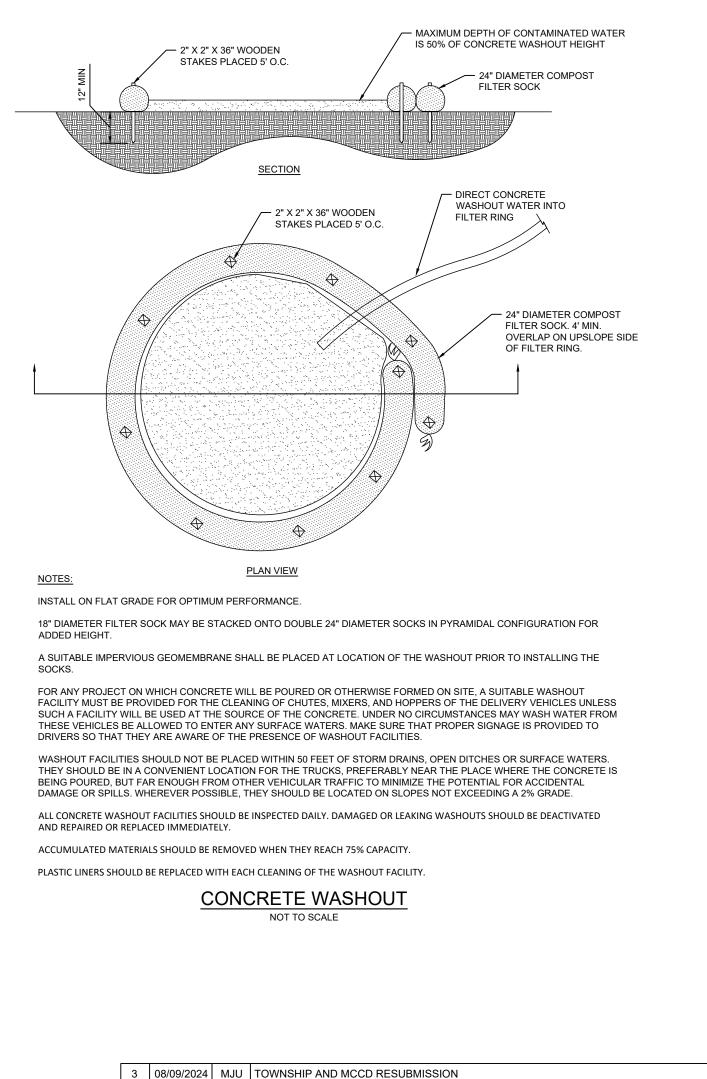
Per Acre	
134	
268	
403	
537	
672	
806	
940	
1074	

Limitation: Low strength / landslide prone - soils with low strength have a lesser material will likely need to be imported in areas where soils have low strength.

		Temporary Seeding	Permanent Seeding
% Purity		85%	95%
% Pure Live Seed		95%	98%
Topsoil Placement Depth		N/A	6 inches
Seeding	Spring	N/A	April 15 - June 15
Season	Fall	N/A	August 15 - November 1

INLET PROTECTION

Inlet #	Drainage Area (Acres)	Inlet Protection Type [
l-1	0.10	Filter Bag	
I-2	0.07	Filter Bag	
YD-1	0.03	Filter Bag	
YD-2	0.03	Filter Bag	
YD-3	0.15	Filter Bag	
YD-4	0.01	Filter Bag	
YD-5	0.01	Filter Bag	
YD-6	0.10	Filter Bag	
YD-RL	0.02	Filter Bag	
El-26	0.12	Filter Bag	
EI-27	0.16	Filter Bag	
EI-42	0.08	Filter Bag	
E-43	0.13	Filter Bag	
E-48	0.14	Filter Bag	
E-49	0.05	Filter Bag	
EI-50	0.22	Filter Bag	
E-51A	0.04	Filter Bag	
EY D-1	0.04	Filter Bag	
EY D-2	0.04	Filter Bag	



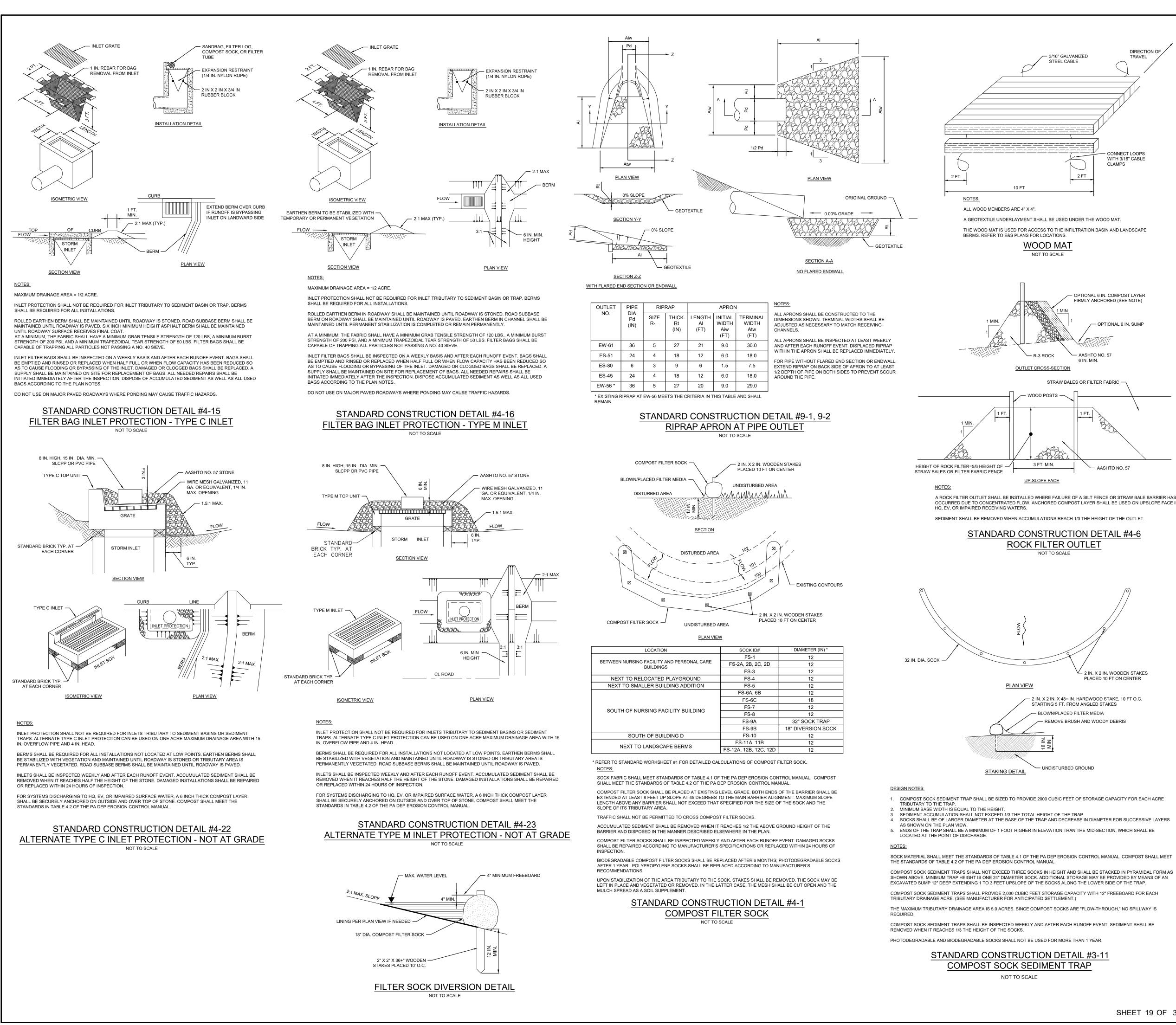
2 05/29/2024 MJU TOWNSHIP AND MCCD RESUBMISSION 1 01/26/2024 YG REVISED PER MCCD 01/04/24 REVIEW COMMENTS. SUBMITTAL TO TOWNSHIP.

Erosion and Sediment Control Notes and Details

ACTS SPRING HOUSE ESTATES

LOWER GWYNEDD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA





048891-

1. COMPOST SOCK SEDIMENT TRAP SHALL BE SIZED TO PROVIDE 2000 CUBIC FEET OF STORAGE CAPACITY FOR EACH ACRE

UNDISTURBED GROUND

- BLOWN/PLACED FILTER MEDIA - REMOVE BRUSH AND WOODY DEBRIS

2 IN. X 2 IN. X 48+ IN. HARDWOOD STAKE, 10 FT O.C. STARTING 5 FT. FROM ANGLED STAKES

- 2 IN. X 2 IN. WOODEN STAKES PLACED 10 FT ON CENTER

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #4-6 ROCK FILTER OUTLE

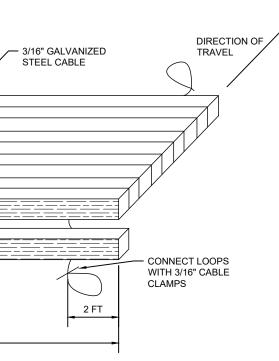
SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN ACCUMULATIONS REACH 1/3 THE HEIGHT OF THE OUTLET.

A ROCK FILTER OUTLET SHALL BE INSTALLED WHERE FAILURE OF A SILT FENCE OR STRAW BALE BARRIER HAS OCCURRED DUE TO CONCENTRATED FLOW. ANCHORED COMPOST LAYER SHALL BE USED ON UPSLOPE FACE IN

- OPTIONAL 6 IN. SUMP AASHTO NO. 5 - R-3 ROCK 6 IN. MIN. OUTLET CROSS-SECTION STRAW BALES OR FILTER FABRIC - WOOD POSTS -3 FT. MIN. AASHTO NO 57 UP-SLOPE FACE

OPTIONAL 6 IN COMPOST LAYER FIRMLY ANCHORED (SEE NOTE)

A GEOTEXTILE UNDERLAYMENT SHALL BE USED UNDER THE WOOD MAT THE WOOD MAT IS USED FOR ACCESS TO THE INFILTRATION BASIN AND LANDSCAPE WOOD MAT NOT TO SCALE



BLANKET EDGES STAPLED

STARTING AT TOP OF SLOPE, ROLL

BLANKETS IN DIRECTION OF

WATER FLOW

AND OVERLAPPED

(4 IN. MIN.)

REPARE SEED BED (INCLUDING APPLICATION OF LIME, FERTILIZER AND SEED) PRIOR TO BLANKET INSTALLATION LITERAL REFER TO MANUF. RECOMMENDED THE BLANKET SHOULD OVERLAP BLANKET ENDS 6 IN. MIN. -STAPLING PATTERN FOR STEEPNESS NOT BE STRETCHED; IT WITH THE UPSLOPE BLANKED MUST MAINTAIN GOOD OVERLYING THE DOWNSLOPE AND LENGTH OF SLOPE BEING SOIL CONTACT BLANKET (SHINGLE STYLE). STAPLE BLANKETED SECURELY NOTES: SEED AND SOIL AMENDMENTS SHALL BE APPLIED ACCORDING TO THE RATES IN THE PLAN DRAWINGS PRIOR TO INSTALLING THE BLANKET PROVIDE ANCHOR TRENCH AT TOE OF SLOPE IN SIMILAR FASHION AS AT TOP OF SLOPE. SLOPE SURFACE SHALL BE FREE OF ROCKS, CLODS, STICKS, AND GRASS. BLANKET SHALL HAVE GOOD CONTINUOUS CONTACT WITH UNDERLYING SOIL THROUGHOUT ENTIRE LENGTH. LAY BLANKET LOOSELY AND STAKE OR STAPLE TO MAINTAIN DIRECT CONTACT WITH SOIL. DO NOT STRETCH BLANKET THE BLANKET SHALL BE STAPLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. BLANKETED AREAS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT UNTIL PERENNIAL VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED TO A MINIMUM UNIFORM 70% COVERAGE THROUGHOUT THE BLANKETED AREA. DAMAGED OR DISPLACED BLANKETS SHALL BE RESTORED OR REPLACED WITHIN 4 CALENDAR DAYS. STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #11-1 EROSION CONTROL BLANKET INSTALLATION NOT TO SCALE WELL VEGETATED, GRASSY AREA DISCHARGE HOSE INTAKE HOSE II TER BA HEAVY DUTY LIFTING STRAPS (RECOMMENDED) PLAN VIEW - DISCHARGE HOSE OPTIONAL COMPOST CLAMPS FILTER SOCK (SEE NOTE) FII TER BA - INTAKE HOSE GRASSY AREA SECTION NOTES: LOW VOLUME FILTER BAGS SHALL BE MADE FROM NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE MATERIAL SEWN WITH HIGH STRENGTH. DOUBLE STITCHED "J" TYPE SEAMS. THEY SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRAPPING PARTICLES LARGER THAN 150 MICRONS. HIGH VOLUME FILTER BAGS SHALL BE MADE FROM WOVEN GEOTEXTILES THAT MEET THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS: PROPERTY TEST METHOD MINIMUM STANDARD AVG WIDE WIDTH STRENGTH ASTM D-4884 60 LB/IN GRAB TENSILE 205 LB ASTM D-4632 PUNCTUR ASTM D-4833 110 LB MULLEN BURS ASTM D-3786 350 PSI UV RESISTANC ASTM D-4355 70% AOS % RETAINED ASTM D-4751 80 SIEVE A SUITABLE MEANS OF ACCESSING THE BAG WITH MACHINERY REQUIRED FOR DISPOSAL PURPOSES SHALL BE PROVIDED. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED WHEN THEY BECOME 1/2 FULL OF SEDIMENT. SPARE BAGS SHALL BE KEPT AVAILABLE FOR REPLACEMENT OF THOSE THAT HAVE FAILED OR ARE FILLED. BAGS SHALL BE PLACED ON STRAPS TO FACILITATE REMOVAL UNLESS BAGS COME WITH LIFTING STRAPS ALREADY ATTACHED. BAGS SHALL BE LOCATED IN WELL-VEGETATED (GRASSY) AREA, AND DISCHARGE ONTO STABLE, EROSION RESISTANT AREAS. WHERE THIS IS NOT POSSIBLE, A GEOTEXTILE UNDERLAYMENT AND FLOW PATH SHALL BE PROVIDED. BAGS MAY BE PLACED ON FILTER STONE TO INCREASE DISCHARGE CAPACITY. BAGS SHALL NOT BE PLACED ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 5%. FOR SLOPES EXCEEDING 5%, CLEAN ROCK OR OTHER NON-ERODIBLE AND NON-POLLUTING MATERIAL MAY BE PLACED UNDER THE BAG TO REDUCE SLOPE STEEPNESS. NO DOWNSLOPE SEDIMENT BARRIER IS REQUIRED FOR MOST INSTALLATIONS, COMPOST BERM OR COMPOST FILTER SOCK SHALL BE INSTALLED BELOW BAGS LOCATED IN HQ. EV. OR IMPAIRED WATERSHEDS, WITHIN 50 FEET OF ANY RECEIVING SURFACE WATER OR WHERE GRASSY AREA IS NOT AVAILABLE. THE PUMP DISCHARGE HOSE SHALL BE INSERTED INTO THE BAGS IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER AND SECURELY CLAMPED. A PIECE OF PVC PIPE IS RECOMMENDED FOR THIS PURPOSE. THE PUMPING RATE SHALL BE NO GREATER THAN 750 GPM OR 1/2 THE MAXIMUM SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER, WHICHEVER IS LESS. PUMP INTAKES SHALL BE FLOATING AND SCREENED. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE INSPECTED DAILY. IF ANY PROBLEM IS DETECTED, PUMPING SHALL CEASE IMMEDIATELY AND NOT RESUME UNTIL THE PROBLEM IS CORRECTED. STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #3-16 PUMPED WATER FILTER BAG NOT TO SCALE 08/09/2024 MJU TOWNSHIP AND MCCD RESUBMISSION 2 05/29/2024 MJU TOWNSHIP AND MCCD RESUBMISSION 1 01/26/2024 YG REVISED PER MCCD 01/04/24 REVIEW COMMENTS. SUBMITTAL TO TOWNSHIP. Erosion and Sediment Control Details ACTS SPRING HOUSE ESTATES LOWER GWYNEDD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA DRAWN BY YG CHECKED BY MJE Tel: (215) 346-8757 Fax: (215) 346-8759 ARTIN J. EUSTACI DATE dina B - 2nd Floc www.eustaceeng.coi

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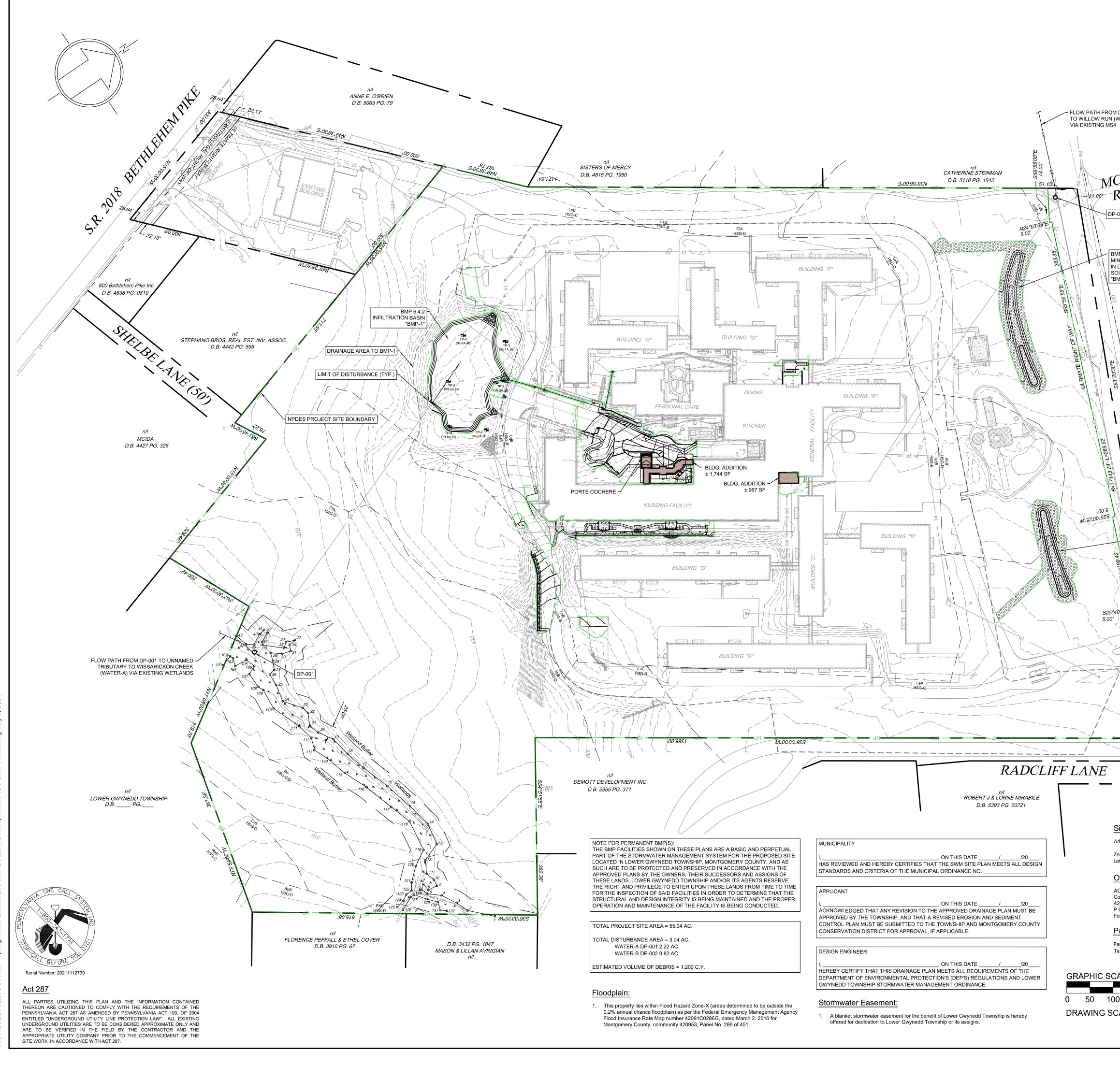
DRAWING No.

D 2373 04 19

INSTALL BEGINNING OF ROLL IN 6 IN.

x 6 IN. ANCHOR TRENCH, STAPLE,

BACKFILL AND COMPACT SOIL





BMP 5.6.2 MINIMIZE SOIL COMPACTION

IN DISTURBED AREAS WITH

SOIL AMENDEMENT

"BMP-2"

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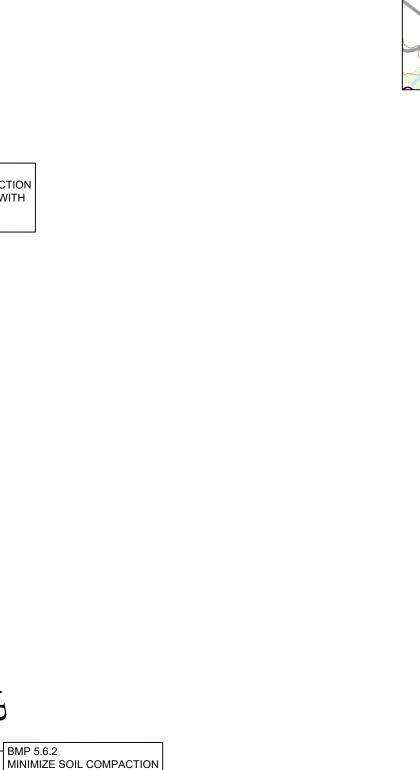
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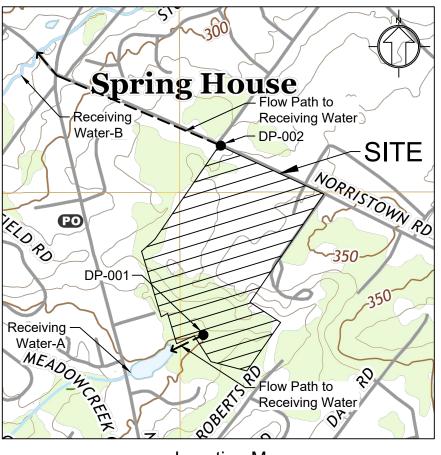
BMP 5.6.2

"BMP-2"

IN DISTURBED AREA

SOIL AMENDEMENT





Location Map Scale: 1" = 1000'

Legend

 \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark

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4.

____ G _____

Property Line Right-of-Way Line Existing Building Existing Curb Existing Wetlands Existing Stream Existing Concrete

Existing Brick Paver

Existing Gravel Existing Contour Existing Index Contour Existing Sanitary Sewer Line Existing Water Line Existing Gas Line Existing Storm Line Existing Electric Line Proposed Building

Proposed Sidewalk

Proposed Curb Proposed Wall

Proposed Gravel

Proposed Soil Amendment

Proposed Contour Proposed Index Contour Relocated Gas Line Relocated Water Line Proposed Storm Line Proposed Inlet and Yard Drain ____ Soil Boundary BMP-1 Drainage Area Limit of Disturbance NP NP NP NP NP NP NP NP NP NPDES Project Site Boundary Discharge Point

YG

MJE

Testing Pit Location

Site Data: Address: 728 Norristown Rd. Lower Gwynedd Township, PA 19002 MF-3B - Multi-Family Residential District Zoned: Lot Area: 55.04 Acres (to R.O.W.) Owner/Applicant: ACTS Retirement-Life Communities, Inc. Corporate Services Center 420 Delaware Drive P.O. Box 2222 Fort Washington, PA 19034 Parcel Information: Parcel ID: 39-00-03025-00-5 Tax Map ID: 39017D004

SHEET 20 OF 34

GRAPHIC SCALE

0 50 100 200 400 DRAWING SCALE: 1" = 100'

3 08/09/2024 MJU TOWNSHIP AND MCCD RESUBMISSION 2 05/29/2024 MJU TOWNSHIP AND MCCD RESUBMISSION 1 01/26/2024 YG REVISED PER MCCD 01/04/24 REVIEW COMMENTS. SUBMITTAL TO TOWNSHIP.

PROFESSION

ARTIN J. EUSTACI

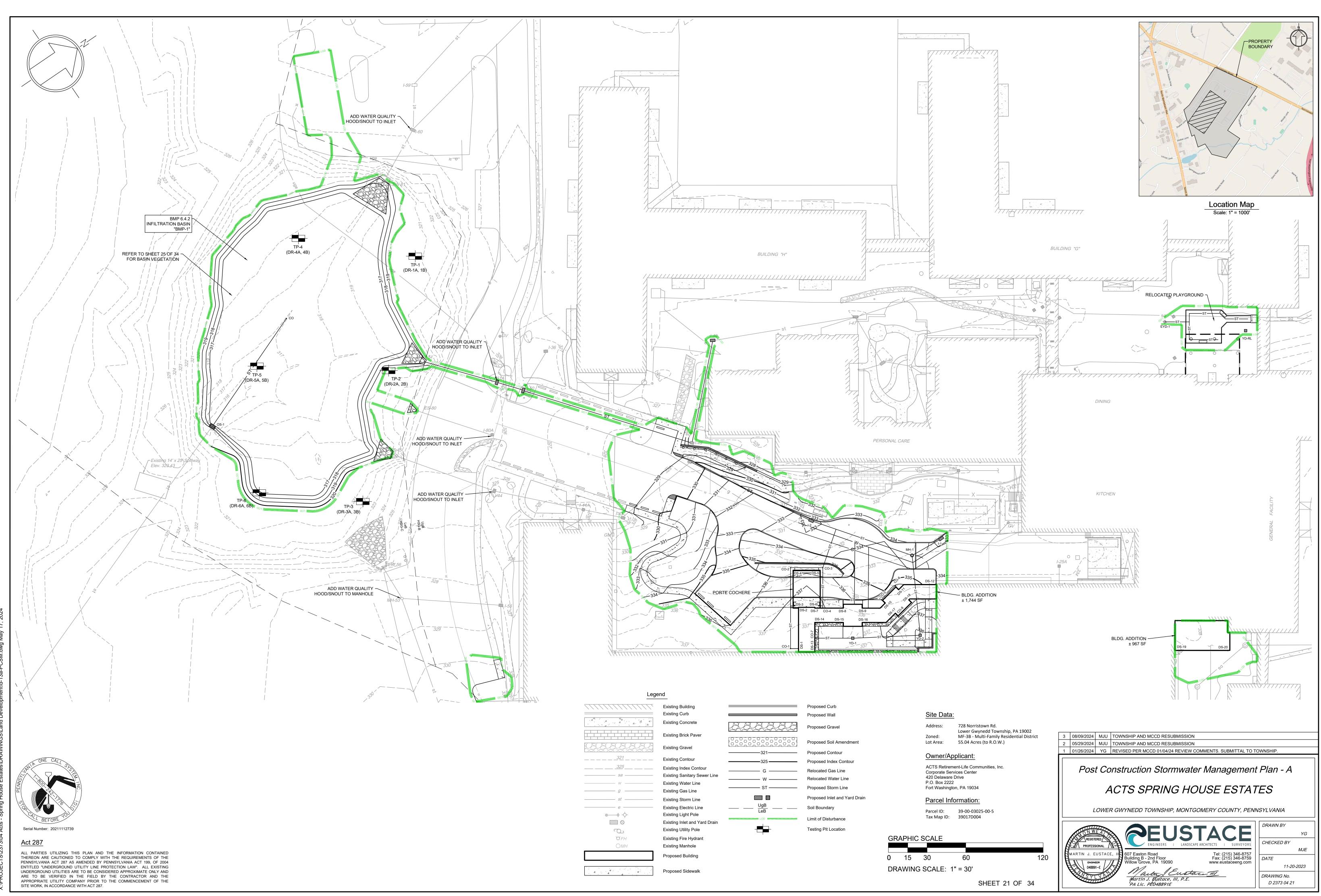
ENGINEEI

Overall Post Construction Stormwater Management Plan

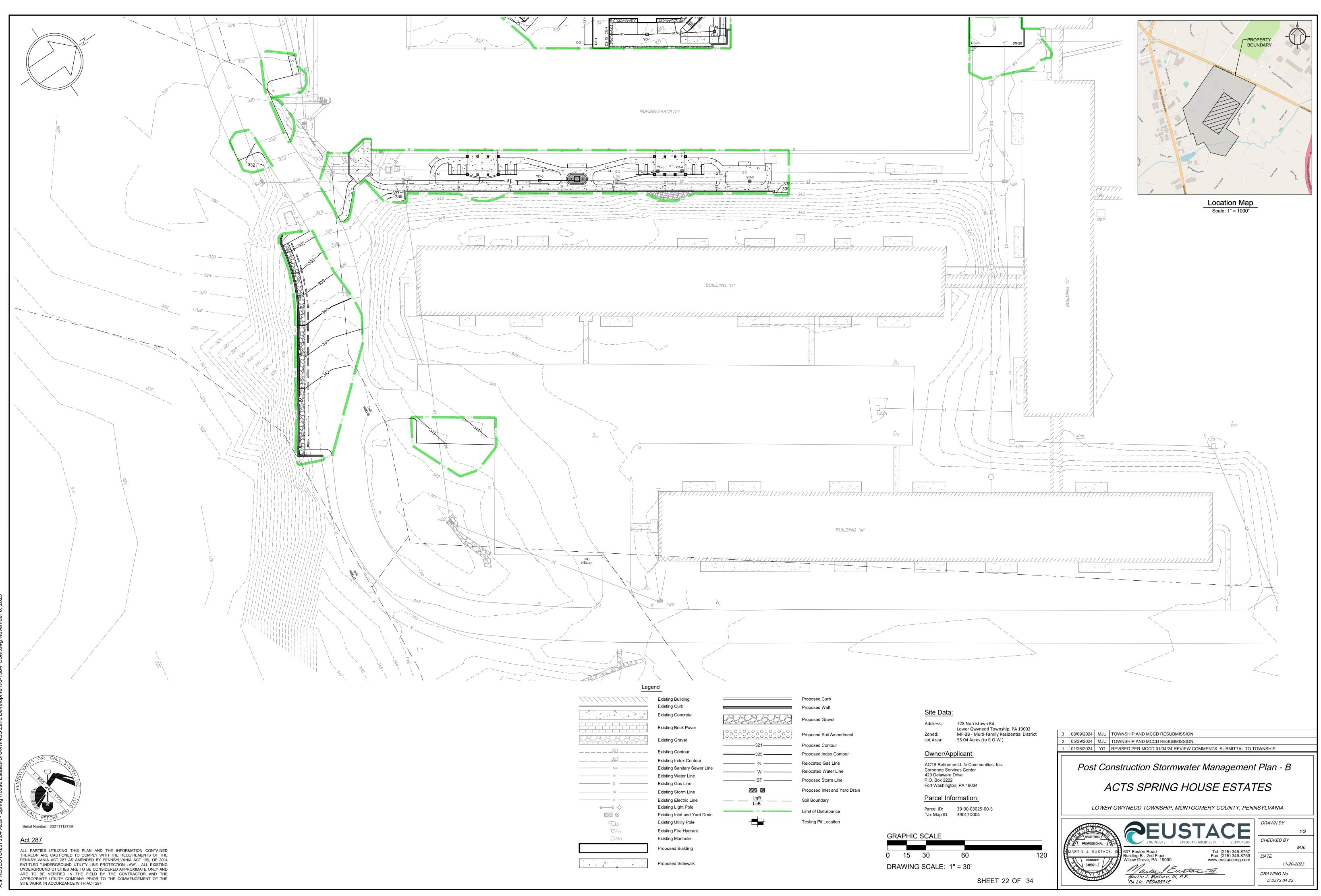
ACTS SPRING HOUSE ESTATES

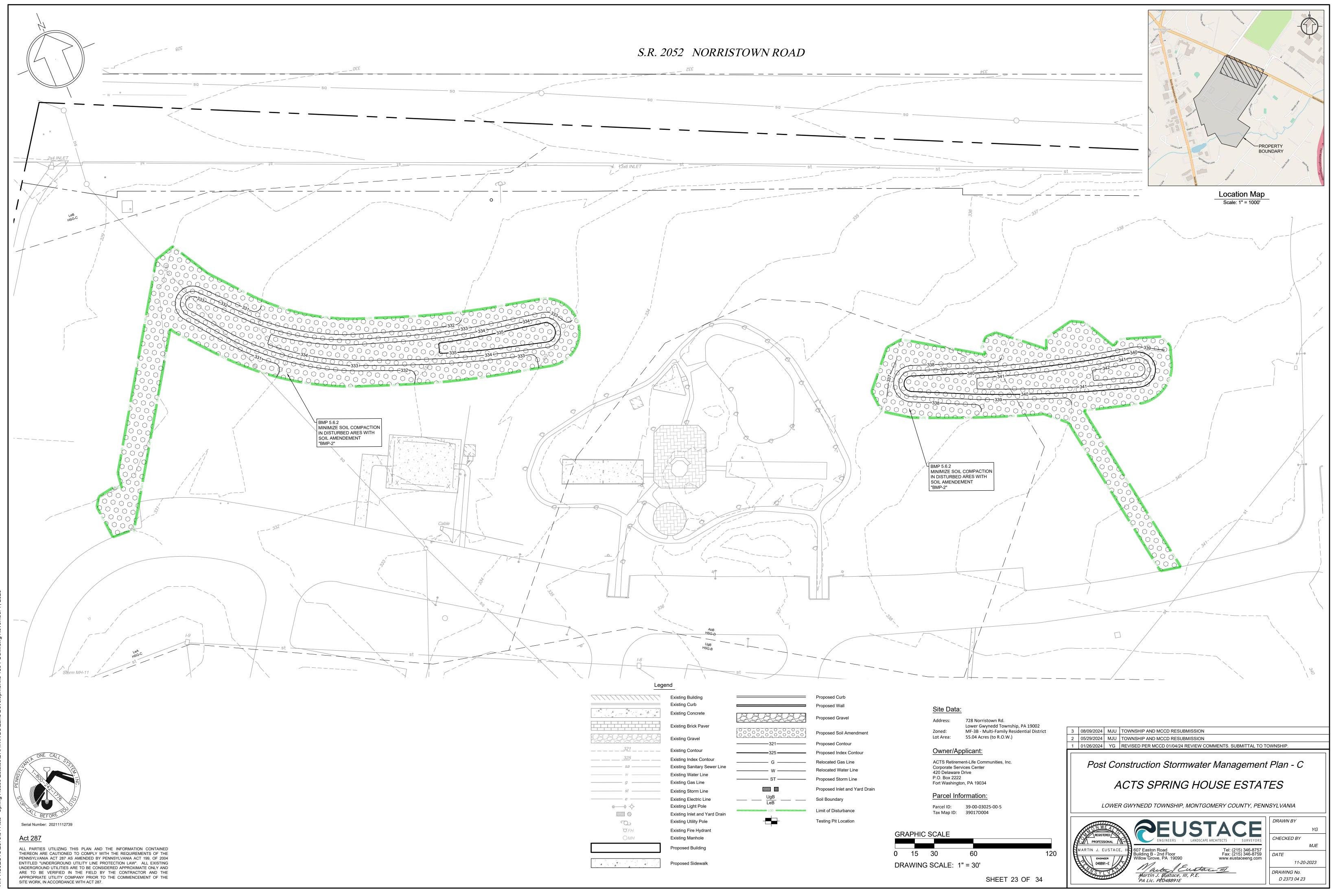
LOWER GWYNEDD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA





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	Existing E Existing C
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	Proposed
	Proposed





GENERAL PCSM PLANNING & DESIGN NOTES

<u>25 Pa. Code § 102.8.(b)</u>

- 1. The proposed improvements will preserve the integrity of stream channels and maintain and protect the physical, chemical and biological and chemical qualities of the received stream by mimicking existing drainage patterns and proposing no increase in postdeveloped runoff, as well as through site design elements like the proposed infiltration basin and soil amendments to meet state and federal requirements.
- Postdeveloped runoff peak rates shall be prevented to have an increase through the use of the
- infiltration basin and restoring existing land covers. Postdeveloped runoff volume shall be minimized through the use of the infiltration basin and soil
- amendments. 4. The applicant has kept the proposed parking counts to the minimum anticipated for the use and located
- the improvements away from the existing riparian areas in an effort to minimize the overall impervious foot print. 5. The proposed stormwater management facility was designed in such manner to minimize changes to existing drainage patterns as noted above, thereby maximizing the protection of existing drainage
- features and existing vegetation 5. The proposed improvements were located in such a manner to minimize disturbance to the existing
- sensitive areas, minimize land clearing and minimize grading Soil compaction will be minimized by limiting construction traffic on non-paved areas, use of low-impact construction methods, and via protective fencing.
- 8. The applicant is incorporating minimized disturbance areas as nonstructural BMPs to minimize and prevent changes in stormwater runoff.

PCSM PLAN PREPARER

<u>25 Pa. Code § 102.8.(e)</u>

Prepared by: Martin J. Eustace, III., P.E. Experience: Since 1988 has prepared numerous sedimentation plans for sites up to 700 acres, located in Bradford, Bucks, Chester, Montgomery, Tioga & Philadelphia Counties.

EXISTING SITE & PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

25 Pa. Code § 102.8.(f)(1),(3),(12)

The project site is located in the Wissahickon Creek Watershed. It consists of retirement centers and homes, nursing home, associated surface parking, open spaces, woodlands, wetlands, and stream. The

existing site areas to be developed contain parking areas, drive aisles, open spaces, and detention basin. The majority of the project site slopes from north to south towards the existing surface water (DP-001). The northern open space slopes from southeast to northwest along Norristown Road and drains to existing municipal storm sewer (DP-002).

No naturally occurring geologic/soil conditions that have the potential to cause pollution are anticipated. The contractor shall coordinate with the geotechnical engineer should any geologic or soil conditions that have the potential to cause pollution are encountered.

The site has been used as retirement centers and homes and nursing home since 1974. Public water and sewer are located within Norristown Road

The proposed improvements include two (2) building additions (+/- 2,711 SF) for the nursing facility, one (1) porte cochere, parking stalls, drive aisles, sidewalks, gardens, landscaping, regrading, storm sewers, and modifying the existing detention basin into an infiltration basin. Access to the site shall be via the entrance off Norristown Road

PROPOSED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

25 Pa. Code § 102.8.(13)

Most of the runoff from the proposed improvements will be conveyed via storm sewers or sheet flow to the infiltration basin BMP-1 then via outlet culvert to the discharge point (DP-001). Runoff from undetained area will be conveyed via sheet flow or shallow concentrated flow through the existing wooded area to DP-001. Runoff from the regraded area in the northern open space will be conveyed via sheet flow or shallow concentrated flow to the existing municipal storm sewer within Norristown Road (DP-002).

The infiltration basin BMP-1 has been designed to reduce the post-developed runoff generated from the disturbed area to the Township allowable peak rates through the use of orifice and outlet structure. Runoff from the undisturbed/off-site area will be safely conveyed through the basin. The basin will discharge via an existing outlet pipe to the existing wetland then to the receiving surface water (Water-A Unnamed Tributary to Wissahickon Creek). PADEP volume reduction, peak rate control, and water quality requirements are being met through the infiltration basin.

Soil amendments will be installed at the regraded area in the northern open space. The area will be restored to the same pervious ground cover as existing. The runoff will discharge to the municipal storm sewer then eventually into the receiving surface water (Water-B Willow Run). PADEP volume reduction and water quality requirements are met through the soil amendments. Peak rate control is not required by the Township for this area as there is no impervious improvements in the area and the earth disturbance is associated with constructing landscape berms.

To minimize thermal impacts to receiving waters, the existing wooded areas will remain, ground level impervious cover is being kept to the minimum required by the use, and proposed impervious surfaces shall be directed to the pervious areas and infiltration basin where runoff can be cooled prior to discharge. Efforts during construction to reduce thermal impacts include use of temporary stabilization and regular removal of sediment from temporary facilities.

SURFACE WATERS

25 Pa. Code § 102.8.(f)(5)

- . Receiving Water A: Unnamed Tributary to Wissahickon Creek-25960218 The designated use of the receiving water under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 93 is TSF (Trout Stocking) and
- MF (Migratory Fishes). The receiving water is neither HQ (High Quality) nor EV (Exceptional Value). The receiving water is impaired for siltation (Category 4a) and flow regime modification (Category 4c). The water has an established TMDL for siltation in the report Total Maximum Daily Load For Sediment and Nutrients Wissahickon Creek Watershed, dated October 9, 2003. The water is identified as Tributary Downstream of Willow Run - East, Segment ID 971217-1015-ACE, Stream Code 884 in the report.
- Receiving Water B: Willow Run-25960082
- The designated use of the receiving water under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 93 is TSF (Trout Stocking) and MF (Migratory Fishes). The receiving water is neither HQ (High Quality) nor EV (Exceptional Value). The receiving water is impaired for siltation (Category 4a) and flow regime modification (Category 4c). The water has an established TMDL for siltation in the report Total Maximum Daily Load For Sediment and Nutrients Wissahickon Creek Watershed, dated October 9, 2003. The water is identified as Willow Run - East, Segment ID 971217-1015-ACE, Stream Code 885 in the report.

RECYCLING OR DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS

25 Pa. Code § 102.8.(f)(11)

The operator shall remove from the site, recycle or dispose of all building materials and wastes in accordance with the Department's Solid Waste Management Regulations at 25 Pa. Code 260.1 et seq., 271.1 et seq., and 287.1 et seq.

Post-construction project wastes from PCSM BMPs include accumulated sediment which should be disposed of properly on-site, debris and trash from PCSM BMPs which shall be collected and placed in containers. The containers will be emptied as necessary by a contract trash disposal service and hauled away from the

RIPARIAN FOREST BUFFER

25 Pa. Code § 102.8.(f)(14)

Wetland boundaries shown on E&S plans are from Record Plan, Job 187-021.01, Drawing No. S0102, Sheet 1 of 16, prepared for Spring House Estates, prepared by Chambers Associates, Inc. (619 Conestoga Road, Villanova, PA 19085), dated February 2, 1999, last revised March 31, 2000. The area designated as protected riparian areas along the existing stream/wetland within the NPDES project

site area is located outside the limit of disturbance. Riparian buffer offsetting is not necessary for this project.

NET CHANGE IN VOLUME AND RATE

25 Pa. Code § 102.8.(f)(4)

50-Yr/24-Hr

100-Yr/24-Hr

DP-002

2-Yr/24-Hr Volume Management (CF)							
	Predeveloped	Postdeveloped					
DP-001 On-Site	11,065	1,398 [1]					
DP-002 On-Site	3,492	3,270					
Peak Rat	te Control (CFS) [2]						
DP-001 On-Site & Off-Site	Predeveloped	Postdeveloped					
2-Yr/24-Hr	20.40	16.39					
10-Yr/24-Hr	22.87	21.08					

[1] Refer to DEP PCSM Spreadsheet - Quality Worksheet for runoff volume
from undetained areas and outflow volume from BMP-1.
[2] Peak rate control per DEP requirements.

25 51

43.64

Not Required by DEP or Township

25.40

43.39

OVERALL SITE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

25 Pa. Code § 102.8.(f)(7) All earth disturbance activities shall proceed in accordance with the following sequence. Each stage shall be completed in compliance with Chapter 102 regulations before any following stage is initiated. Clearing and grubbing shall be limited only to those areas described in each stage.

At least 7 days before starting any earth disturbance activities, the operator shall invite all contractors involved in those activities, the landowner, all appropriate municipal officials, the E&S plan preparer, the licensed design professional, and a representative of the Montgomery County Conservation District to schedule an on-site meeting.

At least 3 days before starting any earth disturbance activities, all contractors involved in those activities shall notify the Pennsylvania One Call System Incorporated at 1-800-242-1776 for buried utilities locations. The contractor shall verify locations and depths of all exiting utilities prior to start of work.

Before implementing any revisions to the approved erosion and sediment control plan, or revisions to other plans which may affect the effectiveness of the approved E&S control plan(s), the operator must receive the approval of the revisions from the Montgomery County Conservation District and Township

Water pumped from work areas shall be treated for sediment removal prior to discharging to a surface water. The operator is responsible for ensuring that any fill or borrow sites used for soil import/export have all applicable approved permits and/or F&S plans

A designated Licensed Professional shall be present during all critical stages of construction. See BMP Construction sequence on PCSM plan

Cessation of activity for 4 days or longer requires temporary stabilization. No more than 15,000 square feet of disturbed area shall reach final grade before initiating seeding and mulching operations. Stabilization of fill slopes shall be in 15-25 foot vertical increments.

- 1. Stake out the limit of disturbance. Install perimeter compost filter sock, sock traps, tree protection fencing, and inlet protection on any exiting inlets as shown on plans.
- 2. Construction vehicles shall enter or exit the site via the existing paved driveway at Norristown Road. Existing paved areas shall be swept regularly throughout the day to prevent soil and sediment from being tracked into undisturbed areas and onto Norristown Road. The sediment shall be recycled or disposed of per notes on this sheet. Dust control shall be provided as
- 3. Upon the installation or stabilization of all perimeter sediment control BMPs and at least 48 hours prior to proceeding with the bulk earth disturbance activities, the operator shall provide notification to the Montgomery County Conservation District, Township, and Township Engineer.
- 4. Strip and stockpile topsoil from areas of proposed building additions, parking, and courtyard. Surround stockpile with compost filter sock and stabilize immediately with temporary seed.
- 5. Saw cut existing paving along proposed paving. Remove existing asphalt, concrete, and miscellaneous existing features.
- 6. Rough grade in the area of improvements. Immediately install stone subbase for paved areas. Stabilize disturbed areas with permanent seeding and mulch and/or place erosion control blankets on all slopes 3:1 or steeper along with permanent lining as noted on plans.
- 7. Begin retaining wall construction.
- 8. Relocate gas line. Construct new inlets, yard drains, and storm pipes. Install inlet protection immediately utilizing appropriate details.
- 9. Begin building foundation and walls.
- 10. Construct underground site utilities including new water and electric line as necessary. 11. Construct curbing and asphalt base course for driveways and parking areas.
- **12. CRITICAL STAGE** Strip topsoil from designated areas for use of landscape berms construction shown on plan. Construct infiltration basin BMP-1. Install rip rap protection at endwalls. Temporarily divert runoff around upslope sides of the infiltration basin to protect from sedimentation. BMP(s) shall be constructed with weather in mind and in such a manner to limit sedimentation within the basin stone/soil media areas while the excavation is open. A pump water filter bag shall be used as necessary
- 13. Complete building construction. Install fencing, gates, lighting, and electrical work. 14. Perform final site grading where necessary. Install asphalt wearing course and concrete sidewalks
- 15. CRITICAL STAGE
- Install lawns, landscape beds, permanent seeding, landscaping, and mulch. Install landscape berms and soil amendments at the northern open space. A licensed professional shall be present to oversee topsoil preparation
- 16. Remove any accumulated sediment from compost filter socks and stabilize elsewhere on site. 17. Contact Montgomery County Conservation District once 70% uniform perennial cover is reached and before any BMP's are removed.
- 18. Remove temporary erosion control measures after all disturbed areas are stabilized with a minimum of 80% vegetative cover. Re-stabilize all areas disturbed due to the removal of temporary erosion control facilities.
- 19. Immediately upon discovering unforeseen circumstances posing the potential for accelerated erosion and/or sediment pollution, the operator shall implement appropriate best management practices to eliminate potential for accelerated erosion and/or sediment pollution.
- 20. Within 30 days after the completion of earth disturbance activities authorized by the permit, including the permanent stabilization of the site and proper installation of PCSM BMP's in accordance with the approved PCSM plan, or upon submission of the NOT if sooner, the permittee shall file with the department or authorized conservation district a stated signed by a licensed professional and by the permittee certifying that work has been performed in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit and approved E&S and PCSM Plans. See BMP Construction sequence on PCSM Plan for critical stages

INFILTRATION BASIN BMP-1 CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE (CRITICAL STAGE)

<u>25 Pa. Code § 102.8.(f)(7)</u>

- 1. The contractor shall review the geotechnical summaries prepared during the development of the site design documents prior to beginning any excavation or earthwork. The contractor shall use lightweight construction equipment and operate outside of the basin footprint whenever possible to prohibit excessive compaction of the basin area.
- 2. Install outlet device. Connect existing discharge pipe to the outlet device. 3. Install inlet protection and BMPs as needed and prevent sediment laden water from entering
- 4. Excavate to bottom of the underdrain pipe trench. Install clean stone and underdrain pipe.
- order to promote infiltration within native soils 6. If any perched water is encountered, it shall be removed by temporary pumping. Pumped water shall be discharged through an approved pumped filter bag and located per PA DEP requirements. Pumping shall be performed under the supervision of a geotechnical engineer. The BMP area shall be dry prior to placing soil media. A licensed professional or designee shall
- be present 7. Place planting soil mix to finished elevation. Perform finish grading within the earth disturbance area. Construction equipment shall not enter areas where soil media has been placed to avoid compaction. Soil media must remain free of sediment. If sediment enters the soil, the contractor
- shall remove the sediment and replace with new soil media. 8. Install permanent seeding per appropriate seed mix or plant per landscape drawings.
- 9. Do not remove inlet protection or other erosion and sediment control measures until the site is fully stabilized.

SOIL AMENDMENT BMP-2 CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE (CRITICAL STAGE) 25 Pa. Code § 102.8.(f)(7)

- 1. Prior to construction, area with proposed soil amendment must be staked out and identified with signage. The area should be protected from excessive sediment and stormwater loads. The contractor shall use lightweight construction equipment and operate outside of the soil amendment area whenever possible to prohibit excessive compaction of the area.
- 2. Complete rough grading to within six inches (6") of final grade.
- 3. Loosen subsoil to a depth of twenty inches (20") and mix in amended soils into top six inches (6") of top of loosened soil
- 4. If using in situ soils, add soil amendments at rates specified on PCSM Detail sheet.
- 5. Install amended soils to finished grades.

- inlets/pipes.
 - 5. Excavate to bottom of soil media. Excavation shall be performed using light weight equipment in

INFILTRATION TESTING SUMMARY TABLE

<u>25 Pa. Code § 102.8.(g)(1)</u>

Earth Engineering Incorporated Infiltration Rates at Test Locations

Infiltration Test Number	Ground Surface ⊟evation (ft.)	Infiltration Depth (ft.)	Infiltration Test ⊟evation (ft.)	Test Interval (min.)	Final Drop in Water Level (in.)	Infiltration Rate (in./hr.)
DR-1A *	200.00	0.50	240.40	20	0.30	0.60
DR-1B *	320.66	2.50	318.16	30	0.50	Rate (in./hr.) 0.60 1.00 1.20 0.33 10.50 8.40 0.43 0.77 >20.00 4.80 0.73
DR-2A *	320,13	2.00	318,13	30	0.60	1.20
DR-2B *	320.13	2.00	310.13	30	0.17	0.33
DR-3A *	321.83	2.00	319.83	10	1.75	el Rate (in./hr.) 0.60 1.00 1.20 0.33 10.50 8.40 0.43 0.77 >20.00 4.80 0.73
DR-3B *	521.05	2.00	515.05	10	1.40	8.40
DR-4A	318.80	1.80	317.00	30	0.22	0.43
DR-4B	510.00	1.00	517.00	50	0.38	Rate (in./hr.) 0.60 1.00 1.20 0.33 10.50 8.40 0.43 0.77 >20.00 4.80 0.73
DR-5A *	216 42	2.00	214 42	10	3.80	>20.00
DR-5B *	316.43	2.00	314.43	10	0.80	4.80
DR-6A *	220 52	2.00	210 52	20	0.37	0.73
DR-6B *	320.53	2.00	318.53	30	0.08	0 17

Geometric Mean = 0.58 in./hr. Design Rate = 0.29 in./hr.

SOILS TYPES, DEPTHS, SLOPES, LIMITATIONS, & RESOLUTIONS

25 Pa. Code § 102.8.(f)(2)

					(1)							LIMIT		S							
MAP UNIT SYMBOL	MAP UNIT NAME	HSG	DEPTH	SLOPE	HYDRIC SOIL RATING	CUTBANKS CAVE	CORROSIVE TO CONCRETE/STEEL	DROUGHTY	EASILY ERODIBLE	FLOODING	DEPTH TO SATURATED ZONE/SEASONAL HIGH WATER TABLE	HYDRIC/HYDRIC INCLUSIONS	LOW STRENGTH/ LANDSLIDE PRONE	SLOW PERCOLATION	PIPING	POOR SOURCE OF TOPSOIL	FROST ACTION	SHRINK - SWELL	POTENTIAL SINKHOLE	PONDING	WETNESS
				W	ITHIN L	IMI	T OF D	IST	URE	BAN	CE										
AbB	Abbottstown silt loam	D	48"	3-8%	No	X	C/S		X		Х	X	X	X	X	X	X				X
LaB	Lansdale loam	В	46"	3-8%	No	X	С	Х					X	X		X	X				
LeA	Lawrenceville silt loam	С	75"	0-3%	No	X	C/S		Х		Х	X	X	X	X		х				X
LeB	Lawrenceville silt loam	С	75"	3-8%	No	X	C/S		X		X	X	X	X	X		X				X
UgB	Urban land	N/A	N/A	0-8%	No																
				OUT	SIDE O	FLI	MIT OI	F DI	STL	JRB	ANCE										
Bo	Bowmansville-Knauers silt loams	C/D	65" / 60"	0-3%	No/Yes	х	C/S	X		X	Х	X	X	х	X	Х	X			X	Х
CfA	Chalfont silt loam	D	70"	0-3%	No	Х	C/S		X		Х	X	X	X	X	Х	X				X
CrA	Croton silt loam, occationally ponded	D	44"	0-3%	Yes	х	C/S		х		Х	X	X	х	X	Х	х			X	Х
CrB	Croton silt loam, occationally ponded	D	44"	3-8%	Yes	х	C/S		Х		Х	X	X	X	X	Х	Х			Х	X
LaC	Lansdale loam	В	46"	8-15%	No	x	С	X					X	X		X	х				
ReB	Readington silt loam	С	58"	3-8%	No	х	C/S		х		Х	Х	X	X	X	Х	х				X
RhB	Reaville silt loam	D	32"	3-8%	No	x	C/S	X	х		х	X		X	X	X	x				X
UrxB	Urban land-Penn complex	N/A / B	6" / 34"	0-8%	No	x	С	X				Х	Х		х	Х	х				
	on: Cutbanks cave, low strength - c	utbanks	have pot	tential t	o cave ar	nd m	any				ow strength										

soils are low strength. Resolution: Contractor shall be aware of potential issues and follow OSHA guidelines for open trenching. Low soil strength is not a concern due to the nature of the proposed project. Utility trenching will not be adversely affected by poor soil

strenath.

Limitation: Corrosive to steel - soils corrosive to steel. Resolution: If steel pipe is used rust protection by coatings and/or use of cathodic protection is recommended

Limitation: Droughty - soils exhibiting a poor moisture-holding capacity, which may limit the vegetative stabilization ability of the soil. Resolution: For droughty soils, contractor to refer to "Table 11-3: Plant Tolerances of Soil Limitation Factors" to select appropriate vegetation. Erosion control blankets

should also be considered in soil conditions that make revegetation difficult (e.g., droughty). When installed properly, erosion control blankets can help hold soil particles in place and retain soil moisture, promoting seed germination. Limitation: Easily erodible.

Resolution: Special attention shall be given to maintaining existing vegetation in easily erodible soils to the extent possible Easily erodible soils within 50 feet of surface water should be blanketed. Wherever erodible soils are present, or where there is not a sufficient vegetative filter strip between the waterbar and a receiving surface water, the waterbar should be provided with a temporary protective liner.

Limitation: High water table, potentially hydric - high water table is to be expected and many of the soils are potentially hydric. Resolution: Follow E&S plan(s) regarding pumping and dewatering. Discharge of sediment laden water is prohibited unless without first passing through a "Pumped Water Filter Bag".

Limitation: Hydric / hydric inclusions - a soil that is saturated, flooded, or ponded long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic-conditions. When such a soil is in an area that has hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology, a wetland is present

Resolution: Hydric soils that are delineated wetlands, should be avoided to the extent possible. Staging areas should be located 50 feet from the edge of wetland. Movement of vehicles across wetland must be minimized. Where vehicles need to cross wetlands, the use of temporary timber mats shall be used due to the potential for rutting. Trench plugs shall be installed to prevent the trench from draining the wetlands or changing the hydrology.

ability to resist slope failure, such as slumping, flowing, etc. Materials with low shear strength are more susceptible to landslides and embankment failures. Resolution: Precautions should be taken to prevent slope failures due to improper construction practices such as over-steepening and overloading slopes, removal of lateral support, and failure to prevent saturation of slopes. Setbacks should comply with the standards contained in chapter 16 of the, "PADEP - Erosion and Sediment Control Program Manual," unless it can be shown that proposed cuts and fills do not pose a hazard to public safety or surface waters. Also, road fill material will likely need to be imported in areas where soils have low strength.

Limitation: Slow percolation - permeability rate less than or equal to 0.2 inches/hr. Resolution: BMPs to be inspected after runoff events, make sure there is an adequate area for pumped water discharge.

Limitation: Piping.

Resolution: Piping potential in the soil will be minimized using trench plugs. Furthermore, any planned embankments or permanent impoundments susceptible to piping shall utilize anti-seep collars or filter diaphragms on outlet barrels.

Limitation: Limited available topsoil Resolution: Any excavated topsoil will be stockpiled and reused. If necessary, additional topsoil will be brought on-site.

Limitation: Frost action - the likelihood of upward or lateral expansion of the soil caused by the formation of segregated ice lenses, or frost heave, and the subsequent collapse of the soil and loss of strength on thawing, which can damage roads, buildings, and other structures as well as plant roots. Resolution: Precautions are needed to prevent damage to roadways.

Limitation: Wet soils - some soils may exhibit a high water table or ponding. Resolution: If high water table is encountered, trench dewatering will be employed.

STORMWATER CONTROL AND BMP OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

25 Pa. Code § 102.8.(f)(10) During the construction activities and until the site is stabilized, all BMPs must be inspected and maintained properly by the contractor. All preventative and remedial maintenance work, including clean-out, repair, replacement, re-grading, re-seeding, re-mulching, and re-netting must be performed immediately and in accordance with these procedures, plans, and details. Any areas disturbed during maintenance must be stabilized immediately in accordance with the general conservation notes and specifications. A written inspection log shall document each inspection, all BMP repairs, all BMP maintenance activities, how access to the PCSM BMPs will provide, and date, time, and name of the person conducting the inspection. The inspection log must be kept on site at all times and made available to the District or State upon request.

Insp

The vegetation along the surface of the Infiltration bas Vehicles should not be parked or driven on an infiltrat Mow only as appropriate for vegetative cover specie

Water vegetation at the end of each day for two wee

Water vegetation regularly to ensure successful esta

Inspect inlet controls, outlet structures, and storage a

Remulch void areas

Inspect vegetation for signs of disease or distress. T Remove floating debris and accumulated petroleum p Remove any invasive vegetation by hand.

Thin overgrow n areas of vegetation. Keep overflow free and clear of leaves.

Inspect soil and repair eroded areas. Remove litter and debris

Clear leaves and debris from overflow Inspect trees and shrubs to evaluate health, replacing

Inspect underdrain cleanouts. Ensure river rock layout is sufficient to dissipate flow

Inspect for sediment build-up, erosion, and vegetative

necessary Evaluate the drain dow n time of the SMP after a store

than 72 hours. Inlets and Manholes - Exist

NOTE: Do not enter any

Inspect structures after several storms to ensure that Identify and control source of sediment contamination Inspect for sediment and debris build-up. Remove sed Inspect all pipe connections and parge ensuring a wa Maintenance: Clean out sediment, leaves, trash, and o

NOTE: Do not enter any

nspect outlet control structures after several storms developing Identify any sources of sediment contamination and c

Inspect all pipe connections and parge ensuring a wa Maintain and cut back vegetation directly surrounding Clean out leaves, trash, and debris, from all structure subsurface pipes, including underdrains, appear to be

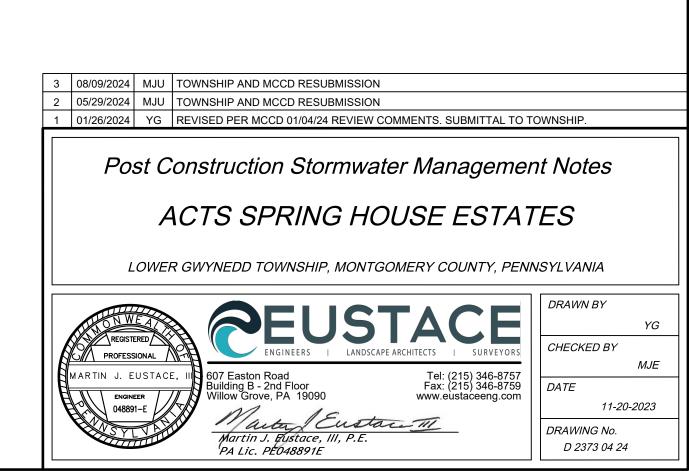
Inspect orifice for debris build-up. nspect Trash Rack for debris build-up. nspect for sediment and debris build-up. Sediment bu

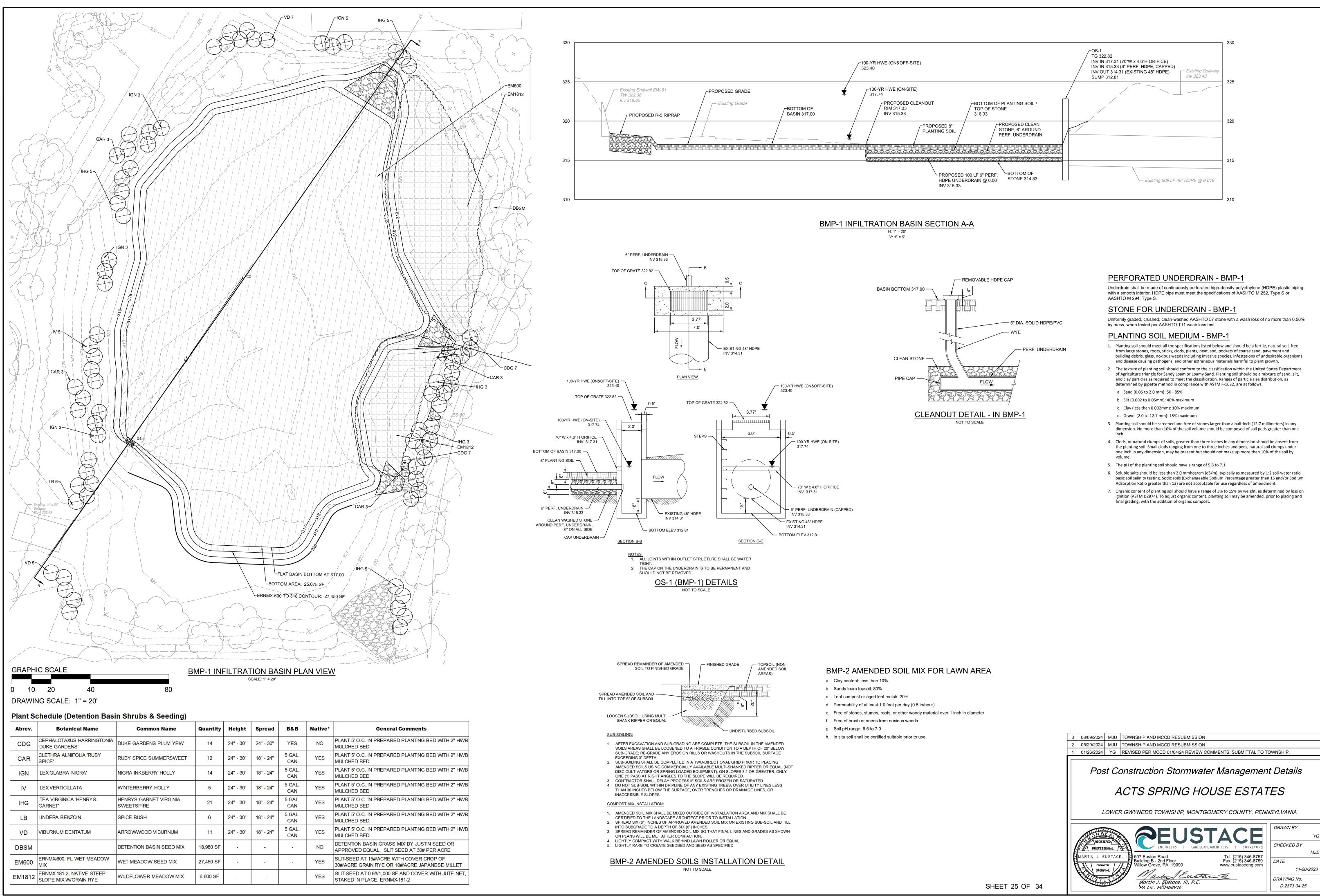
removed.

BMP 5.6.2 - Minimi Inspect for compacted areas. A erate compacted are

Maintenance: Minimum maintenance is required for s

spection and Maintenance Activity	Frequency	Failure Indicators		
BMP 6.4.2 - Infiltration Basin "BMP-1"				
asin should be maintained in good condition, and any bare spots revegetated as soon as	As-needed.			
ation basin, and care should be taken to avoid excessive compaction by mow ers.	Ongoing			
ies.	As-needed.			
eeks after planting is completed.	Daily for tw o w eeks after			
	installation Every four days during			
tablishment after planting.	periods of four or more days without rain, June			
	through August for the first			
	year after installation. Monthly for the first year			
areas for trash and sediment accumulation. Remove debris and sediment as necessary.	after installation	Failure indicators include it the infiltration basin does not		
	Semiannually during	dew ater w ithin 72 hours. Upon observing a failure indicator a qualified individual such as an engineer or soil		
	Grow ing Season Biw eekly for the first year	scientist/engineer shall be consulted to determine the exact		
Treat diseased trees and shrubs or replace as necessary.	after installation/Quarterly	cause of failure. Upon further investigation performed by		
products from the system and all components.	Quarterly	the qualified individual a remediation plan shall be implemented to restore the basin to its original design		
	Remove any invasive vegetation by hand.	capacities. This includes performing additional infiltration		
	Monthly	testing to determine whether the facility has been brought		
	Monthly	back to its original design capacities.		
	Monthly			
	Monthly			
	Monthly			
ng if necessary.	Quarterly			
	Quarterly			
w and check for downstream erosion. Replace river rock as necessary and repair erosion	Quarterly			
ve conditions. Remove sediment build-up, stabilize eroded areas and add vegetation if	Quarterly			
rm of at least one inch in no more than 24-hours to ensure an SMP drain dow n time of less	Concurrent with Storm Events			
sting Inlets & Yard Drains (Typ), I-1, I-2, YD-1, YD-2, YD-3, YD-4, YD-5, YD-	-6, MH-1			
/ confined spaces without proper precautions in place.				
hat they are functioning properly and that there are no erosion problems developing.	Monthly	Excessive ponding around the inlet/drain grates and manhole lids could indicate that there may be		
on w hen in situ soil is exposed or erosion channels are present.	Monthly	sediment/debris buildup. Remove any sediment/debris		
ediment build-up exceeding two inches in depth or if it begins to constrict the flow path.	Semiannually	buildup as needed.		
vatertight seal.	Quarterly			
debris.	Every 3 months.			
Outlet Structure - "OS-1"	1			
/ confined spaces without proper precautions in place. s to ensure that they are functioning properly and that there are no erosion problems	Monthly			
control when in situ soil is exposed or erosion channels are present.	Monthly			
vatertight seal.	Quarterly	Failure indicators include standing water within the		
ng outlet control structures if impairing function of SMP.	Monthly	structure or basin indicating a blockage of the outflow devices. Remediation w ould include removing any		
res, such as grates and orifices (Note: consult with professional vacuum cleaning service if be clogged).	Monthly	obstructions, trash, debris, sediment, etc.		
	Quarterly			
	Quarterly			
puild-up exceeding two inches in depth or that begins to constrict the flow path must be	Quarterly			
nize Soil Compaction in Disturbed Area with Soil Amendment "BMP-2"	I	Failure indicators include overly compacted soil and/or a		
eas as needed.	Annually	lack of grass/vegetative cover. A qualified individual such		
soil amendments. When the soil becomes overlay compacted over time, the soil shall be	As-needed.	as a landscape architect or a soil scientist/engineer sh consulted to determine the exact cause of the failur Remediation shall be in accordance with the qualifier individual's recommendations based on their investiga		





Uniformly graded, crushed, clean-washed AASHTO 57 stone with a wash loss of no more than 0.50%

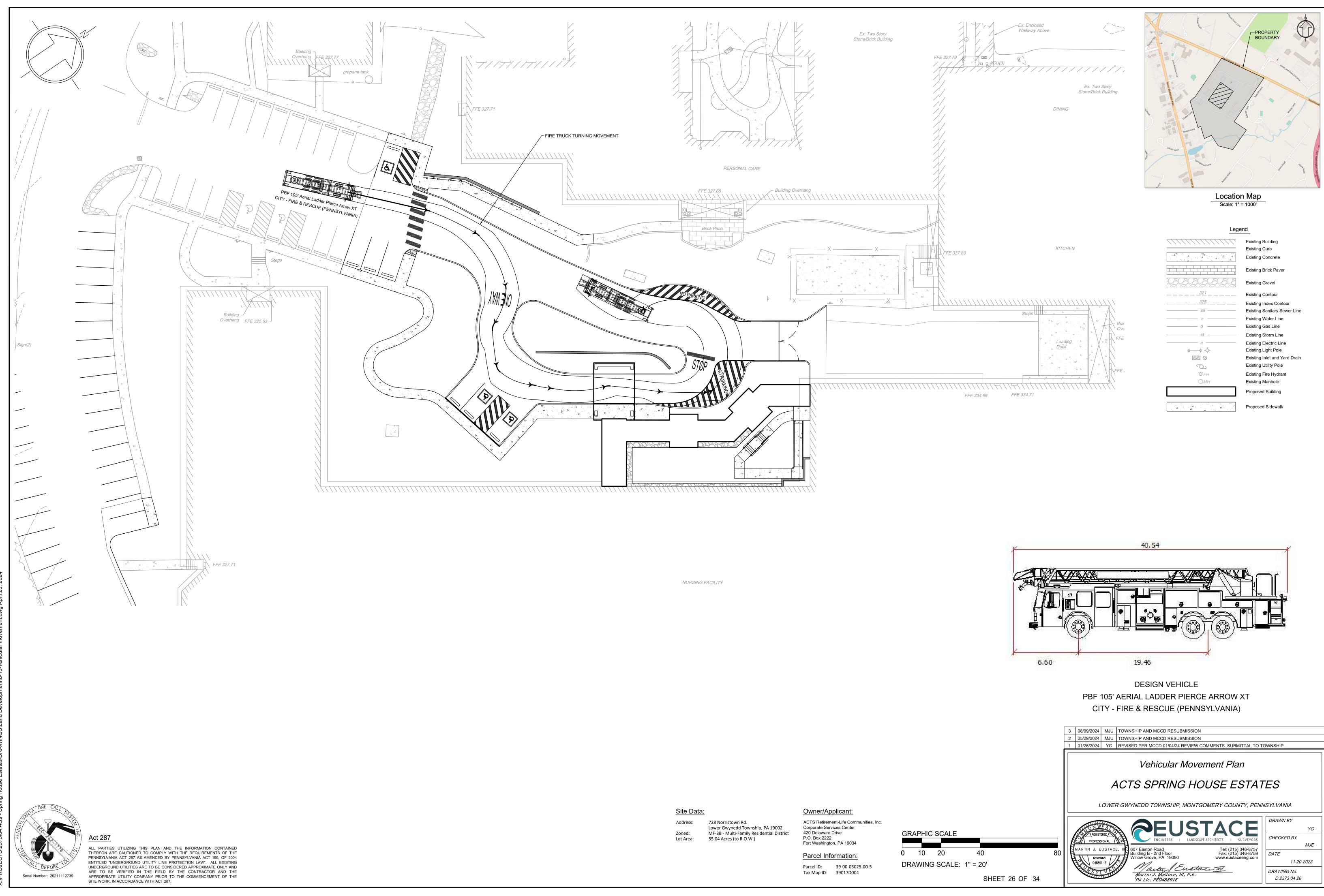
- building debris, glass, noxious weeds including invasive species, infestations of undesirable organisms
- of Agriculture triangle for Sandy Loam or Loamy Sand. Planting soil should be a mixture of sand, silt,

- 6. Soluble salts should be less than 2.0 mmhos/cm (dS/m), typically as measured by 1:2 soil-water ratio basic soil salinity testing. Sodic soils (Exchangeable Sodium Percentage greater than 15 and/or Sodium
- 7. Organic content of planting soil should have a range of 3% to 15% by weight, as determined by loss on ignition (ASTM D2974). To adjust organic content, planting soil may be amended, prior to placing and

Post Construction Stormwater Management Details DRAWN BY

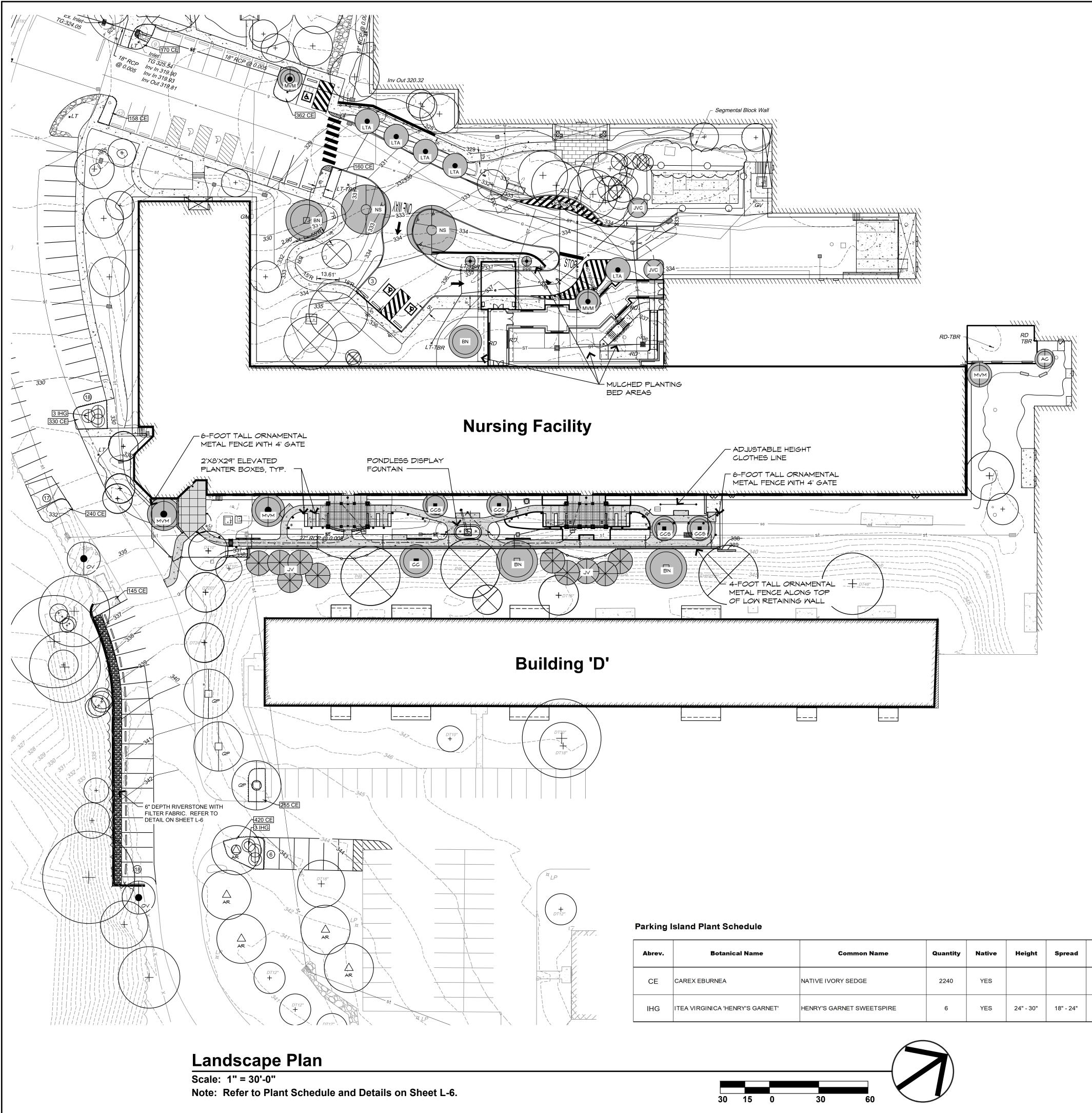
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Spring House	PROPERTY BOUNDARY
	References and a second
tocurre Lane Sorting Code Lane asset	where the second

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Abrev.	Botanical Name	Common Name	Quantity	Native	Height	Spread	Root	
CE	CAREX EBURNEA	NATIVE IVORY SEDGE	2240	YES			32 PER TRAY	PLAN SHRE DEPT
IHG	ITEA VIRGINICA 'HENRY'S GARNET'	HENRY'S GARNET SWEETSPIRE	6	YES	24" - 30"	18" - 24"	5 GAL. CAN	MATC

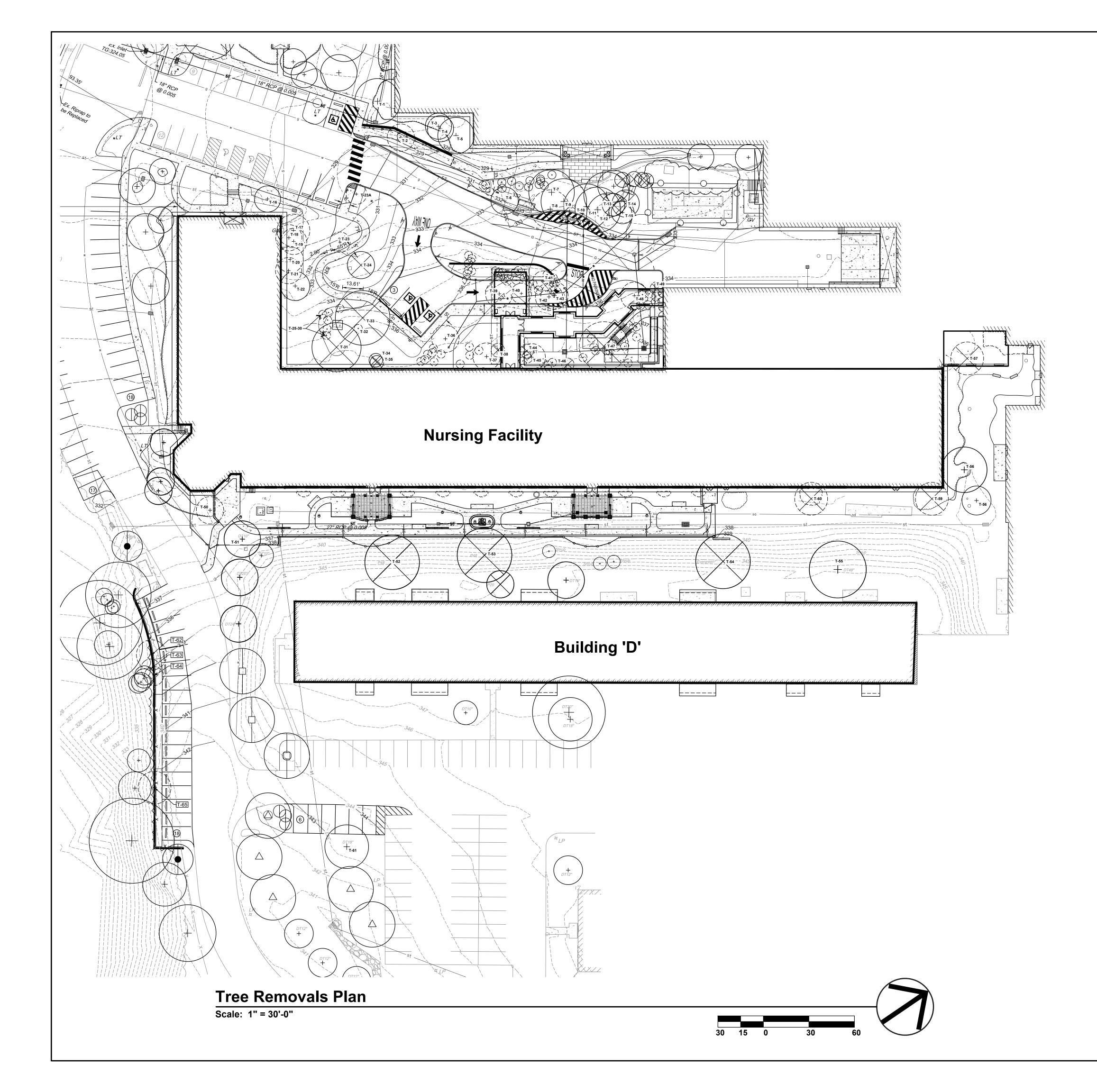
TYPE OF PLANTING	TOWNSHIP REQUIREMENT	QUANTITY REQUIRED	QUANTITY PROVIDED
ALDO 1230.41(g) Parking t Landscaping	a minimum of 10% of any parking area in excess of 2,000 SF gross area shall be devoted to landscaping	2,740 SF parking area added (16 spaces at 9x19) = 276 SF green area required	274 SF of plantings added to existing island area.
ALDO 1230.41(i) eplacement of Existing Trees	Refer to se	eparate Replacement Tree Table below.	
ALDO 1230.42(a)(1) Street ees	Street trees shall be planted at the frequency of at least two shade trees per 40 feet of street length.	Not Required. The proposed developr this site. Some replacement trees are	ment has no impact on street frontages of proposed along Norristown Road.
ALDO 1230.42(a)(2) etention Basin Landscaping	One shade tree per 30 feet of basin perimeter. Up to 50% of shade trees may be substituted with flowering trees at the rate of two flowering trees per required shade tree.	Basin Perimeter: 921 LF 921 LF/30 = 31 Shade Trees	Existing Shade Trees ¹ : 41
ALDO 1230.42(e)(1) Buffer antings	One shade tree, one evergreen tree and one shrub per 30 feet of buffer yard	Not Required. Proposed building add and do not affect the existing mature b	ition and sitework are interior to the site ouffer vegetation.
ALDO 1230.42(e)(2) Interior	Two shade trees per unit.	Not Required. Due to the proposed re beds is to be reduced.	novation, the number of skilled nursing
ALDO 1230.42(e)(3) Parking ea Landscaping	One shade tree per 2 vehicle parking spaces	22 Parking Spaces Proposed 11 Shade Trees Required (1 Shade Tree per 2 spaces)	10 New Shade Trees Provided plus 1 Existing Shade Tree to Remain
ALDO 1230.43(b)(1) Native anting Requirements	No less than 75% of trees, shrubs and perennials shall be native to the area.	75% of Trees; 75% of Shrubs; 75% of Perennials	Complies
ALDO SMO 241-402(d)(1) Detention asin Landscape equirements	There shall be a minimum of one approved tree and five approved shrubs per 2,500 cubic feet of basin storage at the 100-year storm design elevation.	Storage to be Added: 39,779 CF <u>Plantings Required</u> : 39,779/2,500 = 15.91 = 16 Trees 15.91 X 5 = 79.55 = 80 Shrubs	41 Existing Shade Trees ¹ 28 Evergreen Shrubs 52 Deciduous Shrubs (80 Total Shrubs)
ALDO SMO 41-402(d)(2) Detention asin Landscape equirements	The trees shall be a combination of shade, flowering and evergreen tree types, and shrubs shall be a combination of deciduous, needled and broadleaf evergreen types.		Complies, See Above
LDO SMO 41-402(d)(3) Detention Isin Landscape equirements	A wildflower mixture with meadow grasses shall be utilized for ground cover for a minimum of 20% of the basin perimeter where the probability of erosion is minimal.	Basin Perimeter Area: 29,300 SF 20% of Basin Perimeter: 5,830 SF	>5,860 SF of Wildflower Meadow Proposed
LDO SMO 41-402(g) Detention Basin ndscape Requirements	Native deciduous trees shall be a minimum of three to 3 1/2 inches in caliper, native shrubs shall be a minimum of 24 inches to 36 inches in height, and native evergreen trees shall be a minimum of six feet to eight feet in height at the time of installation.		Complies, Refer to Plant Schedules Sheets L-4 & L-6.
	Shade Trees: Shrubs:	42 80	10 plus 42 Existing 80
Existing shade trees to reain	within 40 feet of the overflow elevation of the basin ar	e counted as existing trees toward basi	n landscape requirements.
TOUGO			
	IP LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENT		
TYPE OF PLANTI	NG TOWNSHIP REQUIREMENT	QUANTITY REQUIRED	QUANTITY PROVIDED

124

1)

TYPE OF PLANTING	TOWNSHIP REQUIREMENT	QUANTITY REQUIRED	QUANTITY PROVIDED			
SALDO 1230.41(a)(i) Replacement of Existing Trees	Existing trees of 6" or more caliper measured at 6" above grade shall be replaced with plants from Section 1230.43 having a total caliper equal to or greater than the trees removed	218 caliper inches of trees removed = 218 caliper inches of new Native plants required	A minimum of 218 caliper inches of new native plants to be planted as replacement trees.			
	PLANTING SIZE	CALIPER COUNTED PER TREE	CALIPER PROVIDED			
Native Shade Trees	4" Minimum Caliper	4"	10 Trees @4 = 40.0			
Native Shade Trees	3" Minimum Caliper	3"	20 Trees @3 = 60.0			
Native Shade Trees	2.5" Minimum Caliper	2.5"	2 Trees @2.5 = 5.0			
Native Flowering Trees	2.5" Min. Caliper, 8' - 9' Height	2.5"	24 Trees @2.5 = 60.0			
Native Evergreen Trees	3" Min. Caliper, 8' - 9' Height	3"	17 Trees @3 = 51.0			
Native Evergreen Trees	2" Min. Caliper, 5' - 6' Height	2"	2 Trees @2 = 4.0			
	Total Replacement C	Total Replacement Caliper to be Provided on Site:				
	Total R	218				

	308/09/2024CBITOWNSHIP AND MCCD RESUBMISSION205/29/2024CBIREVISED PER 3/14/24 TOWNSHIP COMMENTS101/26/2024CBIREVISED PER MCCD 01/04/24 REVIEW COMMENTS. SUBMITTAL TO TOWNSHIP.
General Comments	Landscape Plan
IT 10" ON CENTER IN CONTINUOUS EDDED HARDWOOD BARK MULCH BED, 2" TH	SPRING HOUSE ESTATES
CHED PLANTS, BRANCHED TO GROUND	LOWER GWYNEDD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
	CBI
SHEET 27 OF 34	607 Easton Road Tel: (215) 346-8757 Building B - 2nd Floor Fax: (215) 346-8759 Willow Grove, PA 19090 www.eustaceeng.com Muchaely. When DATE DRAWING No. DRAWING No.
Existing site conditions and dimensions shall be verified by Contractor Consultant notified of any discrepencies before proceeding with con	r and the PA Lic RI A001127E



PLAN OCATION NUMBER	CALIPER INCHES/ SIZE	*SINGLE TREE EQUIVALENT	SPECIES	TO BE REMOVED YES/NO	CALIPER INCHES TO BE REPLACED	CONDITION/ NOTES
T-1	10		Ornamental Cherry	TES/NO	REPLACED	
T-2	12		Japanese Zelkova	YES	12	
T-3	6		Ornamental Cherry			
T-4	6		Removed			
T-5	15		Dawn Redwood			
T-6	12		Callery Pear			
T-7	12		Dawn Redwood			
T-8	12		Japanese Zelkova	YES	12	
T-9	4		Dawn Redwood			
T-10	10		Dawn Redwood			
T-11	15		Dawn Redwood			
T-12	10		Japanese Zelkova			
T-13	8		White Pine			
T-14	14		White Pine			
T-15	10		White Pine			
T-16	10		Ornamental Cherry			
T-17	10		Callery Pear	YES	10	
T-18	6		shrub	YES	0	Overgrown shrub
T-19	6		shrub	YES	0	Overgrown shrub
T-20	6		shrub	YES	0	Overgrown shrub
T-21	6		shrub	YES	0	Overgrown shrub
T-22	24		shrub			
T-23	4		Ornamental Cherry	YES	0	**poor condition, <6" caliper
T-23A	9		Callery Pear	YES	9	
T-24	12		Dawn Redwood			
T-25	6		American Arborvitae	YES	0	
T-26	6		American Arborvitae	YES	0	American Arborviatae is listed as
T-27	6		American Arborvitae	YES	0	shrub in Table 3 of the Landscap
T-28	6		American Arborvitae	YES	0	Ordinance therefore this species not included in tree replacemen
T-29	6		American Arborvitae	YES	0	calculations. ***
T-30	6		American Arborvitae	YES	0	
T-31	20		White Pine			
T-32			American Arborvitae, Missing			Removed after survey
T-33	24		Dawn Redwood			
T-34	6		False Cypress			Too close to foundation, we
T-35	6		False Cypress			recommend removal without pena
T-36	6		Ornamental Cherry	YES	6	
T-37	10		False Cypress	YES	10	
T-38	6		False Cypress	YES	6	
T-39	16		Dawn Redwood	YES	16	
T-40	6		Ornamental Cherry	YES	6	
T-41	6		Callery Pear	YES	6	
T-42	10		Dawn Redwood	YES	10	
T-43	10		Dawn Redwood	YES	10	
T-44	2		shrub	YES	0	
T-45	10		Ornamental Cherry	YES	10	
T-46	8		Cedar	YES	8	
T-47	20		White Pine	YES	20	
T-48	18		Japanese Zelkova	YES	18	
T-49	2		False Cypress	YES	2	
T-50	9		Callery Pear	YES	9	
T-51	11		Oak			
T-52	31		White Pine			
T-53	31		White Pine			
T-54	31		White Pine			
T-55	31		Ornamental Cherry			
T-56	10		Kousa Dogwood			
T-57		12	American Arborvitae	YES	0	*** Not included in calculations
T-58		30	Ornamental Cherry			** Multi-stem tree
T-59		24	American Arborvitae	YES	0	*** Not included in calculations
T-60		60	American Arborvitae	YES	0	*** Not included in calculations
T-61	18		Unknown Canopy Tree		0	
T-62	10		Maple	YES	10	
		1	Maple	YES	9	In existing woodland adjacent to
T-63	9		INIADIE		•	
	9		Maple	YES	9	proposed retaining wall.

*

Multi-stem trees converted to equivalent single stem trees based on equivalent cross-sectional area of 4" and larger stems.

** Trees that are 75% or more dead are to be removed without penalty. ***

Landscape Ordinance, Table 3 lists American Arborvitae as a shrub, therefore this species is not included in replacement requirements.

3 08/09/2024 CBI TOWNSHIP AND MCCD RESUBMISSION

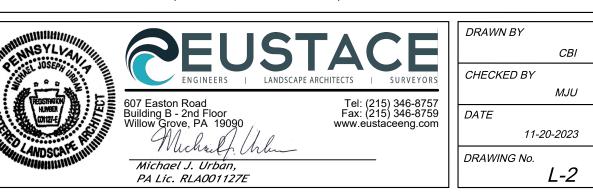
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 05/29/2024
 CBI
 REVISED PER 3/14/24 TOWNSHIP COMMENTS

 1
 01/26/2024
 CBI
 REVISED PER MCCD 01/04/24 REVIEW COMMENTS. SUBMITTAL TO TOWNSHIP.

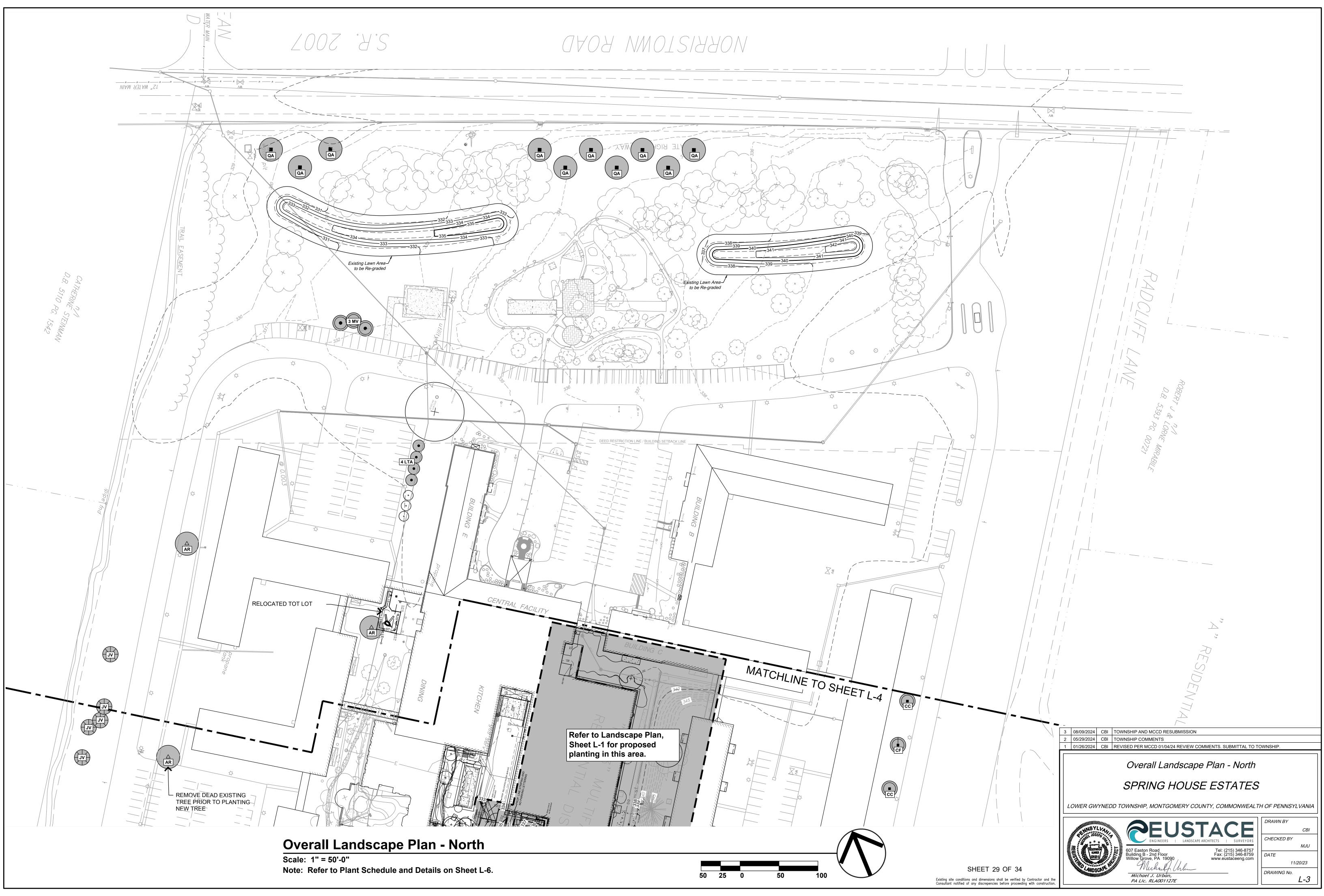


SPRING HOUSE ESTATES

LOWER GWYNEDD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA



SHEET 28 OF 34 Existing site conditions and dimensions shall be verified by Contractor and the Consultant notified of any discrepencies before proceeding with construction.



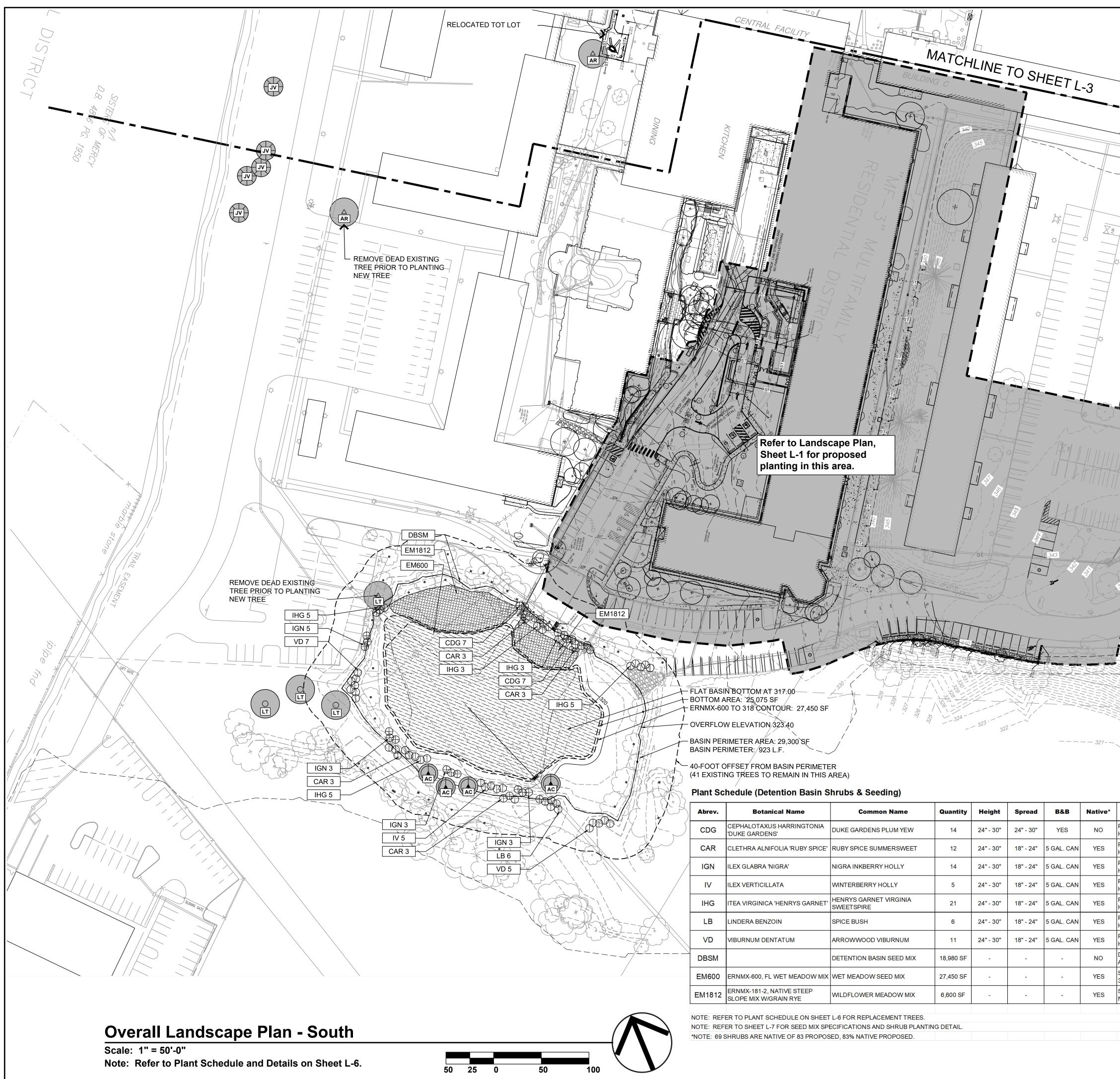
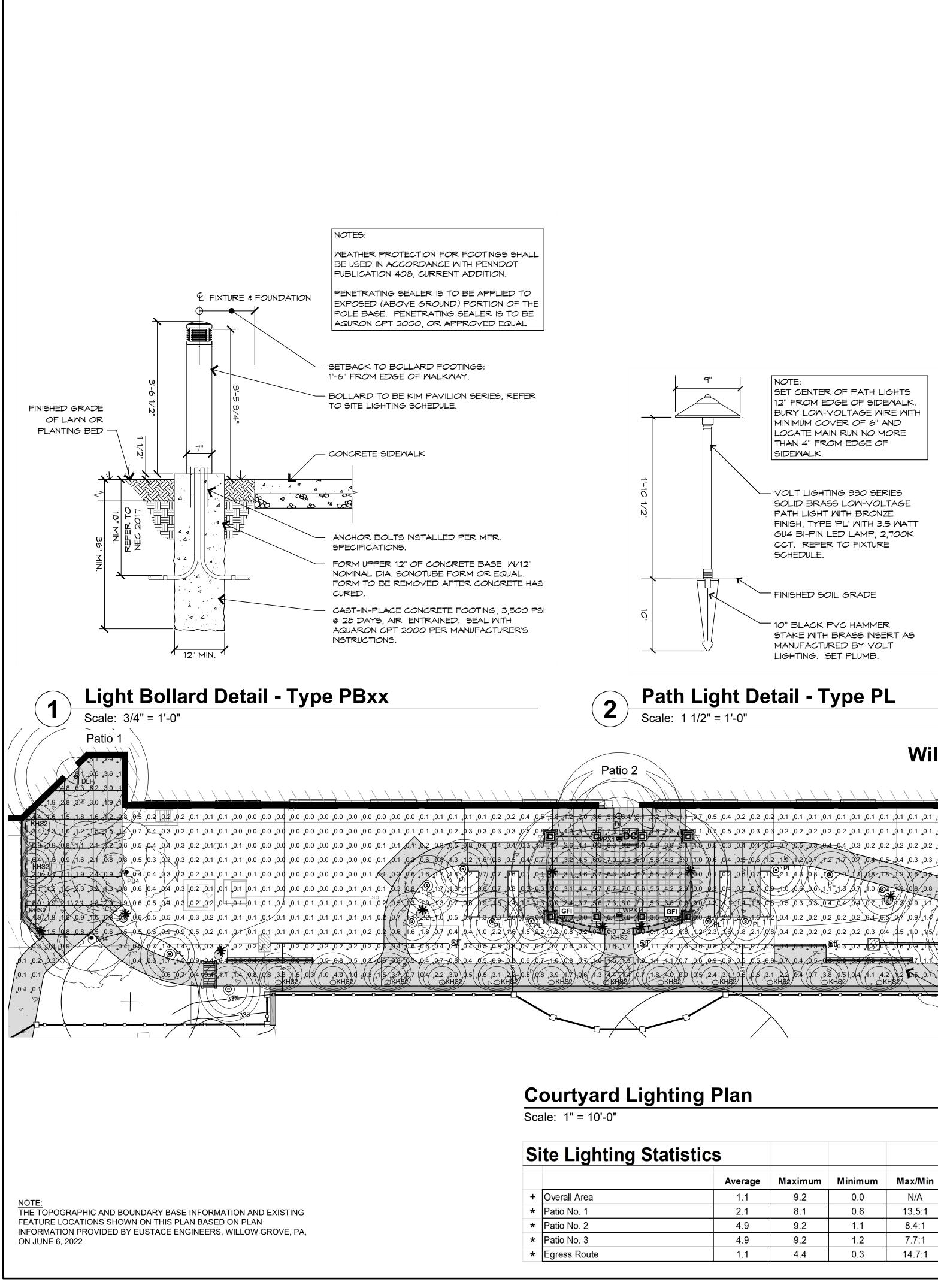
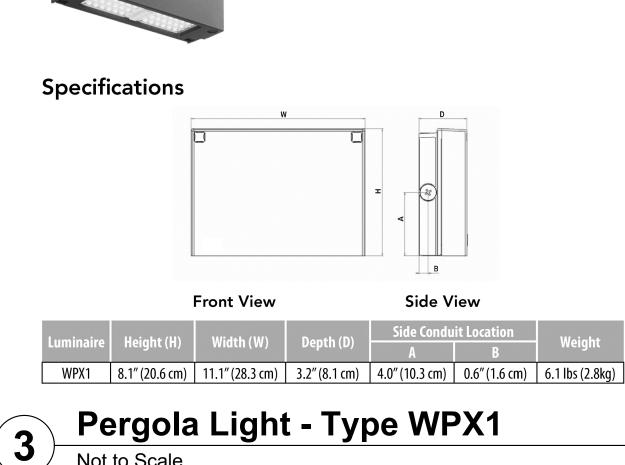


Image: Construction of the construc	
SHEET 30 OF 34	Image: Construction of the construc



Label	Phase 1 Quantity	Phase 2 Quantity	Total Quantity	Catalog Number	Mounting Height	Footing Height	Description	Design File	Lamp Lumens	LLF	Color Temp.	Watts
ARCHITEC	FURAL FIXTU	URES - Refe	r to Archited	ct's Plans and Schedules,Fixtures show	wn are subject f	o revision by Arc	chitect, for Reference Only					
DC	1	1	2		34"-48"		Card access and door operator controls for access to building at Patios 2 and 3. Refer to Electrical Plans by others.					
DL	1	1	2	3JBK-RD-30K-90CRI	7.33	NONE	Lithonia 3" diameter retrofit downlight	3JBK-RD-30K-90CRI.ies	502	0.90	3,000	7
DLH	1	0	1	FSCDL8/MV/010V/LED	7.33	NONE	Halco 8" diameter retrofit LED downliight	FLSCL8MV010VLED.ies	1,050	0.90	3,000	12
ROPOSE	FIXTURES	AND DEVICI	ES - SHEET	L-5 ONLY								
GFI	2	2	4		16"	NONE	Weather Resistant GFCI Duplex Outlet with in use cover					
KHS2	28	0	28	16102-SD-27	VARIES	NONE	Kichler adjustable hardscape light, 12" LENGTH	16102-photometric-report.ies	85	0.90	2,700	2
PB4	2	0	2	PA7R-CT-LV4-12L-010-3K7-42A-ROP- DBT-120	3.2	0.25	KIM Pavilion PA7R, Type 4, 14W LED with 2 Weather Resistant GFCI Duplex Devices	PA7R-LV4-12L-010-3K7.ies	576	0.90	3,000	14
PB4X	1	0	1	PA7R-CT-LV4-12L-010-3K7-42A-ROP- DBT-120	3.2	0.25	KIM Pavilion PA7R, Type 4, 22W LED with 2 Weather Resistant GFCI Duplex Devices	PA7R-LV4-12L-020-3K7.ies	878	0.90	3,000	14
PB5X	2	0	2	PA7R-CT-LV4-12L-020-3K7-42A-ROP- DBT-120	3.2	0.25	KIM Pavilion PA7R, Type 5, 22W LED with 2 Weather Resistant GFCI Duplex Devices	PA7R-LV5-12L-020-3K7.ies	887	0.90	3,000	14
PL	18	10	28	BDL-330-BBZ with VAC-STK2-10-BBK and 3.5w GU4-2700k LED lamp	1.9	Flush	VOLT LIGHTING 330 Series Max Spread Path Light in Bronze Finish with 10" PVC Hammer Stake with Brass Insert	Maxspread w GU4-35-27.ies	183	0.70	2,700	4
PLT	1	0	1	VTR-300-SS-J1-BUNDLE	Wall Mt.	NONE	VOLT LIGHTING 300w Toroidal Transformer with Stainless Steel (Extension Combo Kit with Swivel Mount, 12v, 13v, 14v & 15v taps					300
WPX1	2	2	4	WPX1-LED-P1-30K-MVOLT-DWHXD	7.33	Mount on Pergola Beam	Lithonia WPX1-P1, 3000K CCT	WPX1-LED-P1-30K-MVOLT.ies	1,537	0.90	3,000	12



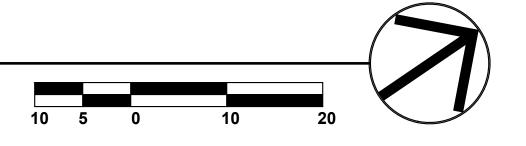
WPX LED Wall Packs

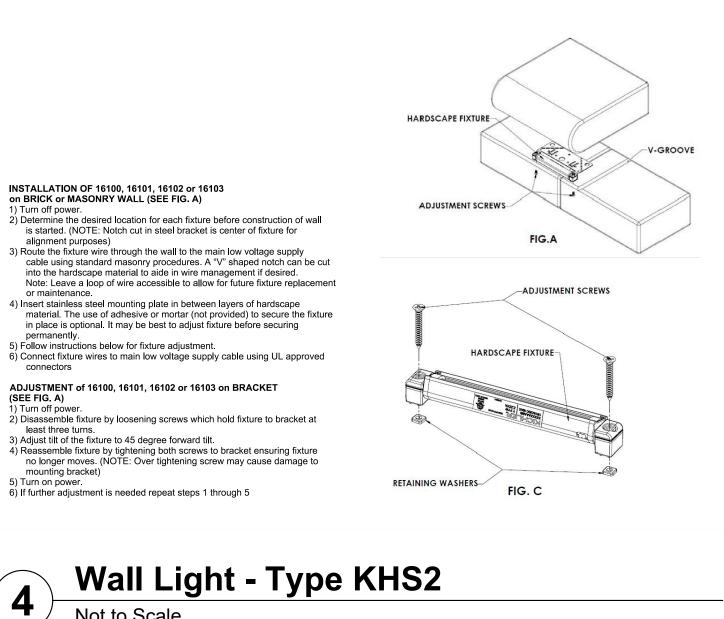
Willow Brooks Court

Not to Scale

	WillowBrooke Court		
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	Egress Route		
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\ \		3 08/09/2024 CBI TOWNSHIP AND MCCD RESUBMISS	
		2 05/29/2024 CBI TOWNSHIP COMMENTS	

g Statis	tics				
	Average	Maximum	Minimum	Max/Min	Avg/Min
	1.1	9.2	0.0	N/A	N/A
	2.1	8.1	0.6	13.5:1	3.5:1
	4.9	9.2	1.1	8.4:1	4.5:1
	4.9	9.2	1.2	7.7:1	4.1:1
	1.1	4.4	0.3	14.7:1	3.7:1





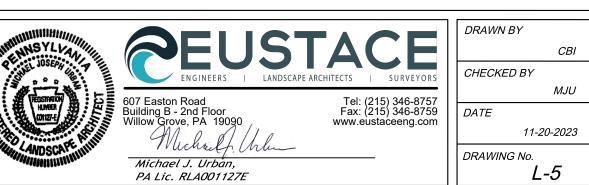
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01/26/2024 CBI REVISED PER MCCD 01/04/24 REVIEW COMMENTS. SUBMITTAL TO TOWNSHIP.

COURTYARD LIGHTING PLAN

SPRING HOUSE ESTATES

LOWER GWYNEDD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA



SHEET 31 OF 34 Existing site conditions and dimensions shall be verified by Contractor and the Consultant notified of any discrepencies before proceeding with construction

General Landscape Specifications:

<u>CONTRACTOR QUALIFICATIONS/REFERENCES</u>: Submit proof of qualifications for review by the Landscape Architect at least two weeks before proceeding with the work. Include a reference list of at least three landscape installations using plant material similar to that of the current project in size, quantity, and magnitude of work. Include for each reference the dollar amount of the project, date of completion, and phone numbers of contacts at each location listed.

DEFINITIONS: The term "plant material" shall mean trees, shrubs, ground cover, and other growing plants and seeding to the extent of the Plant Schedule shown on the Drawings and Planting Details. Trees, shrubs, and other plant material shall be as specified.

PLANT MATERIAL: The Landscape Contractor shall furnish, deliver, and install plant material as specified. Install plant material in accordance with the drawings, details, and general comments.

INSPECTION OF PLANTING AREAS: Inspect planting areas before topsoiling, finish grading, or planting is begun to ensure that adequate drainage exists. If areas to be landscaped show evidence of poor drainage, the Landscape Contractor shall notify the Owner immediately for corrective action. Plant material that dies due to poor or inadequate drainage shall be the responsibility of the Landscape Contractor.

TOPSOIL: Sufficient quantity of topsoil for planting is not available on the site and is to be provided by the Landscape Contractor.

MAINTENANCE BEFORE GUARANTEE PERIOD: The Landscape Contractor shall maintain plantings prior to the beginning of the guarantee period and keep the complete and incomplete work in a clean and neat condition at all times. Maintenance responsibilities shall include but not be limited to watering, mulching, fertilizing, disease control, and weed control.

INSPECTION FOR START OF GUARANTEE: The Landscape Architect will inspect the work to determine its substantial completion for beginning the guarantee period. The Landscape Contractor shall request such inspection in writing at least ten (10) days prior to the anticipated date of completion. After inspection, the Landscape Contractor will be notified of the date when the work has been approved for beginning the Guarantee Period or, if there are any deficiencies, a list to be corrected prior to the beginning of the guarantee period.

<u>GUARANTEE:</u> Guarantee landscape work, plant material, and lawn for (18) calendar months from date of completion of installation and written acceptance by the Owner or Landscape Architect. The Landscape Contractor shall guarantee that plant material will be in a vigorous and thriving condition at the end of the Guarantee Period. Should plants appear to be in poor health, or lack normal growth, the Landscape Contractor shall remove the plants at once and install replacements in a timely manner as specified.

WITHIN THE GUARANTEE PERIOD: The Landscape Contractor shall notify the Owner in writing of any maintenance practices being followed or omitted which would be detrimental to the healthy, vigorous growing condition of plants.

<u>COMPLETION OF GUARANTEE:</u> The Landscape Contractor shall notify the Landscape Architect or Owner upon completion of the Guarantee Period and request a full inspection prior to acceptance of the work.

Planting Specifications:

PLANT MATERIAL SOURCES: Plant materials are to be selected at nurseries located within the same plant hardiness zone as the project site and within a one hundred (100) mile radius of the project site, unless otherwise approved by the Landscape Architect or Owner.

<u>PLANT SELECTION:</u> Notify the Landscape Architect to select and seal plant material at the nursery before delivery.

STAKEOUT OF PLANT LOCATIONS: Notify the Landscape Architect to review stakeout of plant material locations at the site before installation. Markers shall be wood stakes, minimum 2"x2"x4'.

BED PREPARATION: Supply and spread soil additives as above plus 3" depth of well-rotted compost over all bed areas, and rototill into the top 4" of topsoil before planting. Exception: Place Agriform tablets for bedded shrubs at time of planting.

SOIL ADDITIVES: For container-grown shrubs and B&B shrubs and trees, both evergreen and deciduous, apply soil additives in compliance with the manufacturer's recommended rates and procedures. Incorporate the following materials in the Backfill Mix:

Super absorbent copolymer and soil wetting agents, such as "Supersorb C" and "Aquagro 20S" as manufactured by Aquatrols, (800) 257-7797.

M-ROOTS, as manufactured by ROOTS, Inc., (800) 342-6173, or approved equal Mycorrhizae inoculant including both Endo- and Ecto-mycorrhizae species, and biostimulants. Agriform tablets 20-10-5 plus Minors, 21-gram size, as manufactured by Scotts-Sierra Horticultural Products Co. (937) 644-0011, or approved equal. Place in planting pit evenly spaced.

<u>ANTIDESICCANT</u>: When planting in late fall, apply anti-desiccant to broadleaf evergreen plant material before digging from the nursery field, at manufacturer's recommended application rates.

<u>PRE-EMERGENCE HERBICIDE</u>: Apply pre-emergence herbicide such as "Treflan" to planting beds according to manufacturer's recommendation before placing mulch. Include a second application of pre-emergence herbicide as a part of this work.

Sodding Specifications:

Sodding shall commence between August 15 and October 15, or between March 15 and May 15, as weather permits and/or as approved by the Landscape Architect.

FINISH GRADING: The Landscape Contractor shall fine grade lawn areas and remove debris and stones larger than 1" from the Site. Add topsoil to curbed areas as required to bring finish grade flush with top of curb and provide crown as indicated in planting details. Finish grading is to be inspected by the Landscape Architect prior to sod planting.

<u>SOIL AMENDMENTS</u>: Incorporate by discing within the top 1-2" of topsoil the following materials: 30 lbs. of dolomitic limestone, 20 lbs. of basic fertilizer (0-20-20) and 25 lbs. of 10-6-4, 50% organic nitrogen per 1,000 sq. ft.

<u>GRASS SPECIES</u>: Sod shall include a blend of the following: 80% Fylking Kentucky Bluegrass or other acceptable

Bluegrass cultivar 20% Pennlawn Creeping Red Fescue or other acceptable Red Fescue cultivar

INSTALLATION: Extra care shall be taken to eliminate air pockets and depressions by rolling or tamping base before sod installation. Sod must be delivered and installed within 36 hours of being cut. Sod shall be laid smoothly, edge to edge with staggered joints. Immediately after installation the sod shall be watered in to a depth of 4".

<u>SLOPES</u>: On slopes 3 to 1 or greater, fasten sod securely to the base by wooden pegs or an acceptable substitute.

8. <u>WATERING</u>: Water sod as required for four weeks (28 days) after all sod is installed. Replace sod showing signs of excessive drying.

<u>REPAIRS AND REPLACEMENTS</u>: Remove sod which has died immediately after any inspection. Repair joint separations, and replace dead or washed out sod, providing sod similar to the original installation. Install replacement sod during the following planting season. Repair turf bed, adding topsoil as necessary before laying replacement sod. Notify the Landscape Architect when sod replacements are complete.

9. MAINTENANCE BEFORE GUARANTEE PERIOD: Sod maintenance shall include, but not be limited to, watering of turf, mowing, cultivation, weeding, disease and pest control, replacement of dead or unacceptable materials, filling under settlement areas, resodding washouts, and any other procedure consistent with good horticultural practice necessary to insure normal, vigorous and healthy growth of work under this Contract.

10. ADDITIONAL SOD GUARANTEE: Guarantee of sod shall also include the repair of washouts and gullies using materials and procedures specified above.

Plant Quantity Specifications:

Quantities of plant materials and related materials shown on drawing schedules are for the convenience of the contractor and may indicate a quantity less than required to perform the installation. Where spacing of plant material is indicated, plant spacing shall govern over quantity indicated. Where a quantity of plant material is indicated on plans, this quantity shall be interpreted as a minimum calculated quantity. In no case shall a quantity of plant material be installed that is less than the quantity shown on the plant schedule. The contractor shall be responsible to determine the quantity of plant materials required and shall be required to install that quantity of material.

Topsoil Replacement

Prior to replacement of topsoil, subgrades are to be reviewed by the Landscape Architect. REFER TO SPECIFICATION BOOKLET FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. Topsoil to be a minimum depth of 6" in lawn areas.

Seeding Specifications:

<u>TIMING</u>: Seeding shall commence between August 15 and October 15, or between March 15 and May 15, as weather permits and/or as approved by the Landscape Architect.

FINISH GRADING: The Landscape Contractor shall fine grade lawn areas and remove debris and stones larger than 1" from the Site. Add topsoil to curbed areas as required to bring finish grade flush with top of curb and provide crown as indicated in planting details. Finish grading is to be inspected by the Landscape Architect prior to sod planting.

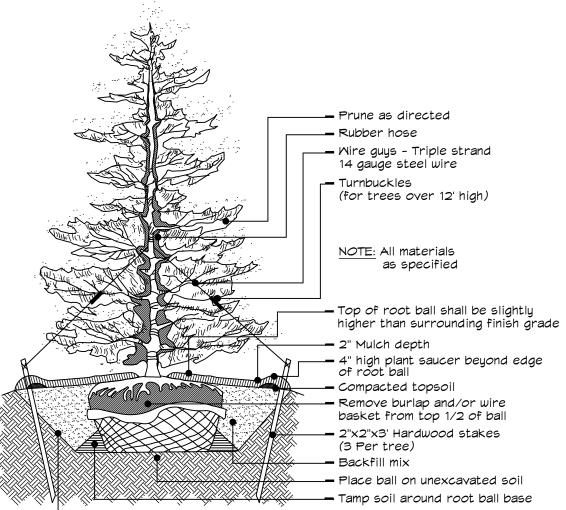
<u>SEED AREA LIMITS</u>: Areas disturbed by the Building Contractor and the removal and relocation of shrubs and trees shall be grubbed, soiled, regraded to match surrounding area, and seeded, fertilized, and mulched by the Landscape Contractor. Limits of lawn restoration shall be determined in the field based on a site inspection by the Owner and Landscape Contractor.

FERTILIZER: Fertilize with 30 lbs. of 10-6-4 per 1,000 sq. ft. MULCH: Mulch newly seeded areas with hay or straw at the rate of 40 lbs. per

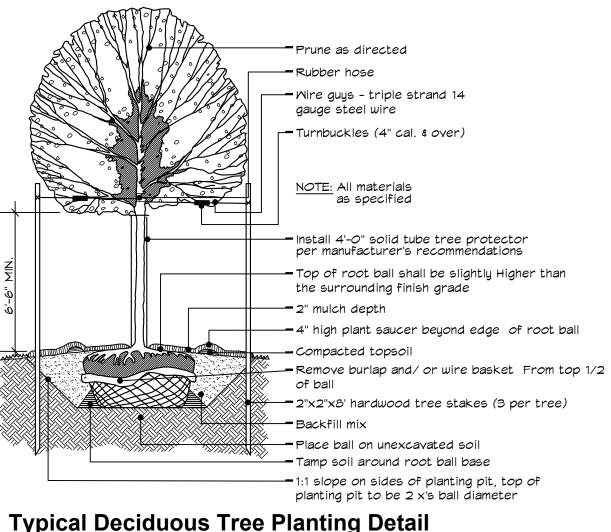
<u>SEED MIX</u>: Seed shall be a mixture of the following varieties: 60% Baron Kentucky Bluegrass 20% Jamestown II Chewings Fescue 20% Palmer II Perennial Ryegrass Sow the above mixture (available from Budd Seed, Inc. as "Tri-Plex General Seed Mix") at 4.5 lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft.

MAINTENANCE BEFORE GUARANTEE PERIOD: Lawn work shall be maintained by the Landscape Contractor until full germination is accomplished and the lawn has been cut twice. If required, the contractor shall reseed, resoil, refertilize, remulch, etc. until a satisfactory stand of grass is achieved.

EROSION CONTROL MATTING: Soil erosion shall be controlled by installing North American Green erosion control matting per manufacturers instructions on any slope greater than 4:1. Refer to manufacturer's specifications for the required staple pattern as dictated by slope gradient and soil conditions.



Typical Evergreen Tree Planting Detail Not to Scale



Not to Scale

1,000 sq. ft., or 1,750 lbs. per acre.

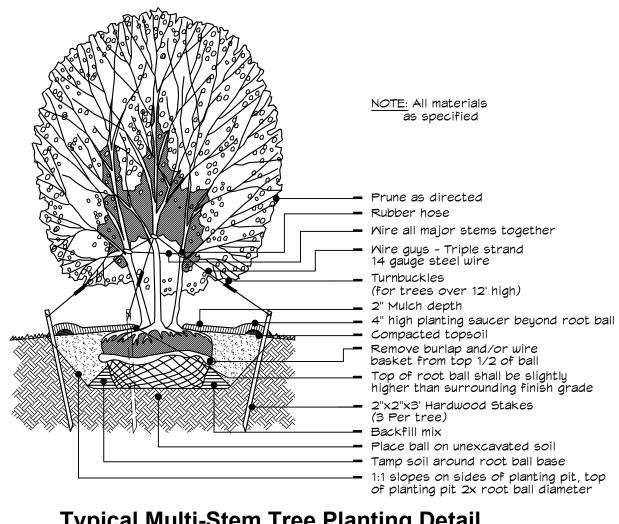
- Tamp soil around root ball base

1:1 slope on sides of planting pit, top of planting pit to be 2 x ball diameter

Dissif Calessini

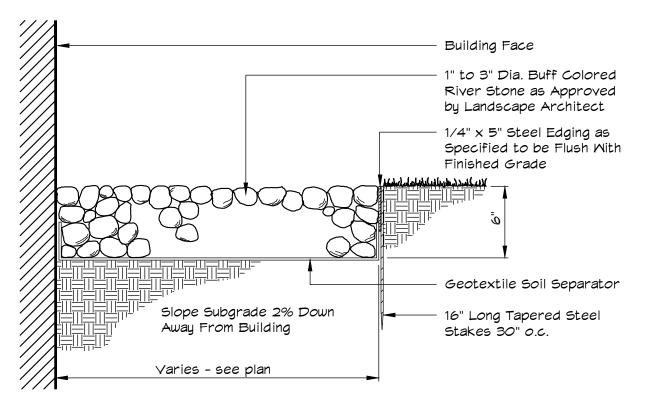
ymbol	Abrev.	Botanical Name	Common Name	L-1 Planting Requirements	L-1 Replacement Trees*	L-3 & L-4 Replacement Trees*	Total Quantity	Native	Height	Spread	Caliper	B&B	General Comments
	E QUANTIT quirements	Y = 84 = 10; Replacement Trees = 75)	100% Native Replacement Trees + 100%	6 Native Rec	quired Trees (N	1in. 75% Req	uired)						
ADE TRE	ES (Quantit	y = 40); Required = 10; Replacement Trees	= 20 @3"; 10 @4"										
	AR	ACER RUBRUM	RED MAPLE	5	0	6	11	YES	14-16'	7-9'	3 - 3 1/2"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 6'-8"
<u>。</u>	LT	LIRIODENDRON TULIPIFERA	TULIP TREE	0	0	З	З	YES	14-16'	7-9'	3 - 3 1/2"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 6'-8"
•	LTA	LIRIODENDRON TULIPIFERA 'ARNOLD'	ARNOLD COLUMNAR TULIP TREE	0	5	4	٩	YES	14-16'	4-6'	3 - 3 1/2"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 6'-8"
\bigcirc	NS	NYSSA SYLVATICA	BLACK GUM	0	2	0	2	YES	14-16'	7-9'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 6'-8"
	OV	OSTRYA VIRGINIANA	HOP-HORNBEAM	2	0	0	2	YES	14-16'	7-9'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, CLEAR TRUNK TO 3'-6"
	QA	QUERCUS ALBA	WHITE OAK	0	0	10	10	YES	16-18'	7-10'	4 - 4 1/2"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 6'-8"
\mathbb{D}	QP	QUERCUS PALUSTRIS	PIN OAK	з	0	0	З	YES	13-15'	6-8'	3 - 3 1/2"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 6'-8"
RGREE	N TREES (C	Quantity = 19); Replacement Trees = 19											
\circledast	JV	JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA	EASTERN RED-CEDAR	0	10	5	15	YES	8-10'	4-5'	3 - 3 1/2"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, BRANCHED TO GROUND.
\otimes	JVC	JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA 'CORCORCOR'	UPRIGHT EASTERN RED-CEDAR	0	2	0	2	YES	8-10'	3-4'	3 - 3 1/2"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, BRANCHED TO GROUND.
	PPF	PICEA PUNGENS 'FASTIGIATA'	COLUMNAR COLORADO SPRUCE	0	2	0	2	YES	5-6'	2-3'	2 - 2 1/2"	YES	MATCHED SPECIMENS, SINGLE LEADER, BRANCHED TO GROUND.
WERING	G TREES (Q	uantity = 25);	rees = 25										
\odot	AC	AMELANCHIER CANADENSIS	SHADBLOW SERVICEBERRY	0	1	4	5	YES	8-10'	5-6'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, MULTI-STEM, CLEAR TRUN TO 2'-6"
	BN	BETULA NIGRA	RIVER BIRCH	0	4	0	4	YES	8-10'	5-6'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, MULTI-STEM, CLEAR TRUN TO 2'-6"
$ \mathbf{\overline{)}} $	СС	CERCIS CANADENSIS	RED BUD	0	1	2	З	YES	8-10'	5-6'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 3'-4'
$\overline{\bullet}$	CCS	CERCIS CANADENSIS 'JN7'	SUMMER'S TOWER RED BUD	0	4	0	4	YES	8-10'	4-5'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 4'
Ð	CF	CORNUS FLORIDA	FLOWERING DOGWOOD	0	0	2	2	YES	8-10'	5-6'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 3'-4'
•	MV	MAGNOLIA VIRGINIANA	SWEETBAY MAGNOLIA	0	2	З	5	YES	8-10'	5-6'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, MULTI-STEM, CLEAR TRUN TO 2'-6"
Ð	MVM	MAGNOLIA VIRGINIANA 'MOONGLOW'	MOONGLOW SWEETBAY MAGNOLIA	0	З	0	з	YES	8-10'	5-6'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, MULTI-STEM, CLEAR TRUN TO 2'-6"
			TOTALS:	10	7	5	85				E SYMBOLS LANTING LOC		DED ON THE LANDSCAPE PLANS, REFER TO
ntities o ntity les ated.	ss than rec Where a c	aterials and related materials shown o quired to perform the installation. When	n drawing schedules are for the convenie re spacing of plant material is indicated, p n plans, this quantity shall be interpreted	olant spac	ing shall go	vern over o	quantity						

òymbol	Abrev.	Botanical Name	Common Name	L-1 Planting Requirements	L-1 Replacement Trees*	L-3 & L-4 Replacement Trees*	Total Quantity	Native	Height	Spread	Caliper	B&B	General Comments
	E QUANTIT quirements	Y = 84 s = 10; Replacement Trees = 75)	100% Native Replacement Trees + 100%	Native Rec	juired Trees (I	/lin. 75% Req	uired)						
ADE TRE	ES (Quantit	ty = 40); Required = 10; Replacement Trees	= 20 @3"; 10 @4"										
	AR	ACER RUBRUM	RED MAPLE	5	0	6	11	YES	14-16'	7-9'	3 - 3 1/2"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 6'-8"
0	LT	LIRIODENDRON TULIPIFERA	TULIP TREE	0	0	з	з	YES	14-16'	7-9'	3 - 3 1/2"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 6'-8"
•	LTA	LIRIODENDRON TULIPIFERA 'ARNOLD'	ARNOLD COLUMNAR TULIP TREE	0	5	4	٩	YES	14-16'	4-6'	3 - 3 1/2"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 6'-8"
\bigcirc	NS	NYSSA SYLVATICA	BLACK GUM	0	2	0	2	YES	14-16'	7-9'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 6'-8"
$\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{$	OV	OSTRYA VIRGINIANA	HOP-HORNBEAM	2	0	0	2	YES	14-16'	7-9'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, CLEAR TRUNK TO 3'-6"
	QA	QUERCUS ALBA	WHITE OAK	0	0	10	10	YES	16-18'	7-10'	4 - 4 1/2"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 6'-8"
\mathbb{D}	QP	QUERCUS PALUSTRIS	PIN OAK	З	0	0	З	YES	13-15'	6-8'	3 - 3 1/2"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 6'-8"
RGREE	N TREES (C	Quantity = 19);											
\mathbb{R}	JV	JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA	EASTERN RED-CEDAR	0	10	5	15	YES	8-10'	4-5'	3 - 3 1/2"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, BRANCHED TO GROUND.
\bigotimes	JVC	JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA 'CORCORCOR'	UPRIGHT EASTERN RED-CEDAR	0	2	0	2	YES	8-10'	3-4'	3 - 3 1/2"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, BRANCHED TO GROUND.
Ð	PPF	PICEA PUNGENS 'FASTIGIATA'	COLUMNAR COLORADO SPRUCE	0	2	0	2	YES	5-6'	2-3'	2 - 2 1/2"	YES	MATCHED SPECIMENS, SINGLE LEADER, BRANCHED TO GROUND.
WERING	TREES (Q	Quantity = 25);	rees = 25										
	AC	AMELANCHIER CANADENSIS	SHADBLOW SERVICEBERRY	0	1	4	5	YES	8-10'	5-6'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, MULTI-STEM, CLEAR TRUNK TO 2'-6"
	BN	BETULA NIGRA	RIVER BIRCH	0	4	0	4	YES	8-10'	5-6'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, MULTI-STEM, CLEAR TRUNK TO 2'-6"
•	СС	CERCIS CANADENSIS	RED BUD	0	1	2	з	YES	8-10'	5-6'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 3'-4'
	CCS	CERCIS CANADENSIS 'JN7'	SUMMER'S TOWER RED BUD	0	4	0	4	YES	8-10'	4-5'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 4'
Ð	CF	CORNUS FLORIDA	FLOWERING DOGWOOD	0	0	2	2	YES	8-10'	5-6'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, SINGLE LEADER, CLEAR TRUNK TO 3'-4'
•	MV	MAGNOLIA VIRGINIANA	SWEETBAY MAGNOLIA	0	2	з	5	YES	8-10'	5-6'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, MULTI-STEM, CLEAR TRUNK TO 2'-6"
Ð	MVM	MAGNOLIA VIRGINIANA 'MOONGLOW'	MOONGLOW SWEETBAY MAGNOLIA	0	З	0	з	YES	8-10'	5-6'	2 1/2 - 3"	YES	HEAVY SPECIMEN, MULTI-STEM, CLEAR TRUNK TO 2'-6"
			TOTALS:	10	-	15	85				E SYMBOLS LANTING LOC		DED ON THE LANDSCAPE PLANS, REFER TO
ntities ontity les cated.	s than reo Nhere a c	aterials and related materials shown o quired to perform the installation. When quantity of plant material is indicated or	n drawing schedules are for the convenie e spacing of plant material is indicated, p n plans, this quantity shall be interpreted a ss than the quantity shown on the plant so	lant spac as a minir	ing shall go num calcul	overn over o ated quanti	quantity ity. In no						



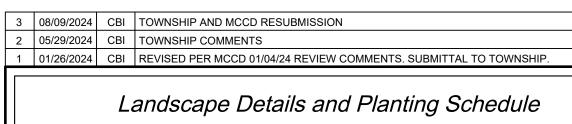
Typical Multi-Stem Tree Planting Detail

Not to Scale



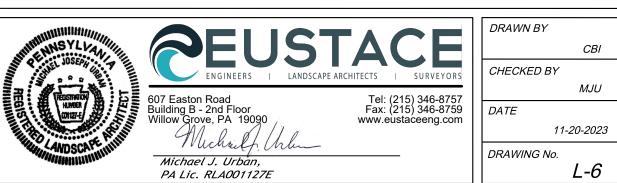
Typical Riverstone Edge Detail

Not to Scale



SPRING HOUSE ESTATES

LOWER GWYNEDD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA



SHEET 32 OF 34 Existing site conditions and dimensions shall be verified by Contractor and th onsultant notified of any discrepencies before proceeding with construc

Plotted: Dwg Nar XREFS: Sodding 2373\04A Spring H 1 detail xref [.\xref\ tails\Sodding Detail.c

WET MEADOW SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS

- 1. SEEDING AREAS DESIGNATED ON THE LANDSCAPE PLAN TO BE SEEDED WET MEADOW SHALL BE FINE GRADED, ADDING TOPSOIL PROVIDED ON SITE AS NECESSARY TO CREATE A SMOOTH SURFACE, MOWN, SLIT-SEEDED, RAKED OR ROLLED, AND MAINTAINED UNTIL ACCEPTED BY THE OWNER.
- 2. REMOVE LITTER, DEBRIS, AND ROCK GREATER THAN ONE INCH IN DIAMETER FROM THE AREAS TO BE MOWED IF IT IMPEDES MOWING OR CREATES A HAZARD. BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGES INCURRED TO EQUIPMENT AS A RESULT.
- 3. SEED: ALL PROPOSED SEEDING RATES ARE IN PURE LIVE SEED (PLS). SEED OF THE REQUIRED WILDFLOWER AND GRASS VARIETIES SHALL BE SUPPLIED IN SEALED CONTAINERS WITH SUPPLIER'S GUARANTEED ANALYSIS OF THE CONTENTS, INCLUDING WEIGHT, VARIETY, AND MINIMUM PLS. SEED AT RATE NOTED ON PLANT SCHEDULE.

SUPPLY THE FOLLOWING SEED MIXES PLUS 10 POUNDS PER ACRE OF COVER CROP SEED AS NOTED AT RIGHT..

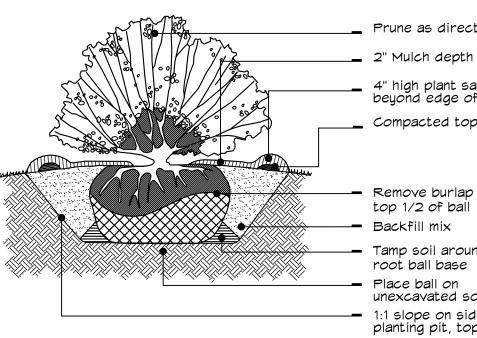
ERNMX - 181-2 - NATIVE STEEP SLOPE MIX

ERNMX - 126 - RETENTION BASIN FLOOR MIX

- 4. IF SEEDS ARE NOT PREMIXED TO THE REQUIRED FORMULA BY ONE SEED SUPPLIER, CAREFULLY WEIGH AND MIX BY AN APPROVED MECHANICAL METHOD, THE WILDFLOWER AND GRASS SEED IN THE AMOUNTS SHOWN IN THE SEED FORMULAS AT RIGHT.
- 5. SEEDING SHALL COMMENCE BETWEEN AUGUST 15 AND OCTOBER 15, OR BETWEEN MARCH 15 AND MAY 15, AS WEATHER PERMITS, AND/OR AS APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR THE OWNER. INCORPORATE BY DISCING, 30 LBS. OF DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE, 20 LBS. OF BASIC FERTILIZER (3-20-20) AND 25 LBS. OF 10-6-4, 50% ORGANIC NITROGEN PER 1,000 SQAURE FEET, ALL WITHIN THE TOP 1-2" OF THE TOPSOIL.
- 6. SEEDING: SOW MEADOW SEED MIXES AT THE SPECIFIED RATES. ADD EQUAL VOLUME OF SAND OR GENERIC KITTY LITTER FOR EVEN SPREADING. PLANT SEED USING THE OVER-SEEDING METHOD OF SLICING ROWS THROUGH THE EXISTING VEGETATION INTO THE SOIL, AND BROADCASTING THE WILDFLOWER SEED OVER THESE SLITS. DO NOT EXCEED 3 INCH SPACING BETWEEN SLIT SEEDING ROWS. LAWN ROLL OR RAKE AFTER SEEDING, BUT DO NOT COVER SEED WITH SOIL IN EXCESS OF THREE TIMES THE THICKNESS OF THE WILDFLOWER SEED.
- 7. DEVELOP SEEDED AREA TO EXHIBIT A CLOSE STAND OF ACCEPTED VEGETATION WITH NO BARE SOIL AREAS GREATER THAN FOUR INCHES IN DIAMETER. IF REQUIRED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL RESEED, RESOIL, ETC. AREAS WHICH FAIL TO SHOW A UNIFORM STAND OF SEED VEGETATION UNTIL A SATISFACTORY STAND OF MEADOW IS ACHIEVED.
- MAINTENANCE: SEEDED MEADOW AREAS SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE LANDSCAPE 8 CONTRACTOR UNTIL GERMINATION IS ACCOMPLISHED AND THE AREA IS ACCEPTED BY THE OWNER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN ALL SEEDED AREAS IN FIRST-CLASS CONDITION FROM THE BEGINNING OF LANDSCAPE CONSTRUCTION UNTIL THAT PHASE OF THE PROJECT HAS BEEN INSPECTED AND ACCEPTED BY THE OWNER. AFTER THAT ACCEPTANCE, THE OWNER SHALL MAINTAIN THE WORK.

MAINTENANCE SHALL INCLUDE, BUT NOT LIMITED TO WATERING OF SEEDED AREAS, MOWING, CULTIVATION, WEED CONTROL, DISEASE AND PEST CONTROL, REPLACEMENT OF DEAD OR UNACCEPTABLE MATERIALS, FILLING UNDER SETTLEMENT AREAS, RESEEDING WASHOUTS, AND ANY OTHER PROCEDURE CONSISTENT WITH GOOD HORTICULTURAL PRACTICE NECESSARY TO INSURE NORMAL, VIGOUROUS AND HEALTHY GROWTH OF WORK UNDER THIS CONTRACT.

- 9. MOW SEEDED MEADOW AREAS TO 6" HEIGHT IN EARLY JUNE, MID-JULY, AND MID-AUGUST DURING THE FIRST GROWING SEASON, TO DISCOURAGE GROWTH OF AGGRESSIVE WEED SPECIES AND BRING SUNLIGHT TO LOW-GROWING NATIVES.
- 10. THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL GUARANTEE THE SEEDED MEADOWS FOR TWELVE (12) MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF COMPLETION AND ACCEPTANCE BY THE OWNER.



- 4" high plant saucer beyond edge of root ball
- Compacted topsoil
- Remove burlap from top 1/2 of ball
- Backfill mix Tamp soil around root ball base
- Place ball on unexcavated soil
- 1:1 slope on sides of planting pit, top of

Typical Shrub Planting Detail Not to Scale

Prune as directed

planting pit 2x root ball

Native	Steep	Slope	Mix	w/	Grain	Rye -	ERNMX	181-2

Botanical Name 40.00 % Secale cereale, Variety Not Stated 20.80 % Sorghastrum nutans, PA Ecotype 11.20 % Andropogon gerardii, 'Niagara' 8.00 % Elymus canadensis 5.60 % Elymus virginicus, Madison-NY Ecotype 3.20 % Agrostis perennans, Albany Pine Bush-NY Ecotype 3.10 % Panicum virgatum, 'Shawnee' 2.40 % Panicum clandestinum, Tioga 1.20 % Echinacea purpurea 1.10 % Chamaecrista fasciculata, PA Ecotype 0.90 % Heliopsis helianthoides, PA Ecotype 0.80 % Coreopsis lanceolata 0.80 % Rudbeckia hirta 0.30 % Monarda fistulosa, Fort Indiantown Gap-PA Ecotype 0.20 % Asclepias syriaca, PA Ecotype 0.20 % Solidago rugosa, PA Ecotype 0.10 % Aster lateriflorus 0.10 % Aster pilosus, PA Ecotype

Common Name Rye, Variety Not Stated Indiangrass, PA Ecotype Big Bluestem, 'Niagara' Canada Wildrve Virginia Wildrye, Madison-NY Ecotype Autumn Bentgrass, Albany Pine Bush-NY Ecotype Switchgrass, 'Shawnee' Deertongue, Tioga Purple Coneflower Partridge Pea, PA Ecotype Oxeye Sunflower, PA Ecotype Lanceleaf Coreopsis Blackeyed Susan Wild Bergamot, Fort Indiantown Gap-PA Ecotype Common Milkweed, PA Ecotype Wrinkleleaf Goldenrod, PA Ecotype Calico Aster Heath Aster, PA Ecotype

100.00 %

Seeding Rate: 75 lb per acre

Erosion Control & Revegetation; Grasses & Grass-like Species - Herbaceous Perennial; Herbaceous Flowering Species - Herbaceous Perennial

Use this formula with grain rye as a cover crop (from August 1st-February 15th). Mix formulations are subject to change wthout notice depending on the availability of existing and new products. While the formula may change, the guiding philosophy and function of the mix will not.

Retention Basin Floor Mix - Low Maintenance - ERNMX-126

Common Name

Deertongue, Tioga

Alkaligrass, Fults

Fowl Bluegrass

Soft Rush

Fox Sedge, PA Ecotype

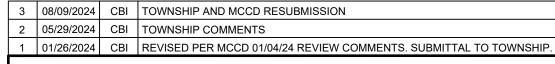
Virginia Wildrye, Madison-NY Ecotype

Creeping Bentgrass, 'Penncross'

Blunt Broom Sedge, PA Ecotype

- **Botanical Name**
- 20.00 % Panicum clandestinum, Tioga 20.00 % Puccinellia distans, Fults
- 18.00 % Elymus virginicus, Madison-NY Ecotype 15.00 % Agrostis stolonifera, 'Penncross'
- 15.00 % Poa palustris 10.00 % Carex vulpinoidea, PA Ecotype
- 1.00 % Carex scoparia, PA Ecotype 1.00 % Juncus effusus
- 100.00 %
- Seeding Rate: 20-40 lbs per acre, or 0.5-1 lb/1,000 sq ft with a cover crop. For a cover crop use one of the following: grain rye (1 Sep to 30 Apr; 30 lbs/acre), Japanese millet (1 May to 31 Aug; 10 lbs/acre), or barnyard grass (1 May to 31 Aug; 10 lbs/acre).
- Grasses & Grass-like Species Herbaceous Perennial; Stormwater Management

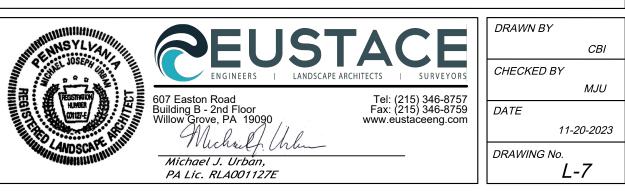
The hardy inexpensive grass and grass-like species are ideal for retention basins that may have high salt inflows and where mowing may be required. Mix formulations are subject to change without notice depending on the availability of existing and new products. While the formula may change, the guiding philosophy and function of the mix will not.

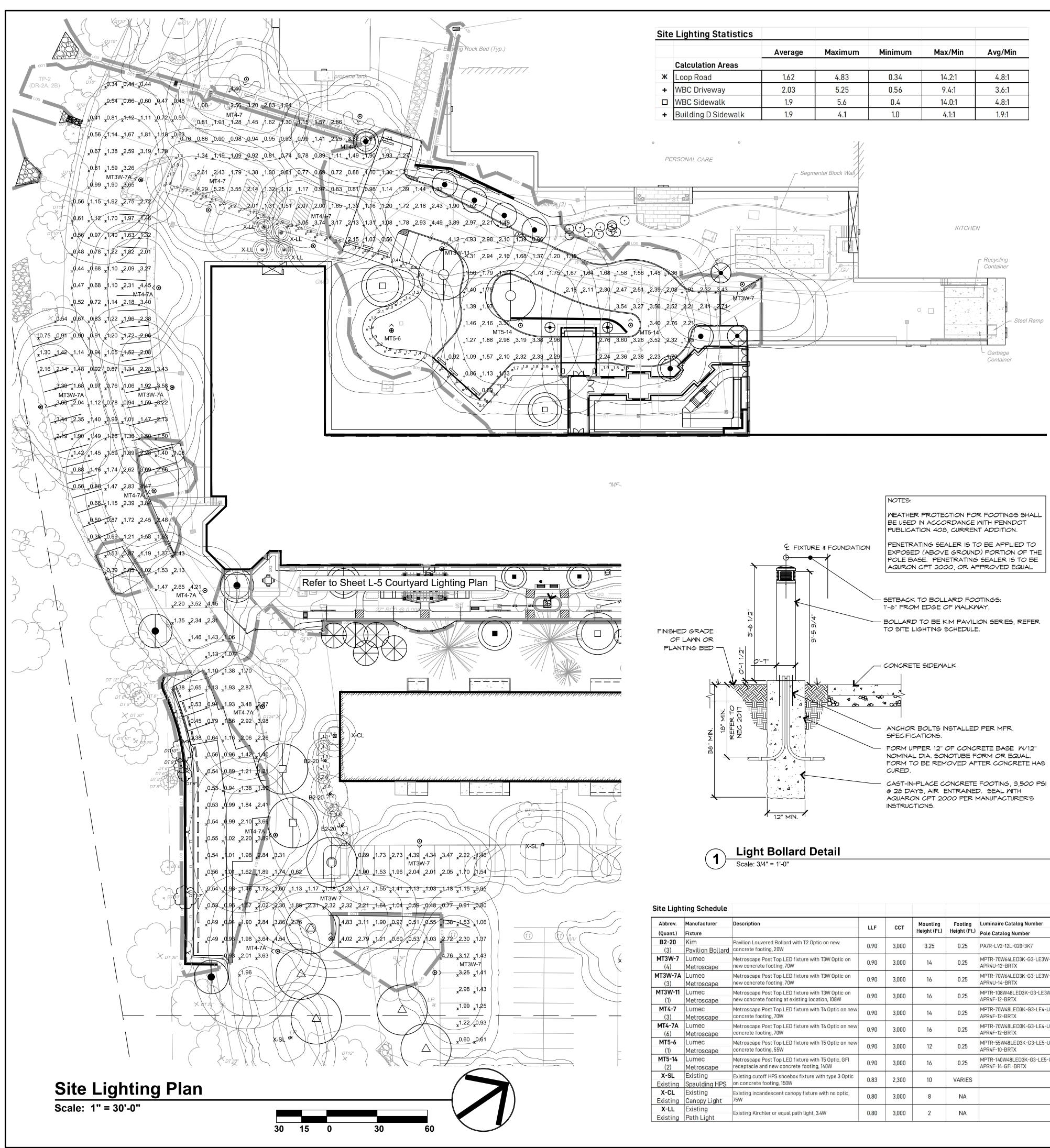


Landscape Details

SPRING HOUSE ESTATES

LOWER GWYNEDD TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA





Site	e Lighting Statistics					
		Average	Maximum	Minimum	Max/Min	Avg/Min
	Calculation Areas					
ж	Loop Road	1.62	4.83	0.34	14.2:1	4.8:1
+	WBC Driveway	2.03	5.25	0.56	9.4:1	3.6:1
	WBC Sidewalk	1.9	5.6	0.4	14.0:1	4.8:1
+	Building D Sidewalk	1.9	4.1	1.0	4.1:1	1.9:1

Site Light	ting Schedule							
Abbrev.	Manufacturer	Description	LLF	сст	Mounting	Footing	Luminaire Catalog Number	Special Notes
(Quant.)	Fixture			CUT	Height (Ft.)	Height (Ft.)	Pole Catalog Number	
B2-20 (3)	Kim Pavilion Bollard	Pavilion Louvered Bollard with T2 Optic on new concrete footing, 20W	0.90	3,000	3.25	0.25	PA7R-LV2-12L-020-3K7	Test File PA7R-LV2-12L-020-3K7.IES at 812 Lumens
MT3W-7 (4)	Lumec Metroscape	Metroscape Post Top LED fixture with T3W Optic on new concrete footing, 70W	0.90	3,000	14	0.25	MPTR-70W64LED3K-G3-LE3W-UNV-SP2-BRTX APR4U-12-BRTX	Test File MPTR-70W64LED3K-G3-LE3W- UNV.IES at 7,880 Lumens
MT3W-7A (3)	Lumec Metroscape	Metroscape Post Top LED fixture with T3W Optic on new concrete footing, 70W	0.90	3,000	16	0.25	MPTR-70W64LED3K-G3-LE3W-UNV-SP2-BRTX APR4U-14-BRTX	Test File MPTR-70W64LED3K-G3-LE3W- UNV.IES at 7,880 Lumens
MT3W-11 (1)	Lumec Metroscape	Metroscape Post Top LED fixture with T3W Optic on new concrete footing at existing location, 108W	0.90	3,000	16	0.25	MPTR-108W48LED3K-G3-LE3W-UNV-SP2-BRTX APR4F-12-BRTX	Test File MPTR-108W48LED3K-G3-LE3W- UNV.IES at 10,665 Lumens
MT4-7 (3)	Lumec Metroscape	Metroscape Post Top LED fixture with T4 Optic on new concrete footing, 70W	0.90	3,000	14	0.25	MPTR-70W48LED3K-G3-LE4-UNV-SP2-BRTX APR4F-12-BRTX	Test File MPTR-70W48LED3K-G3-LE4-UN at 7,733 Lumens
MT4-7A (6)	Lumec Metroscape	Metroscape Post Top LED fixture with T4 Optic on new concrete footing, 70W	0.90	3,000	16	0.25	MPTR-70W48LED3K-G3-LE4-UNV-SP2-BRTX APR4F-12-BRTX	Test File MPTR-70W48LED3K-G3-LE4-UN at 7,733 Lumens
MT5-6 (1)	Lumec Metroscape	Metroscape Post Top LED fixture with T5 Optic on new concrete footing, 55W	0.90	3,000	12	0.25	MPTR-55W48LED3K-G3-LE5-UNV-SP2-BRTX APR4F-10-BRTX	Test File MPTR-55W48LED3K-G3-LE5-UN at 5,979 Lumens
MT5-14 (2)	Lumec Metroscape	Metroscape Post Top LED fixture with T5 Optic, GFI receptacle and new concrete footing, 140W	0.90	3,000	16	0.25	MPTR-140W48LED3K-G3-LE5-UNV-SP2-BRTX APR4F-14-GFI-BRTX	Test File MPTR-140W48LED3K-G3-LE5-UN at 14,916 Lumens
X-SL Existing	Existing Spaulding HPS	Existing cutoff HPS shoebox fixture with type 3 Optic on concrete footing, 150W	0.83	2,300	10	VARIES		Test File RCS-X-S15-H3.IES at 15,800 Lum
X-CL Existing	Existing Canopy Light	Existing incandescent canopy fixture with no optic, 75W	0.80	3,000	8	NA		Test File Cree A19-75W-P1-27K-E26-U1.IES 1,179 Lumens
X-LL Existing	Existing Path Light	Existing Kirchler or equal path light, 3.4W	0.80	3,000	2	NA		Test File Volt GU4-35-27.IES at 183 Lumen

